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Record 1978/114



OPERATIONAL REPORT ON BROKEN HILL DETAILED AIRBORNE MAGNETIC AND GAMMA-RAY SPECTROMETER SURVEY, 1975

by

B.W. Wyatt

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OPERATIONAL REPORT ON BROKEN HILL DETAILED AIRBORNE MAGNETIC AND GAMMA-RAY SPECTROMETER SURVEY, 1975

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ABSTRACT

In 1975, to obtain data to assist geological mapping by the Geological Survey of New South Wales and mineral exploration by mining companies, the Bureau of Mineral Resources flew a detailed airborne magnetic and radiometric survey of most of the area of Willyama Complex outcrop in the Broken Hill 1:250 000 Sheet area. This report describes the acquisition, processing, and presentation of the data, and figures the total magnetic intensity and radiometric contours and profiles now available.

INTRODUCTION

During 1975 BMR flew two airborne geophysical surveys in the Broken Hill area, NSW. The purpose of the surveys was to obtain magnetic and gamma-ray spectrometer data to assist geological mapping by the Geological Survey of NSW and mineral exploration carried out by mining companies in the Broken Hill area.

From 26 June to 29 July, a regional survey was made over the Broken Hill 1:250 000 Sheet area with 1.5 km line spacing and ground clearance 100 m (Wyatt, 1978). Following this from 31 July to 29 August a detailed survey was flown, which covered most of the area of Willyama Complex outcrop on the Broken Hill sheet (Plate 1). This report deals with the detailed survey which was flown along east-west lines 300 m apart at 100 m ground clearance. The Twin Otter aircraft VH-BMG fitted with fluxgate magnetometer, four channel gamma-ray spectrometer, radio altimeter, doppler navigation system, computer and digital recording system and strip camera was used for this work.

Table 1 lists the preliminary maps released at scales of 1:250 000 to 1:100 000 which are available from Copy Service, Australian Government Printer (Production), Wentworth Avenue, Kingston, ACT(P.O. Box 84, Canberra 2600), Phone 952111 Extension 235.

OR

NSW Department of Mines, 8-18 Bent Street, Sydney (Postal address State Office Block, Sydney 2000). Plates 2 to 11 illustrate a representative sample of these data at a reduced scale.

All data, in corrected and edited form used to produce the maps referred to above, recorded on magnetic tape are available for purchase from BMR.

TABLE 1

Maps available from Australian Government Printer (Production) or NSW Department of Mines

		Title				Scale	Reference
Fligh	t-line sys	tem			1:	100 000	H54/B1-71
Radio-	-altimeter	r profiles			1:25000 N-S	1:100 000 E-W	72
Total	count pro	ofiles			**	**	73
Potas	sium profi	les			11	11	74
Thori	um profile	es			***	***	75
Urani	um profile	es			11	**	76
Total	Magnetic	Intensity	profiles		11	**	77
Total	Magnetic	Intensity	contours	(1)	1:	25 000	78
11	**	11	11	(2)			79
11	11	11	**	(3)		11	80
11	"	11	**	(4)		TT .	81
11	11	11	**	(5)		11	82
11	**	11	11	(6)		11	83
11	11	11	11	(7)		11	84
11	11	11	11	(8)		tt ·	85
11	11	11	11	(9)		tf	86
11	11	***	11	(10)		11	87
11	***	u	•	(11)	1:	100 000	88
U/Th	ratio pro:	files			1:25 000 N-	S 1:100 000 E-W	89
Total	count con	ntours			1:	100 000	92

DATA ACQUISITION

Aircraft: Twin Otter VH-BMG

Ground speed: 55 m/sec

Altitude: 100 m above ground level

Line spacing: 300 m

Line orientation: East-west

Tie system: 5 north-south double tie pairs

Doppler: Marconi AD-560 system

Camera:

BMR 35 mmstrip camera

Altimeter:

Collins ALT 50

Spectrometer:

Hamner-Harshaw modules 3700 cc NaI detecter

involving 2 crystals each 15.24 cm diameter,

10.16 cm thick

Gamma spectrometry:

Channel

Energy range

"Total count"

0.84 - 3.0 MeV

"Potassium"

1.3 - 1.6 MeV

"Uranium"

1.6 - 1.9 MeV

"Thorium"

