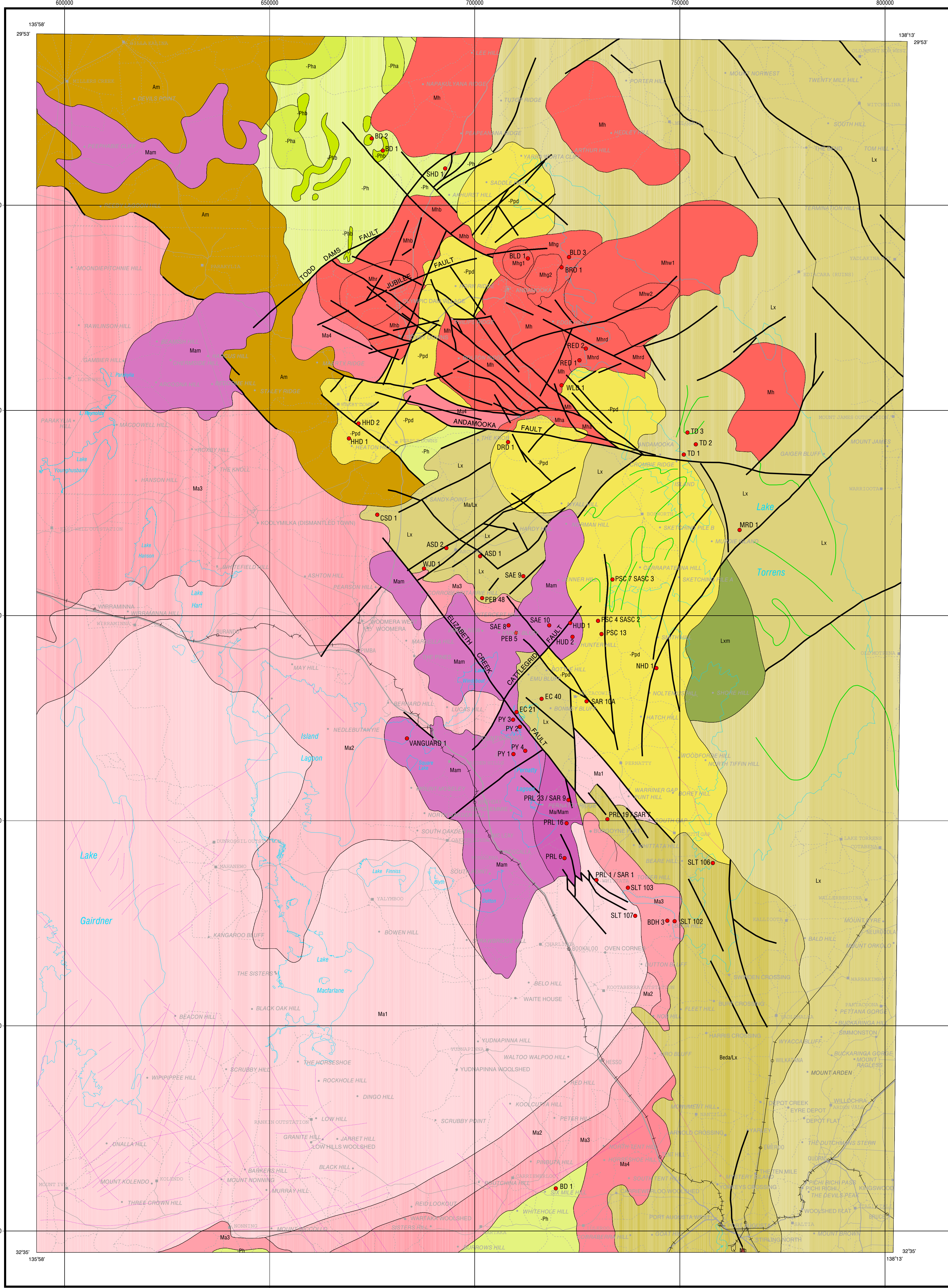


GEOPHYSICAL INTERPRETATION of the CENTRAL OLYMPIC Cu - Au PROVINCE



Legend of Basement\* Geology Units

- MESOPROTEROZOIC**
- Mh** Hiltaba Suite, unmetamorphosed
  - Mh1** Burgynna Batholith
  - Mh2** Red Den Pluton
  - Mh3** Rocky Downs Granite
  - Mh4** Bly Lookout Gabbro / Anorthosite, unmetamorphosed
  - Mh5** Bly Lookout Gabbro (reversely magnetised)
  - Mh6** Bly Lookout Gabbro (strongly magnetised)
  - Mh7** Arcoona Pluton (Dow 1996)
  - Mh8** West West Batholith (Dow 1996) - low amplitude, broad wavelength, magnetic high
  - Mh9** West West Batholith (Dow 1996) - high amplitude, high frequency, magnetic high
  - Mh10** Yandee Dacite and equivalents
  - Mh11** Eucarna Dacite, Yandee Phyllosilicate and equivalents
  - Mh12** Norning Phyllosilicate, Bortum Dacite and equivalents
  - Mh13** Lower Gawler Range Volcanics, unmetamorphosed (Pillay's Creek equivalent)

- Palaeoproterozoic**
- Ma** Interdigitated felsic and mafic Gawler Range Volcanics
  - Ma1** Mafic Gawler Range Volcanics (Rospene Volcanics and equivalents)
  - Ma2** Wyalapa Group overlain by strongly magnetised Neoproterozoic Bore Volcanics
  - Ma3** Wyalapa Group including felsic volcanics, unmetamorphosed
  - Ma4** Wyalapa Group with bimodal volcanics
  - Ma5** Derington Granitoid Suite
  - Ma6** Hutchinson Group, unmetamorphosed
  - Ma7** Hutchinson Group - amphibolite
  - Ma8** Hutchinson Group - banded iron formation

- ARCHAEOGEN**
- Ar** Archaean metamorphics

- Exploration drillholes (MER database)**
- PY 4** Exploration drillhole (MER database)

EXPLANATORY COMMENTS

The Central Olympic Cu-Au province, of the eastern Gawler Craton, lies beneath the Neoproterozoic and youngest sedimentary sequences of the Stuart Shelf. Hiltaba Suite granites and the Gawler Range Volcanics were emplaced at about 1800 Ma. Older basement rocks are Late Archaean metamorphic complexes, and the Palaeoproterozoic Derington Suite, Hutchinson Group, and Wyalapa Group.

