COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

BUREAU OF MINERAL RESOURCES, GEOLOGY AND GEOPHYSICS

REPORT No. 51

FIELD MAGNETIC OBSERVATIONS IN ANTARCTICA

J. D. PINN



Issued under the Authority of Senator the Hon. W. H. Spooner, M.M.,
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BUREAU OF MINERAL RESOURCES, GEOLOGY AND GEOPHYSICS

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PLATE

Map showing positions of Australian Observatory and Field Magnetic Stations in Antarctica

ABSTRACT

This record presents, in tabular form, the results of magnetic observations made at field stations in Antarctica since 1954. The data is entirely observational; no attempt has been made to analyse it or to compile maps from it. It is intended that this data will contribute to the production of magnetic maps of Antarctica which will incorporate all the field magnetic observations made over the continent.

1. INTRODUCTION

The Australian National Antarctic Research Expedition (A.N.A.R.E.) established its station at Mawson on the coast of MacRobertson Land, on the Antarctic continent, in the summer of 1953-54. Since that time, as part of Australia's scientific programme in the Antarctic, members of the expedition have made measurements of the direction and intensity of the earth's magnetic field at many points along the coast of the Australian Antarctic Territory, and on two field traverses which reached about 350 miles southward from Mawson.

The majority of these observations have been made by geophysicists of the Bureau of Mineral Resources, Geology and Geophysics who were appointed to the expeditions. Other measurements of declination only have been made by various members of A.N.A.R.E. field parties. The results of these observations are summarised in Tables I - III. The positions of the field stations and Mawson Observatory are shown on Fig.1.

2. INSTRUMENTS

Determinations of horizontal intensity were made in most cases with a quartz horizontal magnetometer of either the La Cour type (QHM) or the Askania type (HTM). For a few observations it was necessary to use the method of oscillations and deflections with an Askania magnetometer to obtain the value of the horizontal intensity.

Declination was obtained at some places with a QHM, and at others with an Askania declinometer. The results recorded in Tables II and III were obtained with a high quality magnetic compass attached to a theodolite of either Watts or Wild make.

Descriptions of the QHM and the procedure for its use in determining the horizontal intensity and declination are to be found in reports by Ingall (1955) and McGregor (1956).

Vertical intensity was measured with a magnetometric zero balance (BMZ) at nearly all places. This instrument and procedure for its use are adequately described by Ingall (1955).

3. TREATMENT OF DATA

Instrument corrections to International Magnetic Standard (IMS) have not been applied to the values in Table I, but they are known to be less

than 1 minute for declination, and less than 10 gammas for horizontal and vertical intensity. The compasses used for the declination measurements recorded in Tables II and III were calibrated at Mawson, and appropriate corrections have been made.

The observed value of any magnetic element at a particular station may depart considerably from the mean value for that station, except in the case of Mawson Observatory. No attempt has been made to correct for time variations at the field stations, because it is uncertain to what extent time variations at an observatory are representative of neighbouring stations at high latitudes. In the tables the letters Q or D are used to indicate quiet or disturbed conditions at Mawson, and so indicate which data are likely to be unreliable because of disturbed magnetic conditions.

4. DISCUSSION

The distribution of the locations at which these observations have been made is not suitable for determining the field on a regional scale, except in the broadest way. Therefore no attempt has been made to present this information in the form of iso-magnetic maps. It is to be hoped that all the field magnetic results for the Antarctic region will be collected by one authority who will undertake the task of preparing iso-magnetic maps. This record has been prepared principally to provide basic data for such a project.