2.4 - 2.8 MeV

Timer:

BMR NZA1

Magnetometers:

BMR Fluxgate MFS-7 (airborne)

BMR Proton MNS-2 (ground station)

Acquisition system:

Hewlett Packard 2114B Computer

Kennedy MT Recorder

NCR Thermal printer and keyboard

Sampling period:

Magnetic field 0.2 second

Altimeter

1.0 second

Spectrometer

1.0 second

Doppler

10 seconds

Chart recorders:

Geometrics MARS-6

H.P. Moseley 2100B

Staff

B.W. Wyatt

Party Leader

G. Green

Technical Officer (part survey only)

K.A. Mort

Technical Officer

C. Kieltyka

' Assistant (part survey only)

("

L. Miller

11

F/O A. Cantrill

Pilot (TAA)

F/O D. Jenner

Pilot (TAA)

DATA PROCESSING AND PRESENTATION

All digital data tapes were merged and processed in Canberra using BMR's Hewlett Packard 2100 and CSIRO's CDC CYBER 76 computers. All profiles, flight path maps and contour maps were drawn using BMR's Calcomp drum and flatbed plotters.

)

The digital data are available as five magnetic tape files containing:

- 1. Unedited field tapes
- 2. Edited unprocessed data.
- 3. Position and processed magnetic data.
- 4. Position and processed radiometric data.
- 5. Position and radiometric ratios.

Flight Path Recovery

Four control points on each flight line were plotted on airphotos, transferred to 1:25 000 scale planimetric maps, digitised and then used to position absolutely the doppler coordinates recorded digitally during flight.

Flight line plots were produced at scales of 1:100 000 (Plate 2) for use with all stacked profiles, and at 1:50 000 for superposition with magnetic contours issued at that scale.

The baseline for each profile in plates 5 to 11 is the straight line being the best least squares fit to the actual flight path.

Magnetic Data

Total magnetic intensity was recorded every 0.2 seconds, but all the processing used one-second averages of this. The 0.2-second data have been archived in an unedited form.

The edited magnetic data were levelled to the Broken Hill regional survey using the five common double tie pairs. No subtraction of recorded diurnal changes was attempted. Drift, as approximated by third order polynomials, was removed from each flight.

The regional gradient was removed using the IGRF model for 1965.0 at 300 m above sea level and a constant of 5000 nT was added for presentation purposes.

Discrete data values were used at intervals of 3 seconds along flight lines to interpolate grid values spaced 60 m in the east-west direction and 50 m in the north-south direction from which the magnetic field was contoured. Preliminary total magnetic intensity contours have been produced as ten sheets at 1:25 000 scale and as a composite at 1:100 000 scale (Plate 3). Final contours are to be published at 1:50 000 scale with superimposed flight path and topographic information at a future date.

The magnetic field using 1-second values has also been displayed as a set of stacked profiles (plate 5) expanded four times in the north-south direction for clarity.

Gamma-ray Spectrometer Data

Background variation was assumed to be linear throughout the flight and was subtracted using measurements made at 660 m above ground level at the start and end of each flight.

The data set was normalized to 100 m above ground level using the formula

$$C_{100} = C_h \exp - \mu (100-h)$$

where C_{100} , C_h are the count rates at heights of 100 and h metres respectively and μ is the attenuation coefficient. μ = 0.00656, 0.00755, 0.00557, 0.00557 for Total count, Potassium, Uranium and Thorium respectively.

Compton scattering corrections were applied using the formulae

U stripped = U - α . Th

K stripped = K - β . Th - δ U stripped

where $\alpha = 0.7$, $\beta = 0.75$, $\delta = 1.1$

The values of α , β and δ have not been properly established and may be in error.

