

Paleohydrologic evolution of the Kambalda gold camp

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ABSTRACT

At the Kambalda gold camp, at least three stages of hydrothermal alteration are distinguished: Stage 1: pre-gold stage with epidote-calcite-magnetite-chalcopryrite alteration, stage 2: syn-gold stage with gold-related plagioclase-dolomite/ankerite-pyrite-hematite $\pm$ magnetite $\pm$ pyrrhotite alteration, and stage 3: post-gold stage quartz-carbonate veins. All three alteration stages are characterized by specific hydrothermal fluids.

Stage 1 alteration contains only aqueous fluids with a low salinity (<7.4 wt% NaCl equiv.) and high homogenization temperatures (>250° C) indicating the influx of hot fluids. The origin of the fluid is at present equivocal, but given that the epidote, in equilibrium with magnetite and chalcopryrite, is typically spatially related to porphyry stocks a magmatic-hydrothermal origin of the fluid is likely.

Stage 2 alteration contains chemically complex fluids. Detailed petrographic observations on growth zones in gold-related dolomite indicate that the early stage fluids are aqueous with high salinity (< 23 wt% NaCl equiv.). Main stage hydrothermal fluid changed rapidly to a low salinity H₂O-CO₂ and CO₂-H₂O fluid indicating the influx of a new, high-temperature (> 280°C) fluid and/or dilution of the original high-salinity aqueous fluid. Importantly, the change in fluid composition is characterized by sudden increase in fluid inclusion size and a rapid decrease in the Fe content and increase in Mn content of the hosting dolomite/ankerite mineral. Together this is taken as evidence of rapid mineral growth, whereas outer zones of the dolomite indicate slow growth. The rapid change in this case is also accompanied by precipitation of scheelite. Laser ICP-MS data indicate that the fluid contained Na, K, Zn, As, V, Rb and Pb at elevated levels. Importantly, fluid densities of the earlier aqueous and the later aqueous-carbonic inclusions can only be interpreted with either a pressure drop or a combined pressure drop and temperature increase during this stage. At present, it is interpreted that the timing of the rapid fluid change and rapid dolomite growth coincides with the onset of pyrite and gold deposition.

Stage 3 alteration contains low-temperature H₂O $\pm$ CO₂ fluids; locally fluid inclusions contain daughter minerals (e.g., halite, carbonate) indicating, in combination with dissolution temperatures, high salinities of up to 37 wt% NaCl equiv.

In summary, fluid inclusions at the Kambalda gold camp occur in a range of settings and host minerals (especially in the Revenge and Conqueror gold deposits at St. Ives) and mimic the different hydrothermal alteration stages and host minerals of different relative timing as well as in different fluid pathways of similar timing. Gold deposition appears to coincide with the rapid change in fluid composition from early high salinity aqueous fluid to a low salinity aqueous-carbonic to carbonic fluid. The exact mechanism of how this change was achieved (e.g., fluid mixing and/or phase immiscibility) is currently under investigation.