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<u>TABLE I</u>

MAGNETIC OBSERVATIONS - ANTARCTICA

	t a t Lat.	i o n		Declin	ation	Horiz Inten	ontal	Verti Inten		Condit	
Long. E	S	Name	Date	G.M.T.	Value		Value Y		Value Y	Maws	
47°56'	67°34 '	Pinn I. (Casey Bay)	10/10/57 11/10/57	12:41 4	.9°46 ' W	13:15	18244	11:28 06:00	45030 44918	<i>ଫ</i> ଫ ଫ	
		Observation I. (Amundsen Bay) Mt. Biscoe	25/10/56 4/10/57 4/10/57	4 10:18 4 6:57 5			18785		44670	<i>ୟ</i> ସ	
52°43 ' 53°42 '	67°28'	McLeod Nunataks. Proclamation I.	4/11/58 4/10/57	4:33 4		08:11 04:59	19137 25555 18651	08:38 06:43	45936 47080	Q D Q	1)
56°26' 57°20'	67°54 ' 66°56 '	Leckie Range King Edward VIII Gulf	6/10/58 7/11/54 2/11/56	_	4 45 5 41	07:14	18118	00:45	48014	٧ Q	
59°20 '	67°21 '	Transverse I.	13/ 9/58 18/11/54	5!	5 50	08:58	18087	09:24	47141 47506	Q D	
60°42 ' 60°54 '	67°25 ' 67°27 '	(Steffarson Bay) Blake I. Taylor Station	18/ 5/56 20/11/54 3/11/57	4: 5: 9:33 5:	8 45 6 45 8 14	9 : 39	18550 18954		47500	D Q	
61°07'	67°28'	Byrd Head	21/10/54 19/ 5/56	5 [°] 50	7 50 0 10		19190 18261		48540 49009	Q	2)
	.67°36 ' .70°16 '	Mawson (Observatory) Mt. Jacklyn (Prince	56 57 28/11/56	5:	9 1 5 9 08		18277 18022		49009 49030 51354	D	2) 3)
	70°48'	(Charles Range)	1/11/58	06:06 6		06:12	17487		54800	0	4)
76°00'	69°22 '	Island Group (near Larsemann Hills)	7/ 2/58	07:24 60 23:49 70		07:24	17468			ର ପ	
		Larsemain initis	8/ 2/58	01:54 7		00:08 01:33	15960 16054	01:00	54600	Q D	<i>-</i> \
		Magnetic Island	3/ 3/54 31/ 1/55 20/ 2/57		0 16 0 18 2 13	12:44	15600 15634 16940		56270 56256 54704		5)
(1,298,	68°35 '	Davis	5/ 2/58	4:28 7: 6:22 7:	2 29 2 00	04:53 06:00	16608 16614	05:40 05:49	55478 55536	D D	6)
110°11 '	66°13 '	Nelly Island	21/ 1/56	06:18 71 09:58 71	442	07:16 09:04	8530 8487	05:57 10:11	67890 67696	ବ ବ	

TABLE I - continued

Long. E	tati Lat. S	o n Name	Date	Declination G.M.T. Value	Horizontal Intensity G.M.T. Value	Vertical Intensity G.M.T. Value	Conditions at Mawson
111°07' 134°22' 149°48'	66°01' 66°06'	Thompson Island Lewis Island Virik Bank	19/1/56 7/1/56 11/1/58 12/1/58 15/1/58 16/1/58	03:28 91°07'W 06:12 91 28 03:38 55 37 05:36 58 39 03:25 74 09 22:48 92 28 00:28 97 16 23:54 59 54	04:23 8296 05:46 8146 04:42 1301 04:58 1358 03:55 970 22:43 1070 00:05 1195 00:04 2650	02:38 68424 06:42 68459 02:57 69120 06:32 69057 06:42 68735 22:59 68877 00:31 68878 23:56 68400	D D Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q

Footnote:

- 1) = H value doubtful
- 2) = Annual mean
- 3) = Mean of first 4 months
- 4) = Z value approximate only
- 5) = Z derived from dip circle readings
- 6) = 1958 station is practical reoccupation of 1957
- 7) = 1956 and 1958 stations are in different places
- 8) = Values approximate; observations on moving ice floe

