1963/145

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT BUREAU OF MINERAL RESOURCES GEOLOGY AND GEOPHYSICS

RECORDS

1963/145

SUMMARY OF GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL INVESTIGATIONS, 1963 - HUNDRED OF GOYDER, NORTHERN TERRITORY.

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800 ft to 1 inch

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Note: Information shown on Plates 3,4,8,13 and 14 has been obtained from Preliminary Plans produced by the Geophysical Branch and Territory Enterprise Proprietary.

SUMMARY OF GEOLOGICAL AND GEOCHEMICAL INVESTIGATIONS, 1963 - HUNDRED OF GOYDER, NORTHERN TERRITORY

Introduction

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The Bureau programme in the Hundred of Goyder during 1963 continued the geological, geochemical and geophysical survey commenced in 1961 and extended in 1962. Progress to 19th October is shown on Plate 1.

Farly delays to the auger drilling/geochemical programme were encountered when the drilling contractor, Geotechnical and Engineering Services Ltd could not attain a satisfactory drilling rate. The Bureau's own rig was brought in and partly compensated for the delays, and eventually new contractors were engaged on 24th August. Progress since then has been satisfactory.

Of the different grids to be auger drilled, Mt. Fitch and Dolcrite Ridge - Area 55 - Browns West have been completed and Area 44 commenced. Follow up drilling at closer hole spacing was also completed on the 1962 Area 55 grid to better outline the copper indications at Anomaly A. The Mt. Fitch grid was extended north and south as shown on Plate 1 and will link up with Dolcrite Ridge this year. This extension was possible because extra footage was available within the contract due to shallower ground than was anticipated; and also because of the footage drilled by the Bureau rig. It was undertaken in order to close off the geochemical anomaly at Mt. Fitch.

Detailed geological mapping has proceeded with the drilling.

Diamond drilling is completed at Area 55 and in progress at Mt. Fitch.

Details of results achieved to the middle of October are summarized below.

Area 55 - Browns West - Dolerite Ridge (Plates 3, 4, 5 & 6)

At Area 55 the additional auger drilling (23,313 feet completed to 19th October) diminished the size of the copper indication at Anomaly A.

Although sufficient footage for up to three diamond drill holes was allowed to test these anomalies, in the event only one was warranted. This hole was completed at 304 feet and intersected minor copper and lead mineralization.

Auger drilling at Browns West/Dolerite Ridge did not disclose any new anomalies.

Browns Copper Deposit

By arrangement with Australian Mining and Smelting Pty Ltd, the Bureau rig was used to drill a series of deep auger holes across Browns copper anomaly for an orientation survey.

This provided useful data for the study of the Mt. Fitch area, particularly in regard to copper/nickel/cobalt ratios.

Mt. Fitch (Plates 7 - 14 inclusive)

Auger drilling (15897 feet completed to 19th October) has confirmed the copper geochemical anomaly obtained by surface sampling in 1958 and outlined it in more detail. A close correlation has been established between anomalous copper nickel and cobalt ratios with those obtained from the orientation study at Browns. A broad radiometric anomaly coinciding with the geochemical anomaly at Mt. Fitch has also been outlined.

Copper analyses in weathered rock range up to 10,000 parts per million, nickel up to 2000 ppm. and cobalt up to 1500 ppm. Copper mineralization is visible on the surface as malachite in a calcarcous shale lens. jasper boulders, and dolomite; and as chalcopyrite/pyrite in dolomite.

The anomaly is located in Coomalie Dolomite close to its contact with underlying Crater Bods and has the characteristic pattern of a "loakage anomaly", suggesting that the source may be at depth.

Lenticular outcrops of ferruginous material previously thought to be laterite are most probably gossans. They are closely associated with the anomalies and appear to represent a pyritic horizon in the delomites. Rare boxworks, possibly ex chalcopyrite/pyrite, occur in places.