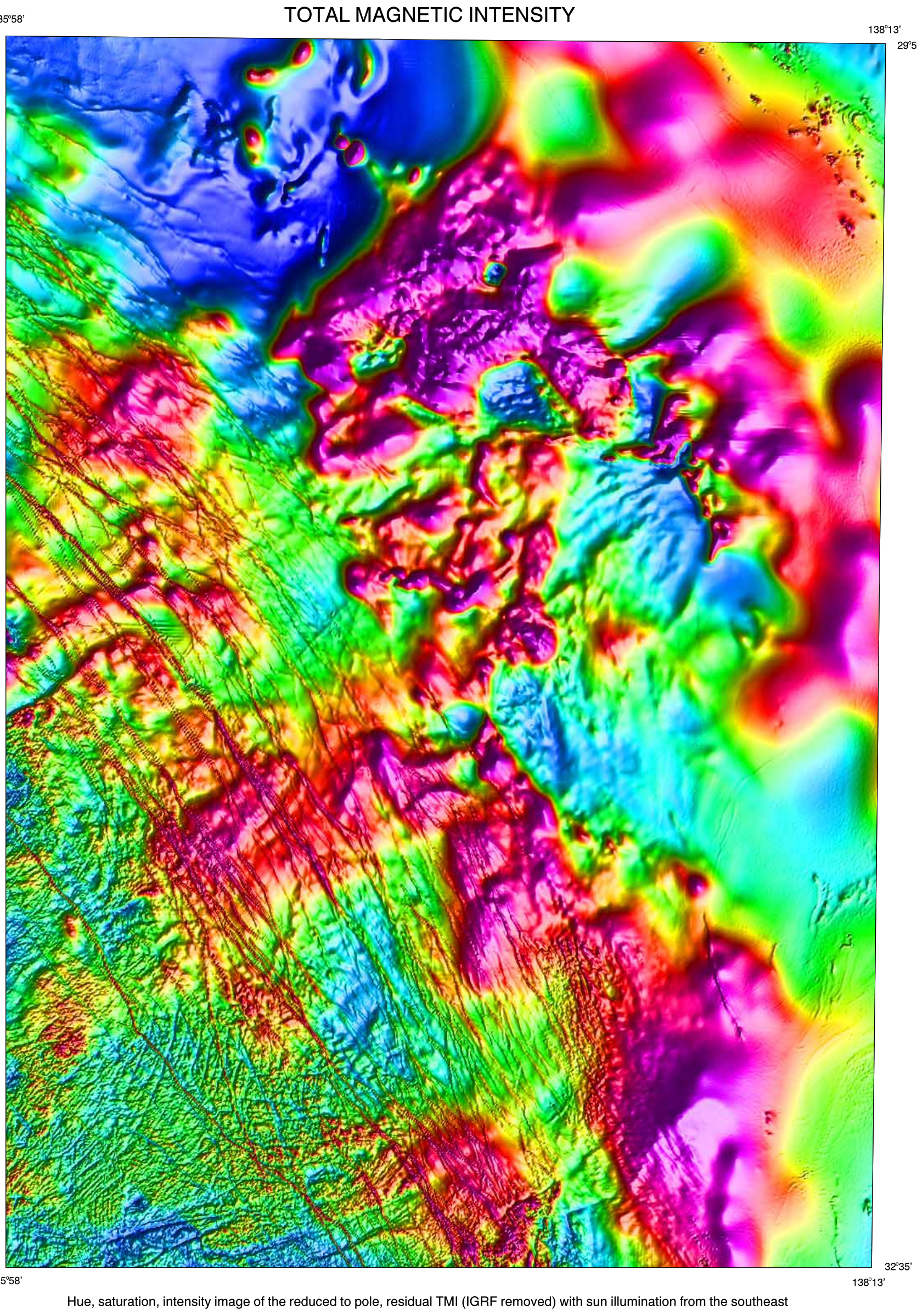
Except for parts of the Gawler Range Volcanics, none of the basement crops out and is covered by sequences exceeding, in places, 3 km thickness. Interpretation of units and structures was based on gravity and airborne magnetic data. Geological calibration was done by checking exploration drill logs and by examining drill core. When core was examined, petrophysical properties were measured and used to constrain the interpretation.

Interpretation and digitisation were completed at 1:250 000 scale for presentation at 1:500 000 scale. The map is not designed to be used at scales larger than 1:250 000. Unit names not appearing in GA's Stratigraphic Name Database are informal and are derived from Dow (1996). Geological evolution of the Stuart Shelf and Proterozoic 'no code' associated mineralisation 'insight' from regional geophysical data unpublished PDI thesis, Monash University.