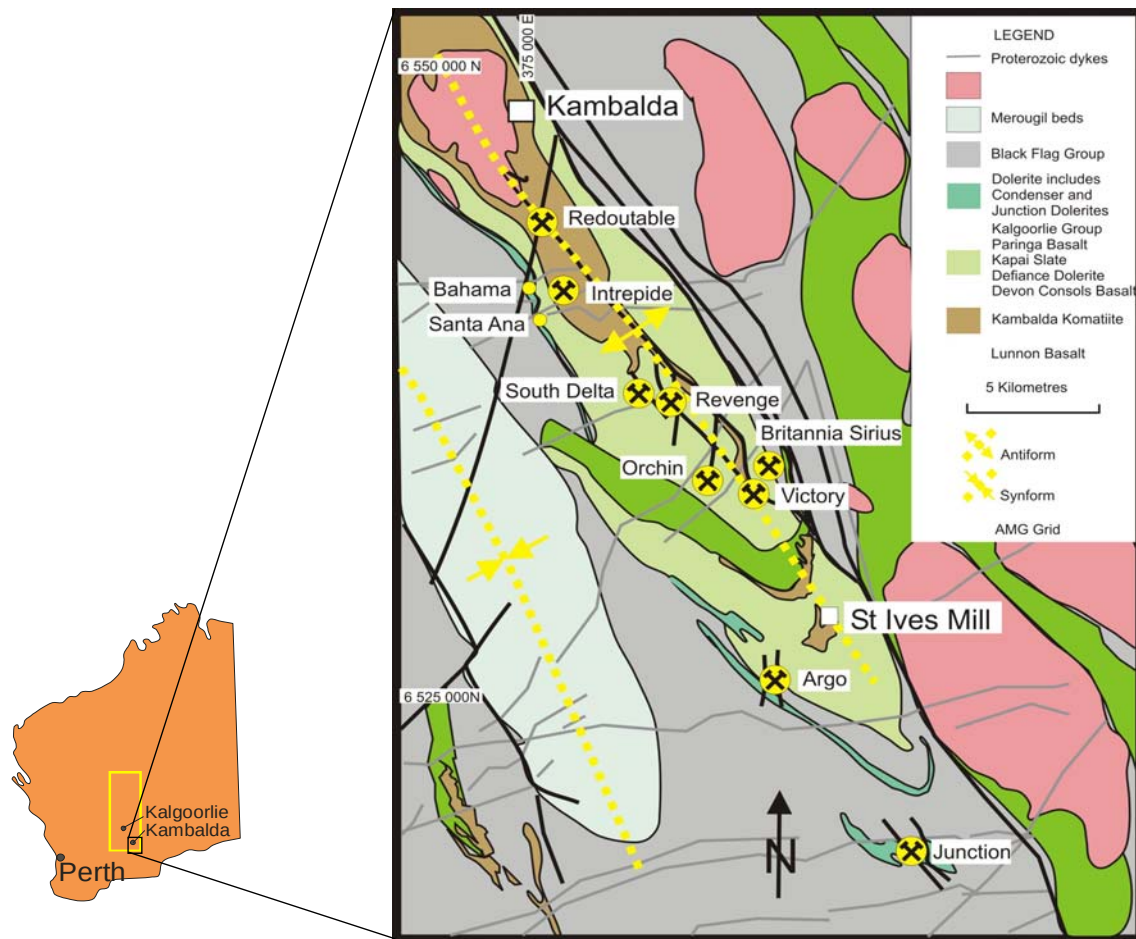


Fig. 1. Geological map of the St. Ives gold camp including the location of the major gold deposits.