The four spectrometer channels were filtered using a low pass filter with the following coefficients:

0.03512, 0.1236, 0.2148, 0.2531, 0.2148, 0.1236, 0.03512

Ratios of the corrected and filtered data were taken as follows: U/Th, U/K, Th/K, U.U/Th, U.Total/Th with an additional low pass filter applied to the

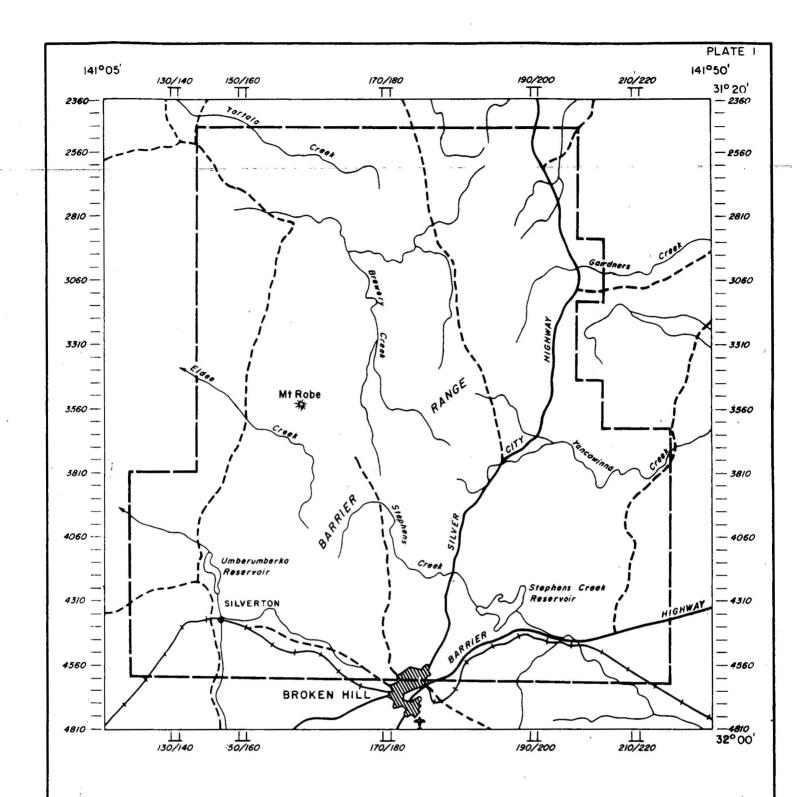
U/Th, U/K, Th/K data.

Discrete data values were used at intervals of 5 seconds along flight lines to interpolate grid values spaced 100 m in the east-west direction and 85 m in the north-south direction from which the total count data have been contoured (Plate 4). The discontinuity between adjacent lines 3015 and 3020 at latitude 31°31'S may be due to markedly different ground clearances on these two lines.

Total count, Potassium, Uranium, Thorium, U/Th Ratio, and Altimeter channels have been presented as stacked profiles expanded four times in the north-south direction (Plates 6 to 11).

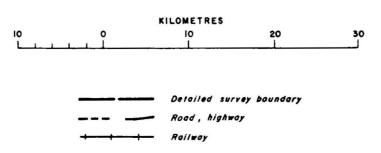
REFERENCE

WYATT, B.W., 1978 - Operational Report on Broken Hill Regional Airborne Magnetic and Gamma-Ray Spectrometer Survey, 1975. <u>Bureau of Mineral Resources</u>, Australia, Record 1978/116 (unpublished).



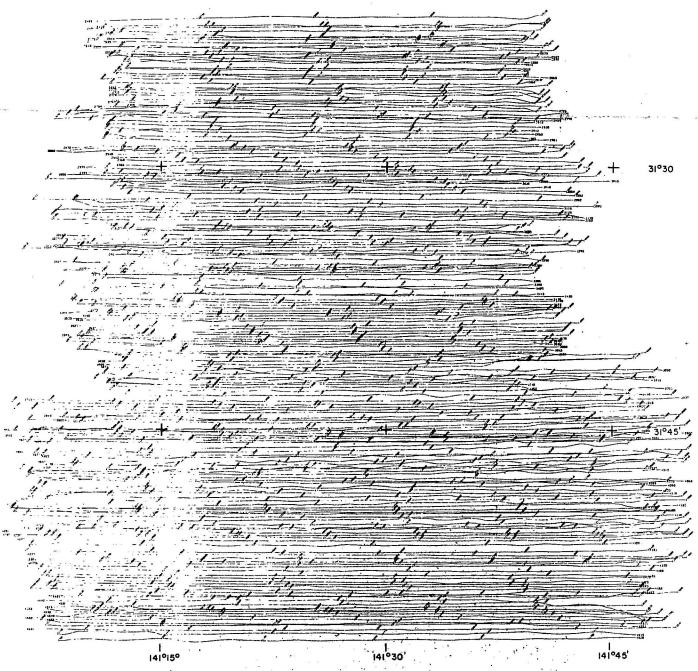
DETAILED AIRBORNE SURVEY, BROKEN HILL, NSW 1975