Diamond drilling is in progress to test the anomaly. Plate 7 shows the sites of three drill holes. DG 22 is now completed and intersected some sulphides (pyrite, chalcopyrite in dolomite) from 68 feet to 72 feet 2 ins. and 109 feet 3 ins. to 112 feet 10 ins. Two diamond drills are eperating in the area and a third is being set up in an attempt to complete the Bureau programme in this area before the wet season commences.

This occurrence of chalcopyrite in the Coemalie Dolomite focusses attention on a formation as yet largely unprespected in the Hundred of Goyder.

It is intended to continue auger drilling to close-off the anomaly to the north.

Depending on results achieved by the remainder of the auger sampling and diamond drilling, further work may be necessary at Mt. Fitch in 1964.

Arca 44 (Plate 1)

Auger drilling is in progress.

Goological Mapping

Compilation of geological and geochemical maps at uniform scale of 400 feet to 1 inch continued.

The geology is being mapped in detail in areas being auger drilled and the so called Rum Jungle Granite complex mapped at photo-scale in an attempt to outline the Archaean inlier and study the different granites and their relationships to Archaean and Proterozoic rocks (see Plate 17).

Nine reck types have been distinguished and mapped. In order of decreasing age these are -

Schists and gneisses; granite gneiss; diorite; coarse granite; feldspathic granite; leucocratic granite; pogmatite; quartz-tourmaline veins and delerite dykes.

Only the quartz-tourmaline veins and delerite dykes are clearly younger than the sediments of the Pine Creek Geosyncline.

The Run Jungle Complex is partly an inlier of matamorphic and granite rocks which form the basement, upon which the surrounding rocks of the Pine Creek Geosyncline have been deposited. The oldest rocks within the complex are the schists and gneisses which are sparsely outcropping and occur as inclusions within the later rock types.

Phosphate (Plates 15 and 16)

The 1963 phosphate programme included air blast/rotary percussion drilling (8588 feet to 19th October) and diamond drilling (914 feet to 19th October).

The rate of progress of drilling has been slow due largely to the hardness of the ground and the slow rate of penetration of the down-the-hole hammer drill. Rotary bits were ineffective in the abrasive ground.

Results to date show that Geolsec and Easticks may aggregate about 2,000,000 tons of phosphate rock with minor additions from other deposits in the area.

It appears that the Rum Jungle area phosphate deposits are not likely to be large. The programme will be completed this year.

Several hundredweight of ground phosphate rock was shipped to the C.S.I.R.O. Research Station at Katherine.

1964 Programme.

The proposed 1964 programme of the Geological Branch is as follows:-

- 1. Assessment and analysis of data collected to date and continuation of compilation of goological maps at a scale of 400 feet to 1 inch in co-operation with T.E.P. geologists. Transparent overlays for geological and geochemical maps will be prepared and petrological studies carried 1 Whin
- Continuation of augor drilling and geochemical sampling in Golden Dyke Formation and Coomalie Dolomite on the eastern margin of the Rum Jungle Granite.

Traverse Interval 2500 foot 200 feet Hole Spacing Estimated total footage 30,000 feet Estimated cost £10,500.

Follow-up of anomalies found during 1963. 3. Tentative.