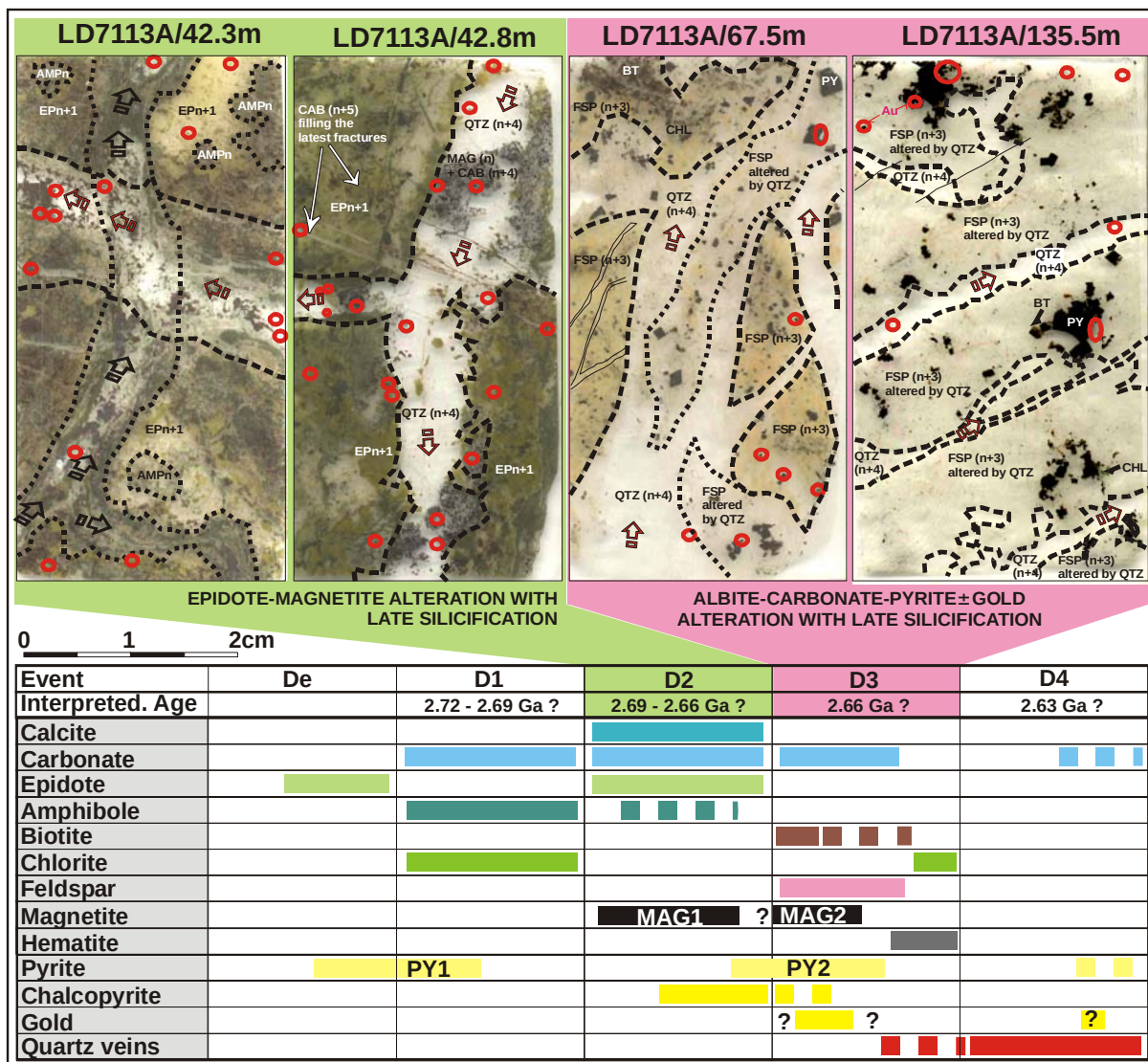


Fig. 2. Structural-magmatic-metamorphic-hydrothermal alteration and mineralization chronology.