FLIGHT-LINE SYSTEM



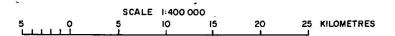
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AIRBORNE SURVEY, BROKEN HILL (DETAIL), NSW 1975

FLIGHT-LINE SYSTEM

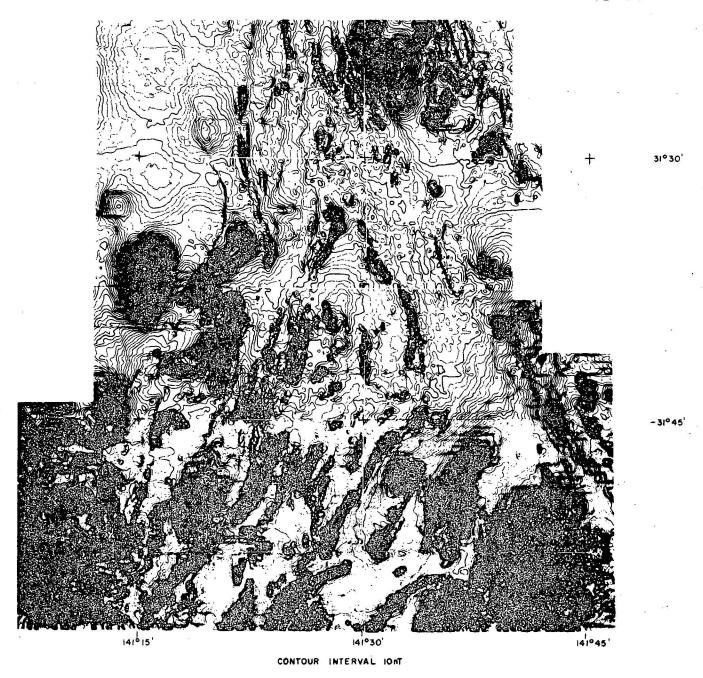


LOCATION DIAGRAM



REFERENCE TO 1:250 000 MAP SERIES

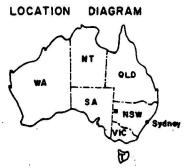
FROME	COBHAM	WHITE CLIFFS .	
CURNAMONA	BROKEN HILL	WILCANNIA	
OLARY	MENINDEE	MANARA	



AIRBORNE SURVEY, BROKEN HILL (DETAIL), NSW 1975

TOTAL MAGNETIC INTENSITY

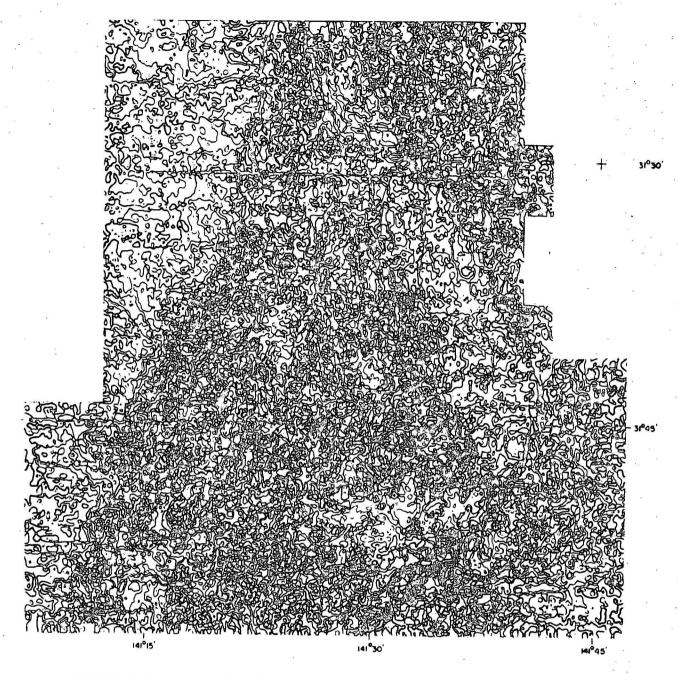
SCALE 1:400 000 5 0 5 10 15 20 25 KILOMETRES