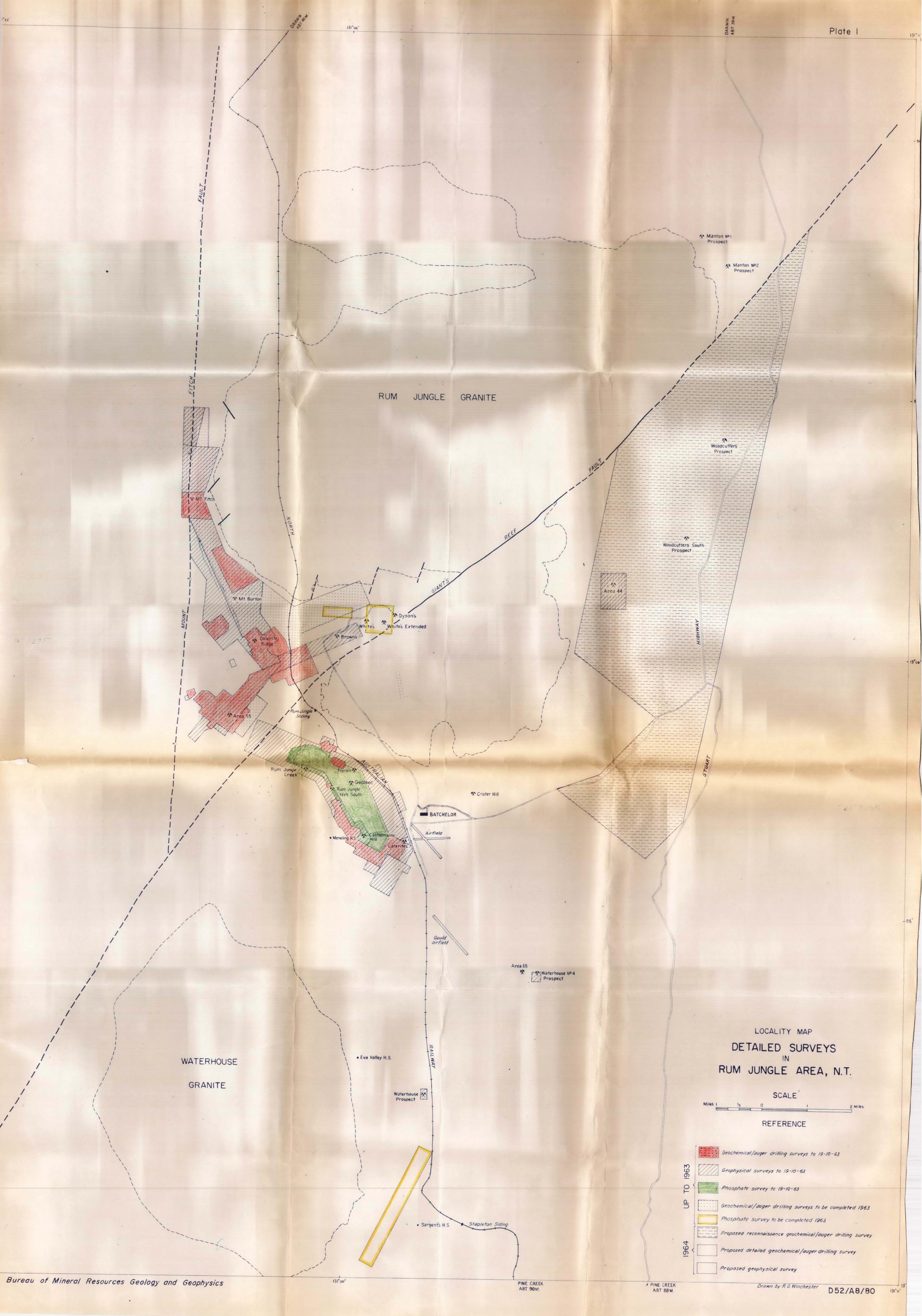
4. Other work suggested and requiring discussion as to responsibility