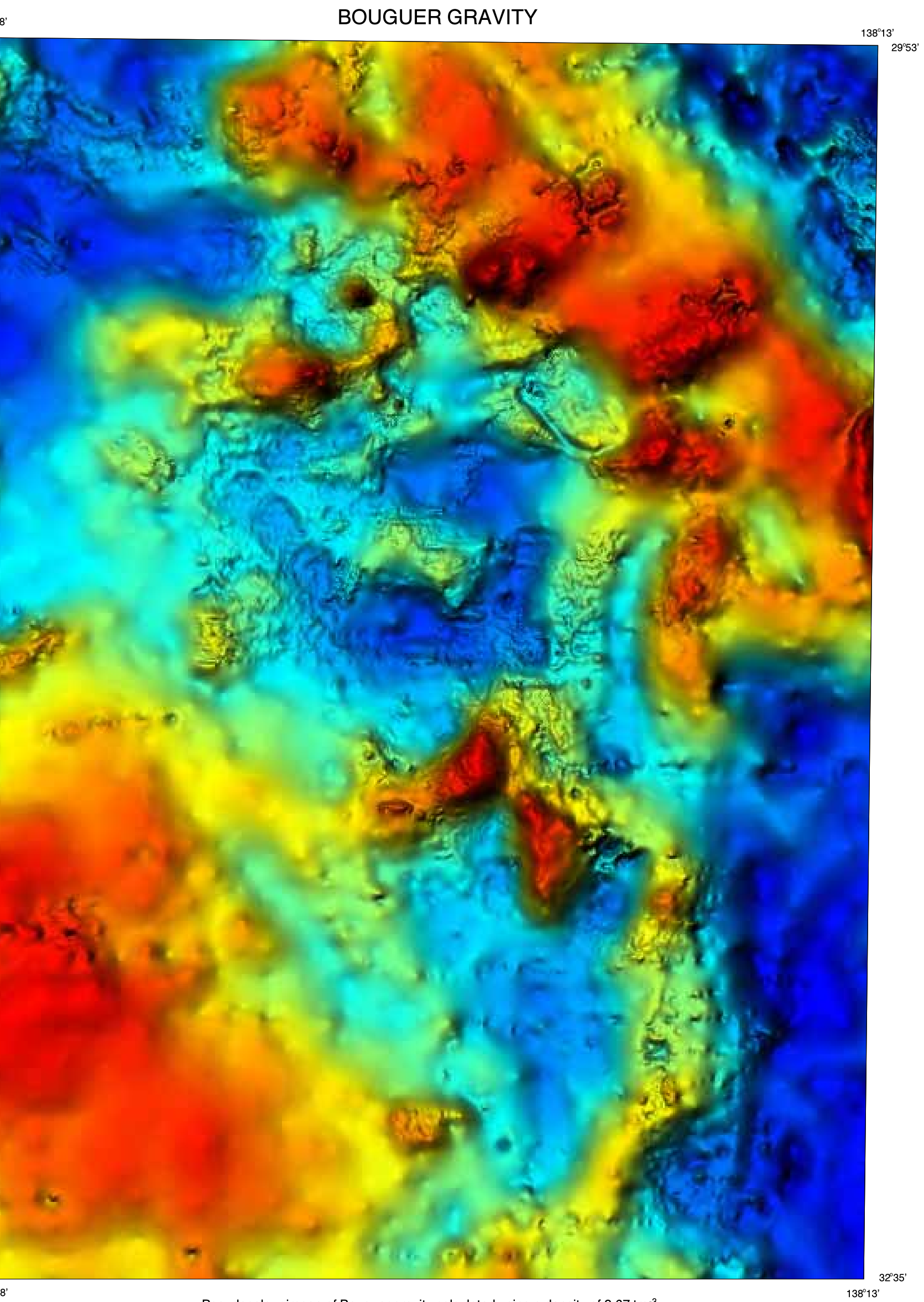
Compiled by N. G. Dineen and P. Lyons, Geoscience Australia, May 2002  
Image processing by F. M. Danco, P. Milligan and M. Pejo  