REFERENCE TO 1:250 000 MAP SERIES

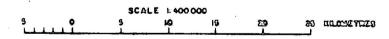
FROME	BROKEN	CLIFFS
OLARY	MENINDEE	MANARA

10/



AIRBORNE SURVEY, BROKEN HILL (DETAILED), NSW 1975 RADIOMETRIC CONTOURS, TOTAL COUNT

CONTOUR INTERVAL: 10 counts /s



LOCATION DIAGRAM

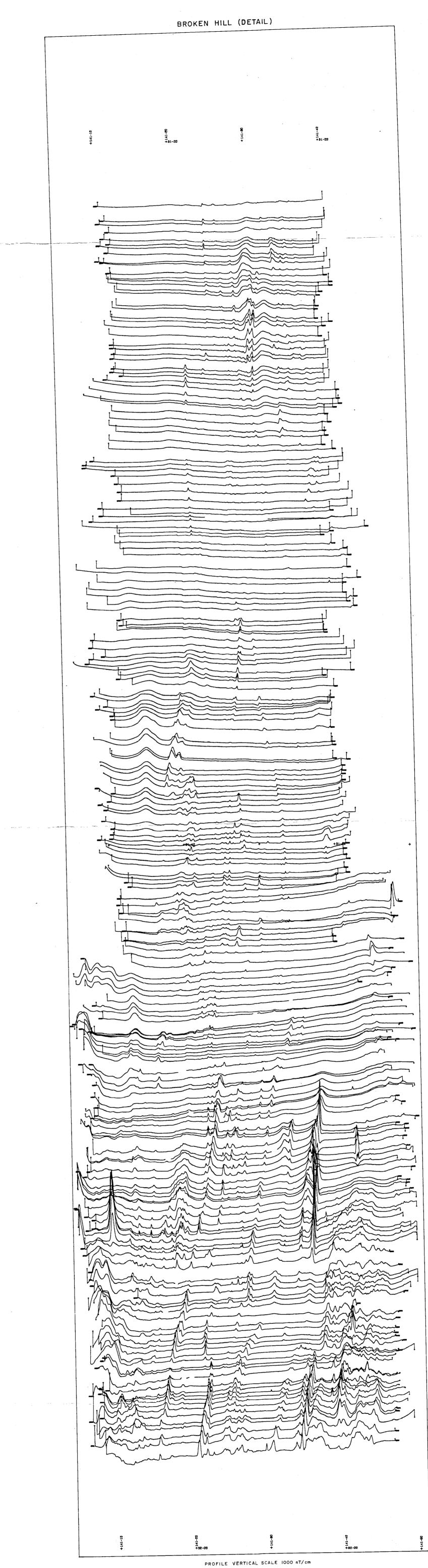


REFERENCE TO 1:250 000 MAP SERIES

8 C-9 C 1	LAUE Bual	CLIPPS
O CHADEM	O GALED	DU COMPA
OF UDA	CZDIM63E	LAMBOUR

13

H54/67-117A



TOTAL MAGNETIC INTENSITY PROFILES

SCALES IN KILOMETRES

E-W 1: 400 000

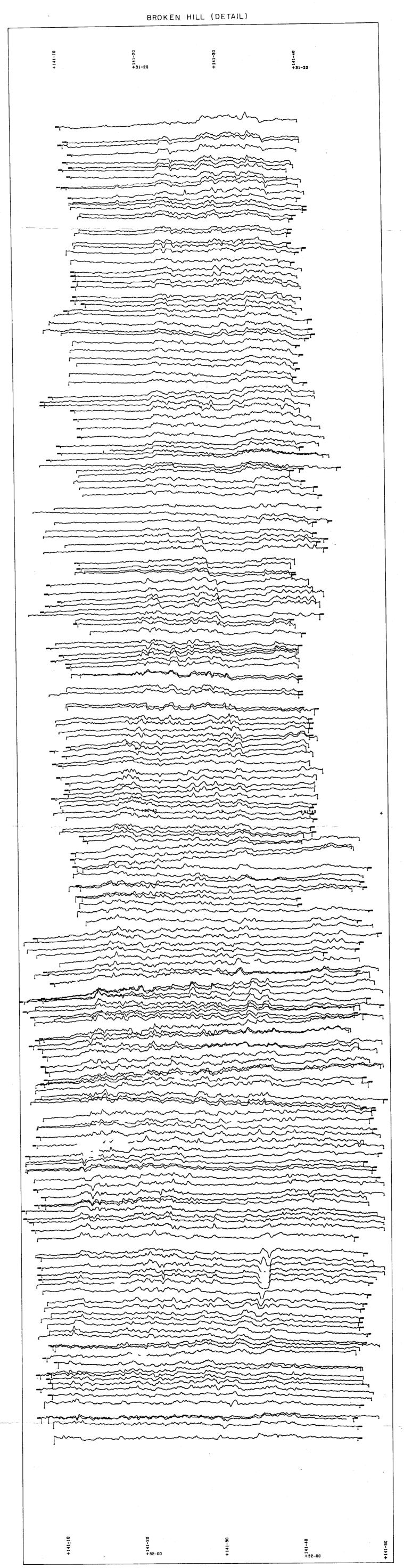