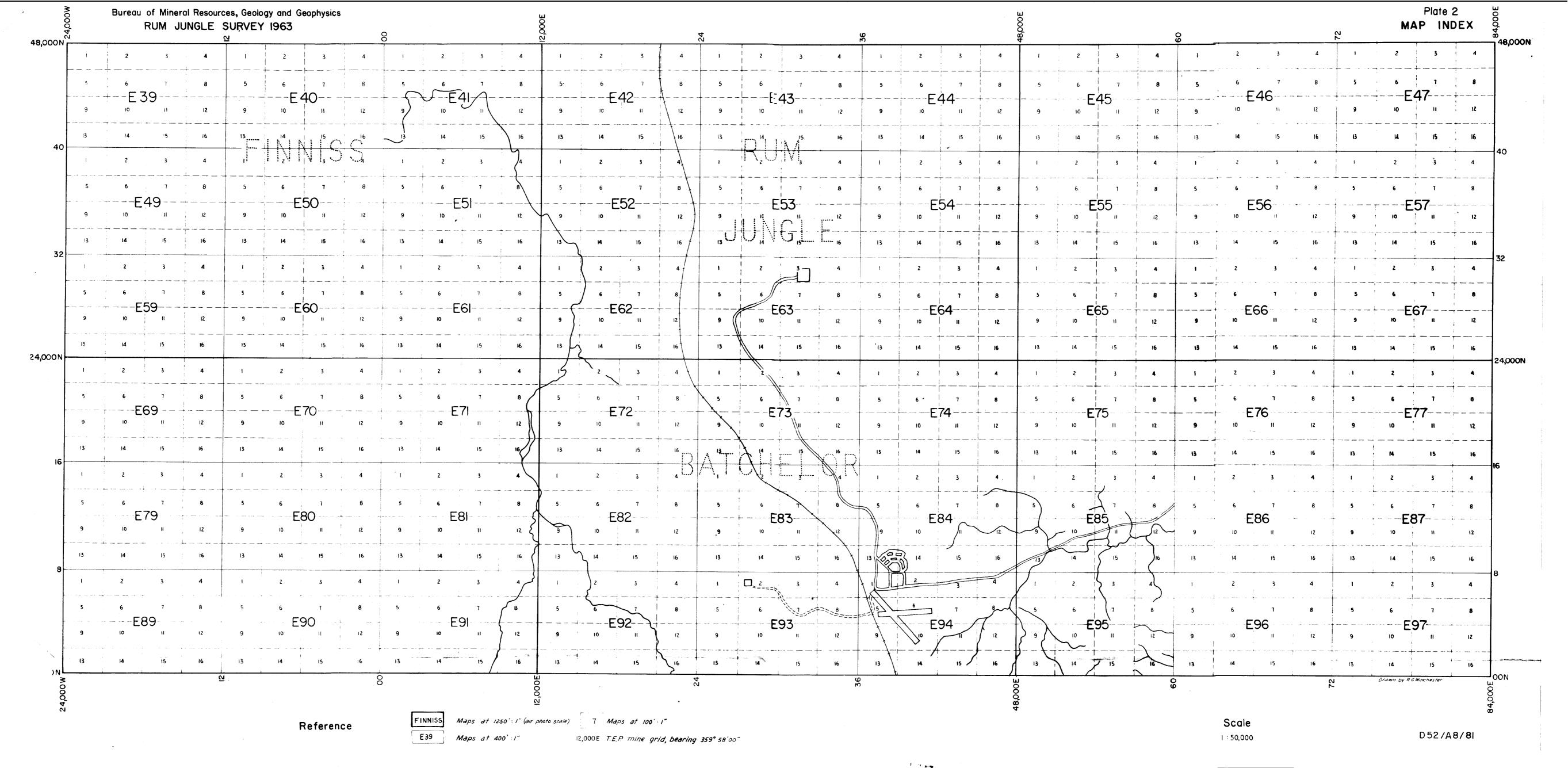
With Augar sampling Embayment area. Mt. Fitch fault line south to Area 55.