Cartography by L. M. Highet  
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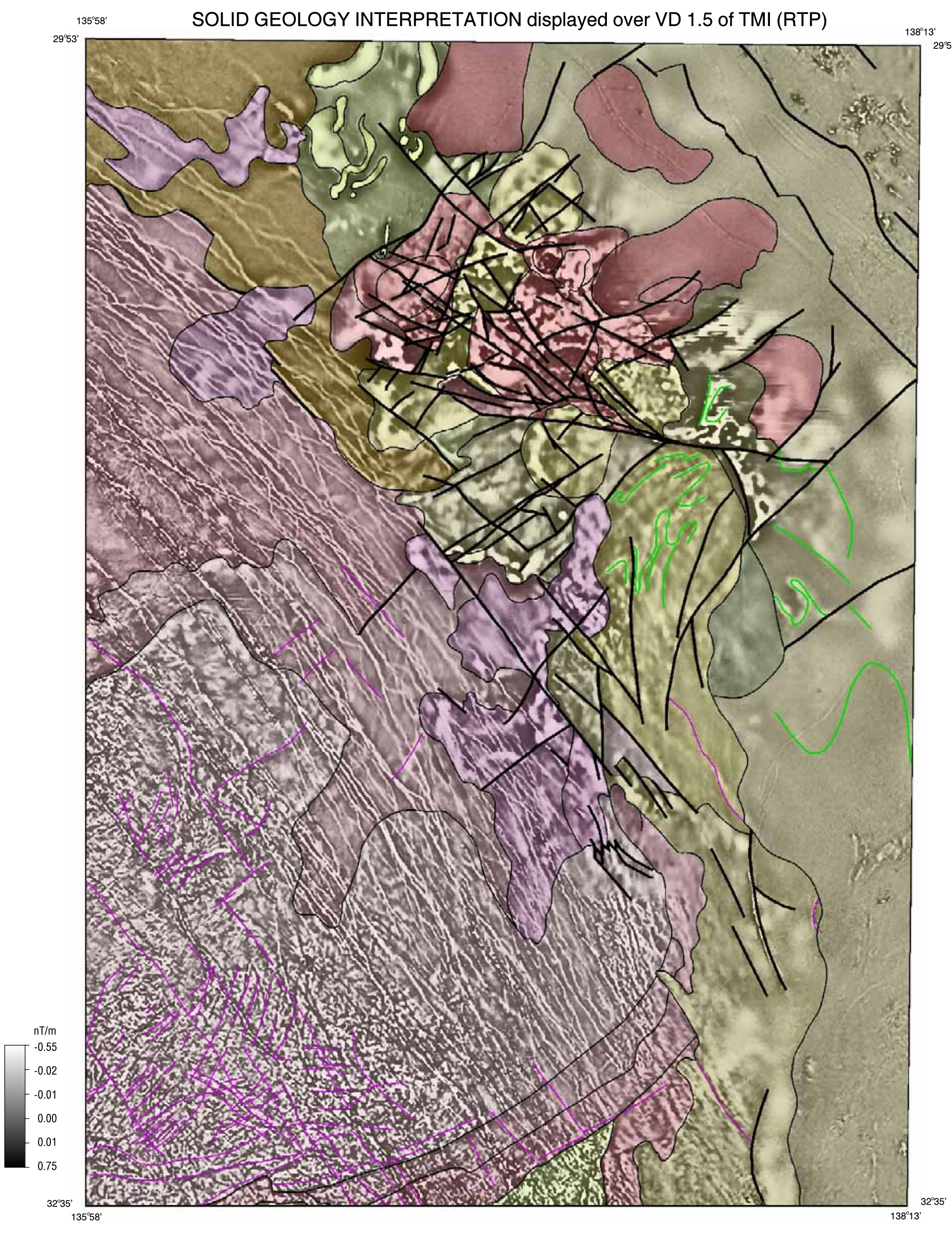
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