TABLE II

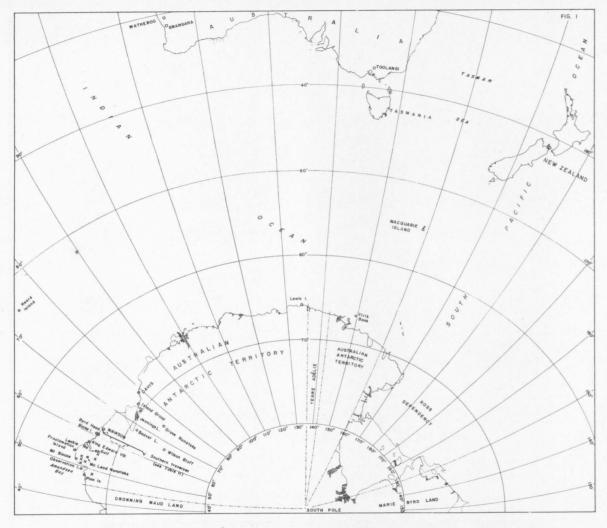
DECLINATION MEASUREMENTS ON ANTARCTIC TRAVERSES 1958-59

Latitude	Longitude	Date	G.M.T.	Declination	Conditions at Mawson
67°53 ' S 67 55 68 01	62°30 'E 62 12 62 22	16 Feb. 1958 8 Oct. 1958 3 Nov. 1958	0515 1016 1133 1311	59.0°W 59.7 57.6 57.6	<i>उ</i>
68 04 68 07 68 14	62 27 62 07 62 42	14 Jan. 1959 15 Feb. 1958 13 Jan. 1959	0616 0645 0743 0902	57.3 59.0 61.8 60.9	Д Q D Q
68 25 68 33 68 41 68 49	62 10 62 06 62 08 62 08	14 Feb. 1958 14 Feb. 1958 13 Feb. 1958 9 Nov. 1958	1100 0845 1440 0918 0947	59.5 59.5 60.0 59.7 60.0	³
68 52 68 59 68 59	62 06 62 05 60 47	13 Feb. 1958 13 Feb. 1958 2 Jan. 1959 4 Jan. 1959	1214 1015 1314 0617 0805	60.0 60.5 62.5 61.6	9 0 0 0 0
69 16 69 17	62 10 60 _. 48	12 Feb. 1958 1 Jan. 1959	0215 1135 1206	61.3 60.5 60.5 60.6	A D Q Q
69 21 69 35	62 10 62 03	11 Feb. 1958 15 Nov. 1958	1345 0805 1044 1300	61.0 61.2 60.6 60.8) D D Q Q
69 38 69 55 70 33 70 18 70 26	62 10 62 03 62 09 62 09 60 50	10 Feb. 1958 9 Feb. 1958 9 Feb. 1958 7 Feb. 1958 26 Dec. 1958 27 Dec. 1958	1515 0510 0530 1400 1228 0635 0815	61.0 61.5 61.5 61.5 63.3 62.2 59.9	9 Q Q Q D D D
70 31 70 49 70 49	62 09 62 09 62 07	7 Feb. 1958 6 Feb. 1958 6 Dec. 1958	1115 1350 0957 1047	62.0 63.0 63.4 63.7	70000
70 50	61 38	11 Dec. 1958 13 Dec. 1958	1520 1104 1326	63.1 63.1 63.5	ୟ ପ D
71 08 71 22 71 46 72 13 72 36 72 51	62 07 62 07 62 08 62 08 62 08 61 21	2 Feb. 1958 1 Feb. 1958 1 Feb. 1958 28 Jan. 1958 23 Jan. 1958 18 Jan. 1958	0530 1415 0700 1205 1500 0820	62.0 62.0 63.0 63.0 63.5 63.5	U O O O O O O O

<u>TABLE III</u>

MISCELLANEOUS DECLINATION MEASUREMENTS BY COMPASS-THEODOLITE

Station	Latitude	Longitude	Date	G. M. T.	Declination	Conditions at Mawson
Jennings Lake	70°10 ' S	72°31 ' E	30 Oct. 1958	1227	71.3°W	Q
Beaver Lake	70 48	68 23	1 Nov. 1958	0231	67.1	Q
Grove Nunataks	72 53	74 53	9 Nov. 1958	0942	75.1	Q
Wilson Bluff	74 17	66 56	31 Oct. 1958	0720	70.8	Q



LEGEND

- . FIELD MAGNETIC OBSERVATION
- MAGNETIC OBSERVATORY
- × COMPASS OBSERVATION
 OF DECLINATION



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