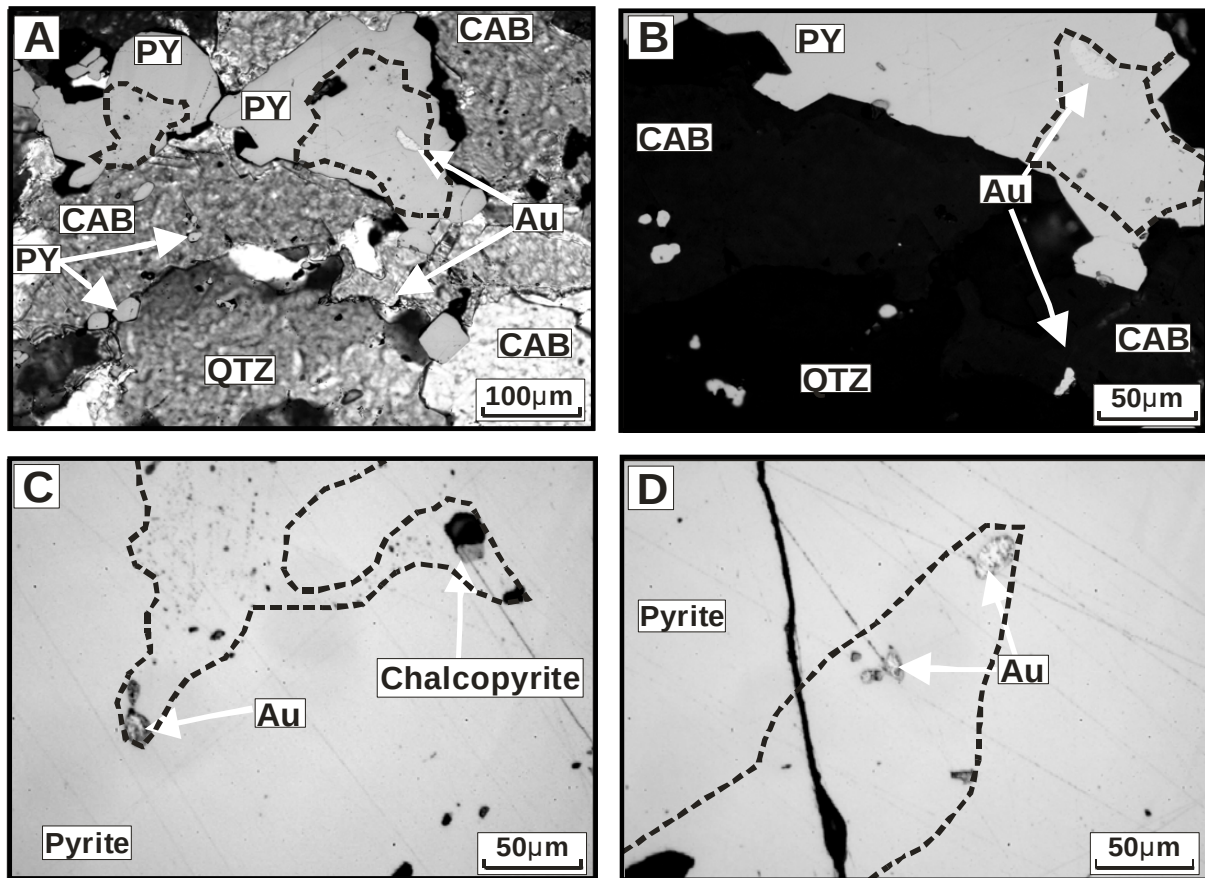


Fig. 3A. Photomicrography showing pyrite crystals (stage 2) in the quartz-carbonate vein (stage 3). The pyrite crystals show a zonation (dotted line) of a nucleus with large mineral inclusions (e.g. gold) and a border with smaller mineral inclusions. Gold is related to the "dirty" zonation of pyrite. A small gold grain is displayed in the carbonate probably as a result of the pyrite dissolution and liberation of the gold grain. The quartz-carbonate of stage 3 postdates pyrite because pyrite grains show rounded borders (dissolution) (70% transmitted and 30% reflected light, CD10095W2/372.20m).

B. Enlarged image of (A) with reflected light only showing gold grains (CD10095W2/372.20m).

C. Pyrite grain with zonation (dotted line) of earlier "dirty" nucleus showing several inclusions together with gold and chalcopyrite (reflected light, LD7113A/135.50m).