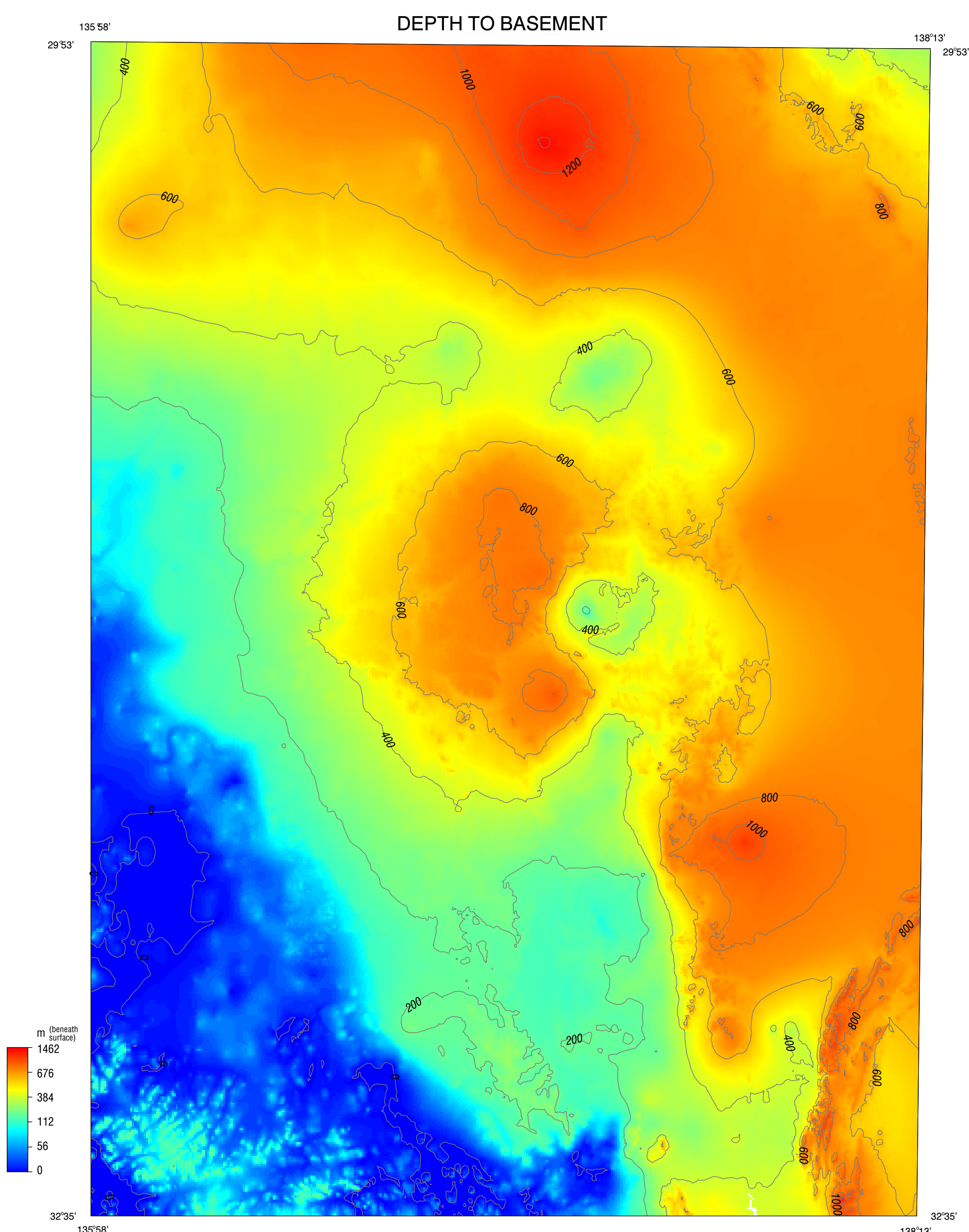
Hue, saturation, intensity image of the reduced to pole, residual TMI (IGRF removed) with sun illumination from the southeast