0 4 8 12 16 20

1 2 3 4 5

N-S 1:100 000

Record No 1978/114

H54/BI-II8



PROFILE VERTICAL SCALE 400 counts/s/cm BASE 50 counts/s

RADIOMETRIC PROFILES
TOTAL COUNT

SCALES IN KILOMETRES

E-W 1:400 000

0 4 8 12 16 20

1 2 3 4 5

N-S 1:100 000

BROKEN HILL (DETAIL) +32-00 1 1 1 1 1

PROFILE VERTICAL SCALE 160 counts/s/cm BASE 10 counts/s

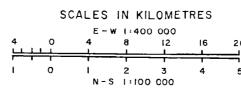
RADIOMETRIC PROFILES, POTASSIUM

SCALES IN KILOMETRES E-W 1: 400 000 N-S 1:100 000

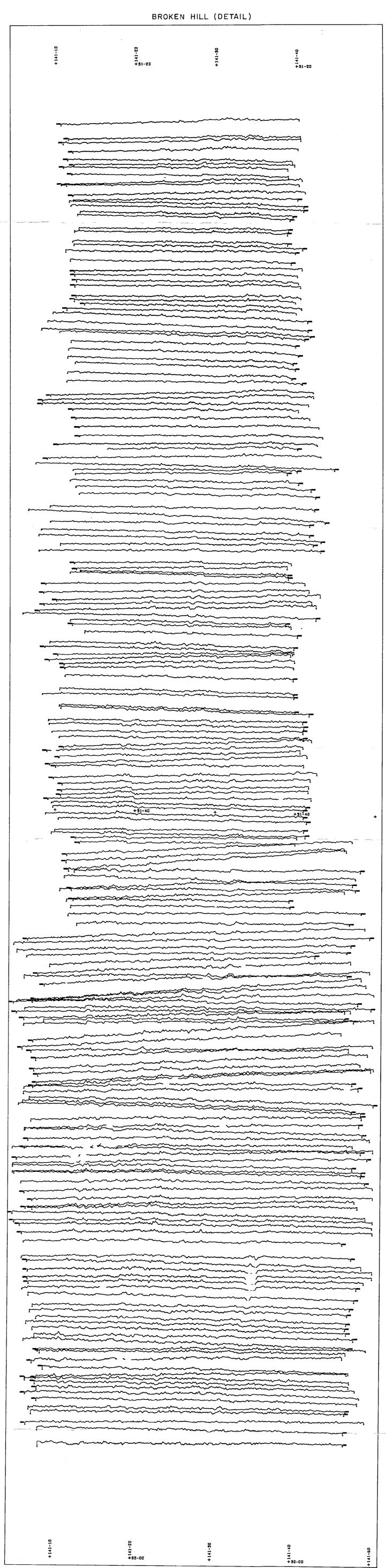
+31-40 + 141-20 -24 -25

PROFILE VERTICAL SCALE 80 counts/s/cm BASE O counts /s