D. Pyrite grain with gold at the margins of the "dirty" zone and the clean border (reflected light, LD7113A/135.50m).

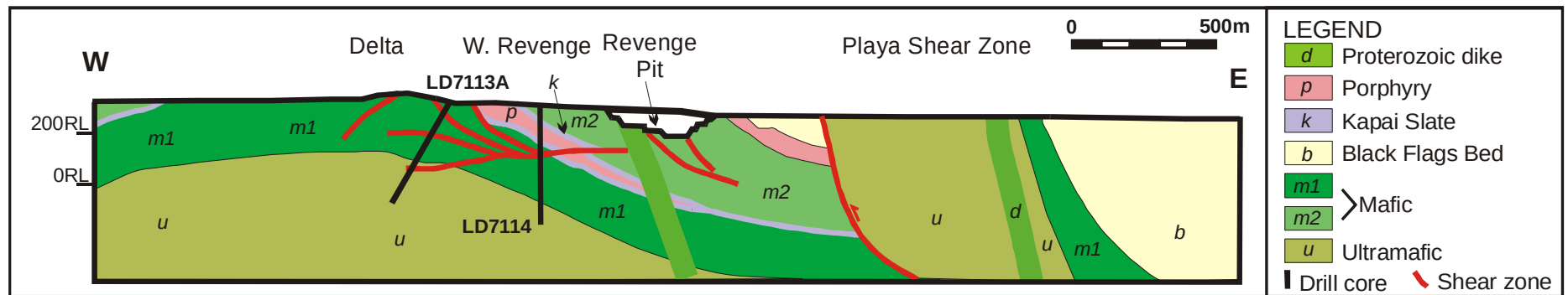


Fig. 4. Geological profile at Revenge.