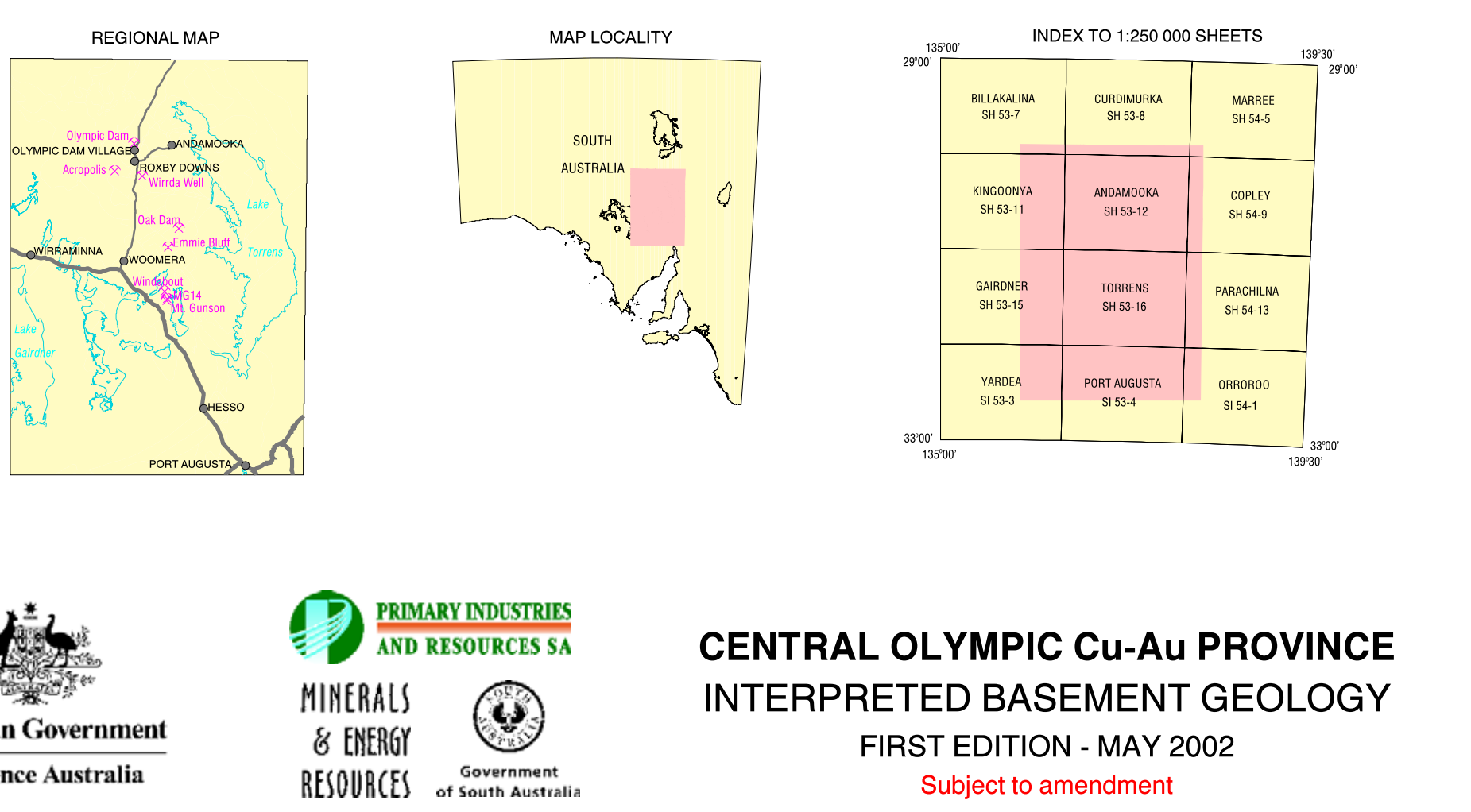
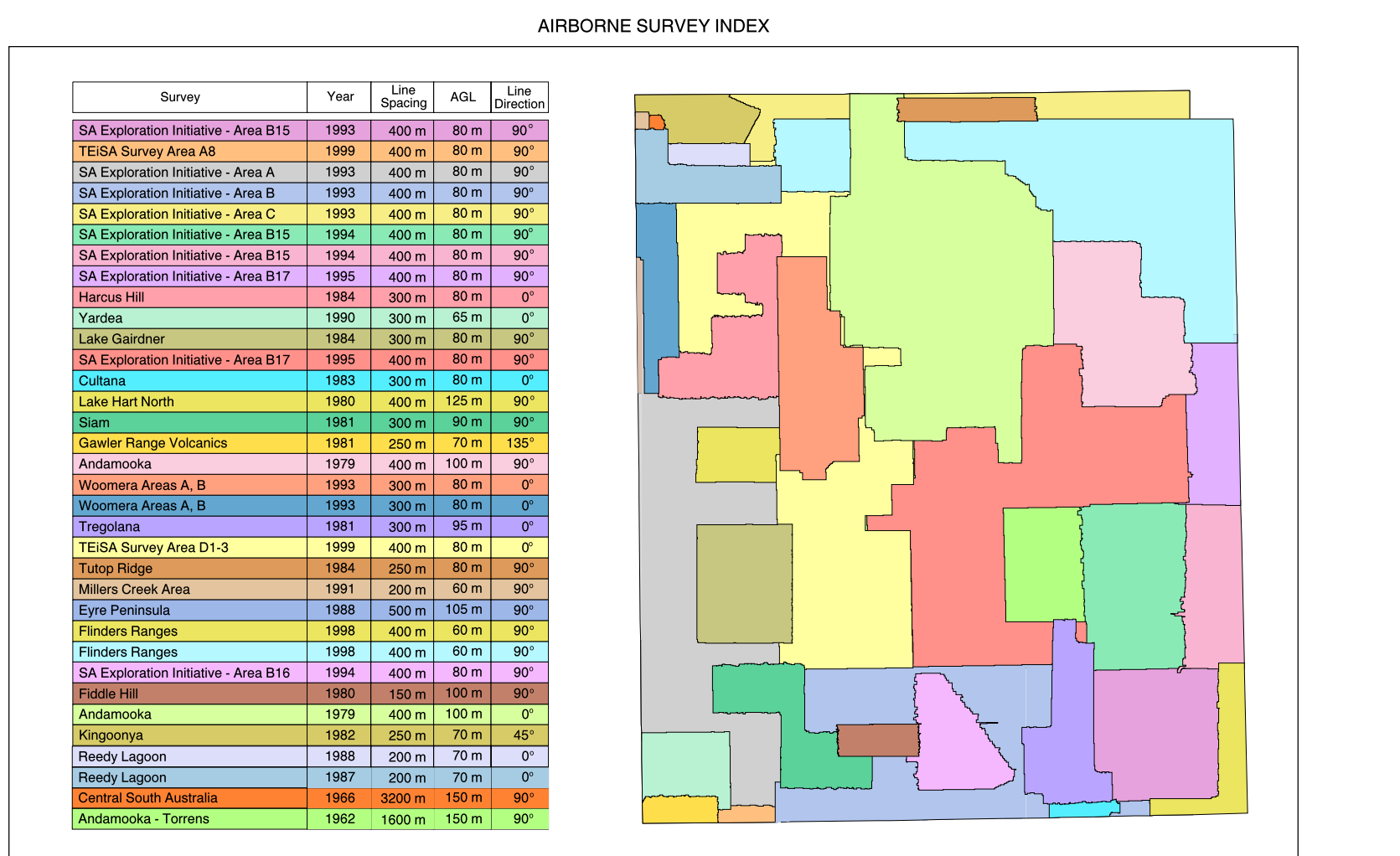
Pseudocolour image of Bouguer gravity calculated using a density of 2.67 t/m<sup>3</sup> with no terrain correction, and sun illumination (elevation 60° and azimuth 315°)



Greyscale image of 1.5 vertical derivative of TMI (rtp) overlain by transparent solid geology interpretation



Pseudocolour image of depth of basement below surface, showing contours at 200 m intervals



CENTRAL OLYMPIC Cu-Au PROVINCE  
INTERPRETED BASEMENT GEOLOGY  
FIRST EDITION - MAY 2002  
Subject to amendment