RADIOMETRIC PROFILES, URANIUM

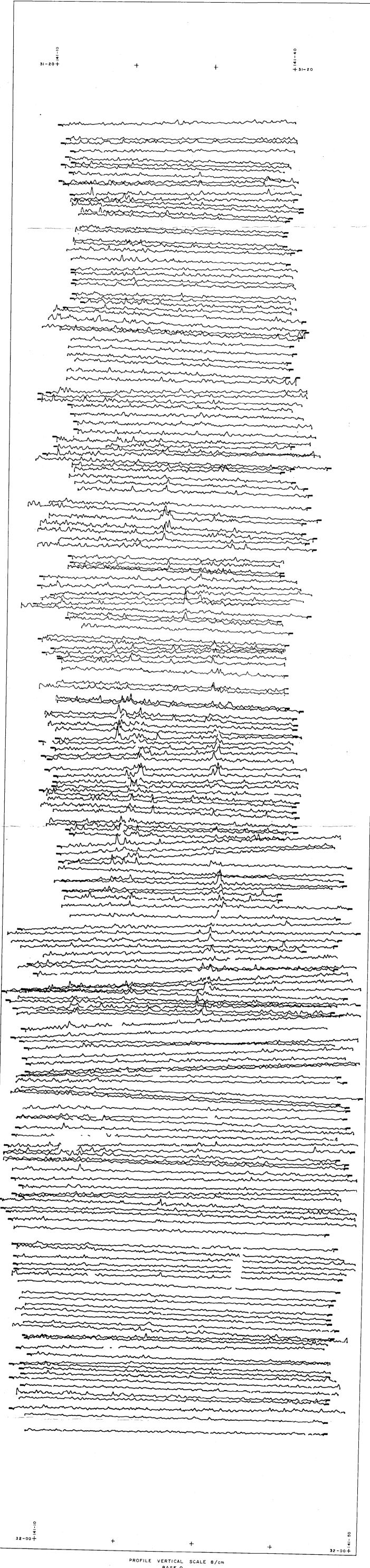


Record No 1978/114



PROFILE VERTICAL SCALE 80 counts/s/cm BASE 0 counts/s

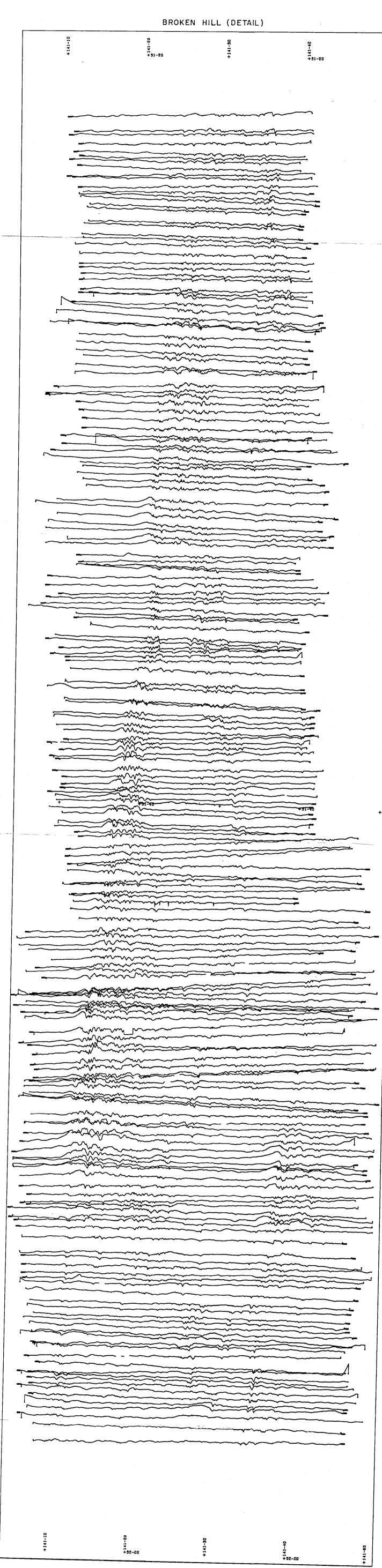
RADIOMETRIC PROFILES, THORIUM



BASE O

RADIOMETRIC PROFILES URANIUM/THORIUM RATIO

SCALES IN KILOMETRES E-W 1:400 000 N-S 1:100 000



PROFILE VERTICAL SCALE 400 m/cm BASE 100 m

RADIO-ALTIMETER PROFILES

SCALES IN KILOMETRES

E-W 1:400 000

4 8 12 16 20

0 1 2 3 4 5

N-S 1:100 000

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