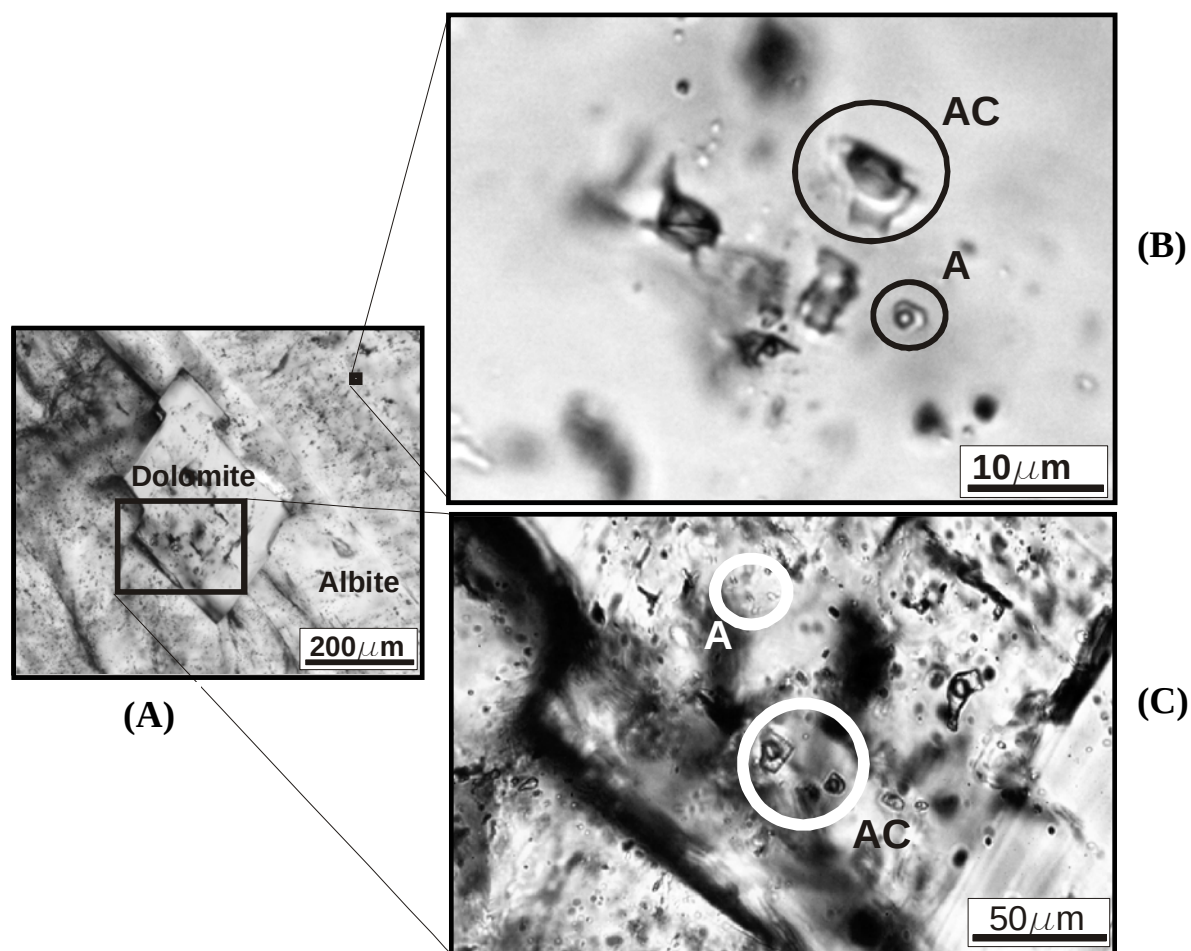


Fig. 5A. Group 1 alteration showing a dolomite crystal with crystal growth zonation hosted in albite; **B.** albite showing two generations of fluid inclusion: small earlier aqueous and larger later aqueous-carbonic; **C.** dolomite crystal showing fluid evolution with small aqueous fluid inclusions in the nucleus, large aqueous-carbonic inclusions in the intermediate zone, and medium sized aqueous-carbonic fluid inclusion in the relative clear border.

Table 1 - Types and Characteristics of Fluid Inclusions from Stage 1 (epidote-magnetite-calcite), Stage 2 (plagioclase-dolomite/ankerite-pyrite-magnetite-gold), and Stage 3 (quartz-carbonate) from the hydrothermal alteration Revenge gold deposit at the St. Ives Gold Camp. (Timing: P-primary, PS-pseudosecondary; n = number of measurements).

Stage	Host mineral	Sample location	Fluid inclusion type	Timing	Abundance	Setting	Shape	Size Min to max Average	n	Daughter crystal
1	Epidote	LD7113A 42.80m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Rare	Cluster	Irregular/ Negative crystal	4 to 20 µm 8.2 µm	24	
	Quartz	LD7113A 42.80m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Rare	Cluster	Regular/ Negative crystal	4 to 12 µm 8.1 µm	7	
2	Plagioclase	LD7113A 135.50m	CO ₂	P	Rare	Cluster	Irregular	3-10 µm 5.6 µm	10	
	Albite	LD7113A 135.50m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Rare	Cluster	Irregular	4 to 7 µm 6.0 µm	3	
	Albite	LD7114 173.05m	CO ₂	P	Rare	Cluster	Irregular/ Regular	2-9 µm 4.1 µm	15	
	Albite	LD7114 173.05m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Rare	Cluster	Irregular/ Negative crystal	11 to 15 µm 13.0 µm	2	Rare not determined
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7113A 135.50m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Rare	Cluster	Irregular/ Negative crystal	6-12 µm 7.8 µm	7	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7113A 329.30m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Rare	Growth zone	Irregular	4 to 30 µm 8.6 µm	9	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7113A 329.30m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Rare	Growth zone	Irregular/ Negative crystal	5 to 9 µm 5.7 µm	5	
	Quartz	LD7113A 173.05m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Regular	8 to 20 µm 11.2 µm	13	
3	Quartz	LD7114 67.50m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Irregular	10 to 30 µm 17.2 µm	21	Carbonate, halite
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7113A 42.80m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Common	Trail	Regular	2 to 15 µm 6.7 µm	12	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7113A 135.50m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Negative crystal	8 µm 8 µm	1	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7114 173.05m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Irregular	5 to 6 µm 5.5 µm	4	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7114 173.05m	CO ₂	P	Common	Cluster	Irregular/ Negative crystal	3 to 10 µm 5.1 µm	8	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7113A 135.50m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Regular/ Negative crystal	3 to 7 µm 4.3 µm	6	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7114 173.05m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Negative crystal	4 to 10 µm 5.9 µm	8	
	Quartz	LD7113A 42.80m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Irregular	7 to 15 µm 10.5 µm	10	
	Quartz	LD7113A 67.50m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Irregular/ regular	3 to 15 µm 6.3 µm	8	Carbonate, halite
	Quartz	LD7113A 135.50m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P/PS	Common	Cluster	Irregular/ regular	2 to 35 µm 8.05 µm	44	Carbonate, halite
	Quartz	LD7114 173.05m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P/PS	Common	Trail	Regular/ Negative crystal	3 to 10 µm 6.7 µm	10	Carbonate, halite
	Quartz	LD7113A 135.50m	CO ₂	P/PS	Common	Cluster	Regular/ Negative crystal	3 to 25 µm 8.4 µm	16	
	Quartz	LD7113A 67.50m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Negative crystal	5 µm 5 µm	1	
	Quartz	LD7113A 135.50m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P/PS	Common	Cluster	Regular/ Negative crystal	6 to 30 µm 11.9 µm	16	
	Quartz	LD7114 173.05m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Irregular	5 to 8 µm 6.5 µm	6	Carbonate, halite