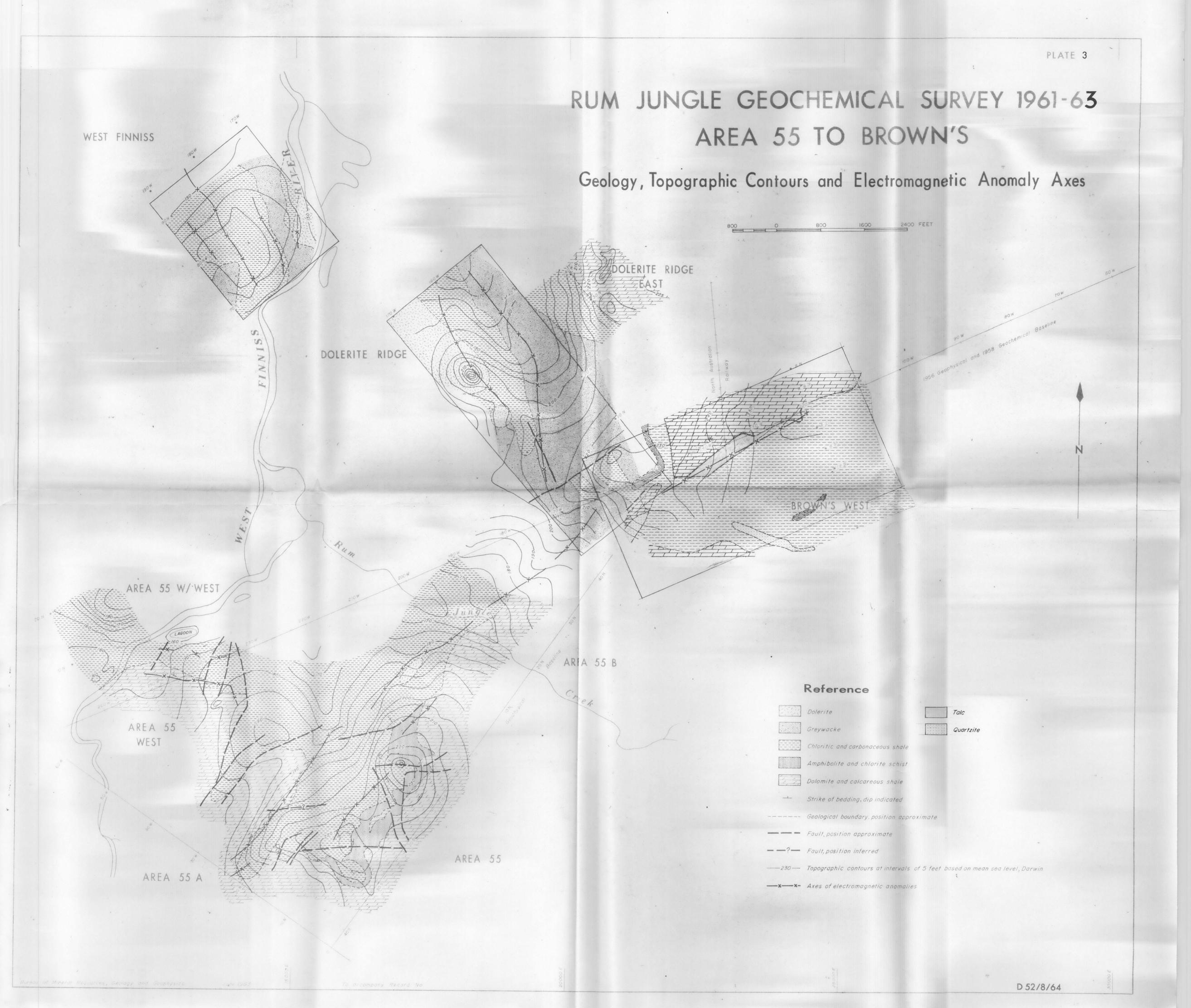
10,000ii) Possible further diamond drilling at Mt. Fitch.