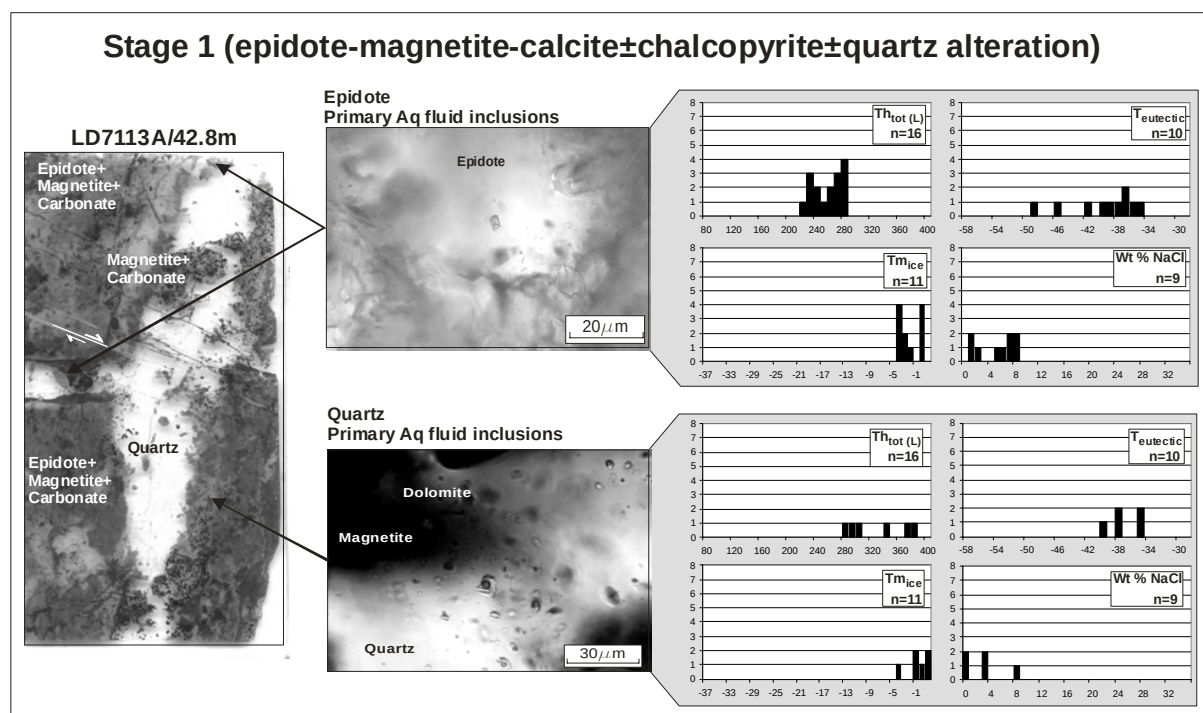


Fig. 6. Location and histogram of fluid inclusion data for Stage 1 hydrothermal alteration.