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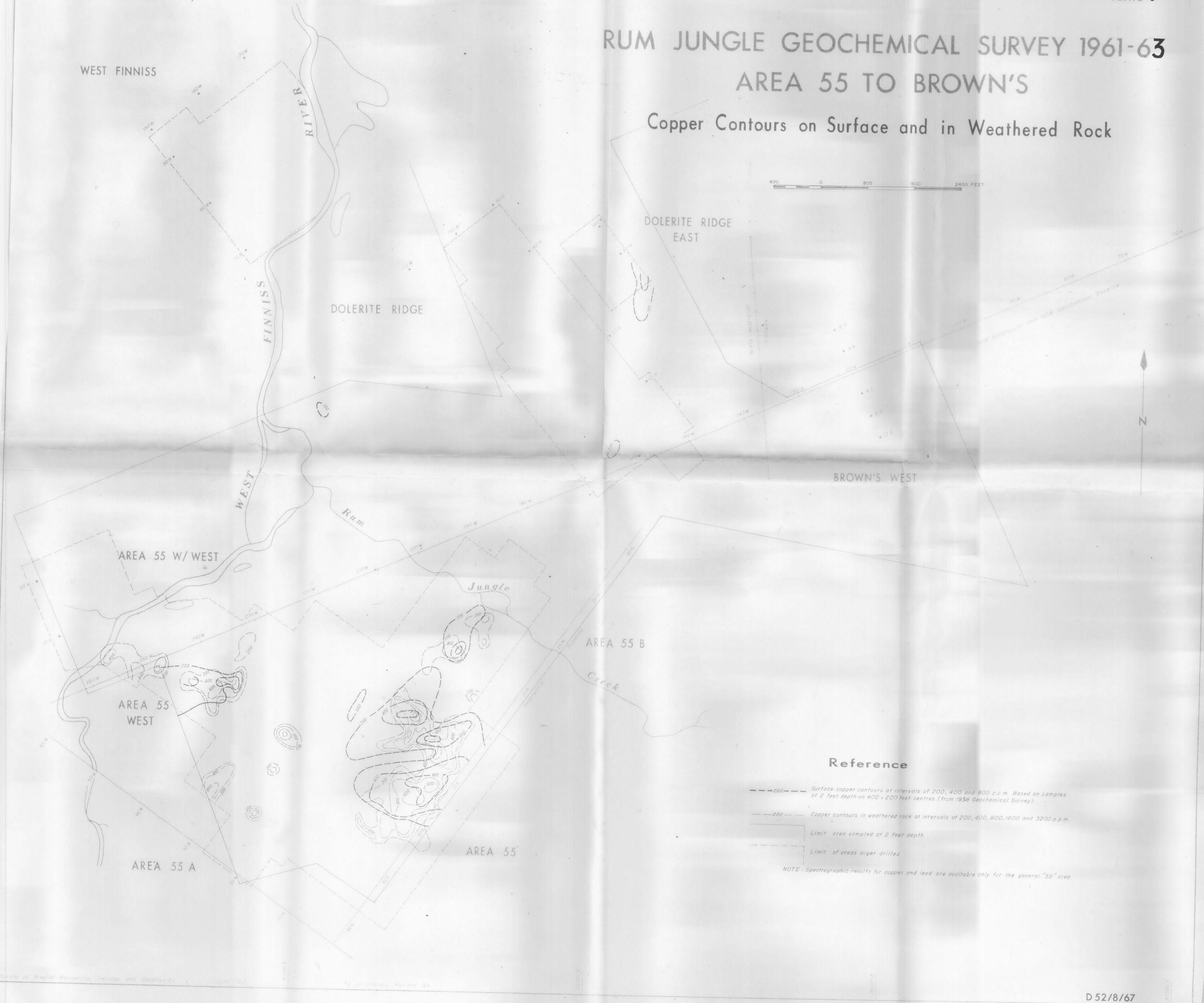






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RUM JUNGLE GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY 1961-63 AREA 55 TO BROWN'S WEST FINNISS Radiometric Contours on Surface and in Weathered Rock DOLERITE RIDGE REA 55 W/ WEST AREA 55 B Reference Surface radiometric contours at intervals of .025 and .050 mR/hr. WEST Radiometric contours in weathered rock at intervals of 024, 048, 096 and 192 mR/hr. Limit of geophysical surveys Limit of areas' auger drilled AREA 55 -







RUM JUNGLE SURVEY 1963

REFERENCE

Isochemical contours extrapolated at 100 and 500 p.p.m., based on bottom of auger hole samples in weathered rock.

B.M.R. auger drill hole

MAJOR GRID: T.E.P. mine grid, bearing 359*58'00" MINOR GRID: B.M.R. geophysical grid 1963 SCALE

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