Table 1 - Types and Characteristics of Fluid Inclusions from Stage 1 (epidote-magnetite-calcite), Stage 2 (plagioclase-dolomite/ankerite-pyrite-magnetite-gold), and Stage 3 (quartz-carbonate) from the hydrothermal alteration Revenge gold deposit at the St. Ives Gold Camp. (Timing: P-primary, PS-pseudosecondary; n = number of measurements).

Stage	Host mineral	Sample location	Fluid inclusion type	Timing	Abundance	Setting	Shape	Size Min to max Average	n	Daughter crystal
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	Quartz	LD7113A 42.80m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Rare	Cluster	Regular/ Negative crystal	4 to 12 µm 8.1 µm	7	
2	Plagioclase	LD7113A 135.50m	CO ₂	P	Rare	Cluster	Irregular	3-10 µm 5.6 µm	10	
	Albite	LD7113A 135.50m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Rare	Cluster	Irregular	4 to 7 µm 6.0 µm	3	
	Albite	LD7114 173.05m	CO ₂	P	Rare	Cluster	Irregular/ Regular	2-9 µm 4.1 µm	15	
	Albite	LD7114 173.05m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Rare	Cluster	Irregular/ Negative crystal	11 to 15 µm 13.0 µm	2	Rare not determined
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7113A 135.50m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Rare	Cluster	Irregular/ Negative crystal	6-12 µm 7.8 µm	7	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7113A 329.30m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Rare	Growth zone	Irregular	4 to 30 µm 8.6 µm	9	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7113A 329.30m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Rare	Growth zone	Irregular/ Negative crystal	5 to 9 µm 5.7 µm	5	
	Quartz	LD7113A 173.05m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Regular	8 to 20 µm 11.2 µm	13	
3	Quartz	LD7114 67.50m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Irregular	10 to 30 µm 17.2 µm	21	Carbonate, halite
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7113A 42.80m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Common	Trail	Regular	2 to 15 µm 6.7 µm	12	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7113A 135.50m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Negative crystal	8 µm 8 µm	1	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7114 173.05m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Irregular	5 to 6 µm 5.5 µm	4	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7114 173.05m	CO ₂	P	Common	Cluster	Irregular/ Negative crystal	3 to 10 µm 5.1 µm	8	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7113A 135.50m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Regular/ Negative crystal	3 to 7 µm 4.3 µm	6	
	Dolomite/ Ankerite	LD7114 173.05m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Negative crystal	4 to 10 µm 5.9 µm	8	
	Quartz	LD7113A 42.80m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Irregular	7 to 15 µm 10.5 µm	10	
	Quartz	LD7113A 67.50m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Irregular/ regular	3 to 15 µm 6.3 µm	8	Carbonate, halite
	Quartz	LD7113A 135.50m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P/PS	Common	Cluster	Irregular/ regular	2 to 35 µm 8.05 µm	44	Carbonate, halite
	Quartz	LD7114 173.05m	H ₂ O-NaCl	P/PS	Common	Trail	Regular/ Negative crystal	3 to 10 µm 6.7 µm	10	Carbonate, halite
	Quartz	LD7113A 135.50m	CO ₂	P/PS	Common	Cluster	Regular/ Negative crystal	3 to 25 µm 8.4 µm	16	
	Quartz	LD7113A 67.50m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Negative crystal	5 µm 5 µm	1	
	Quartz	LD7113A 135.50m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P/PS	Common	Cluster	Regular/ Negative crystal	6 to 30 µm 11.9 µm	16	
	Quartz	LD7114 173.05m	CO ₂ - H ₂ O- NaCl	P	Common	Cluster	Irregular	5 to 8 µm 6.5 µm	6	Carbonate, halite

Stage 2 (plagioclase+dolomite+pyrite±chalcopyrite±quartz alteration)

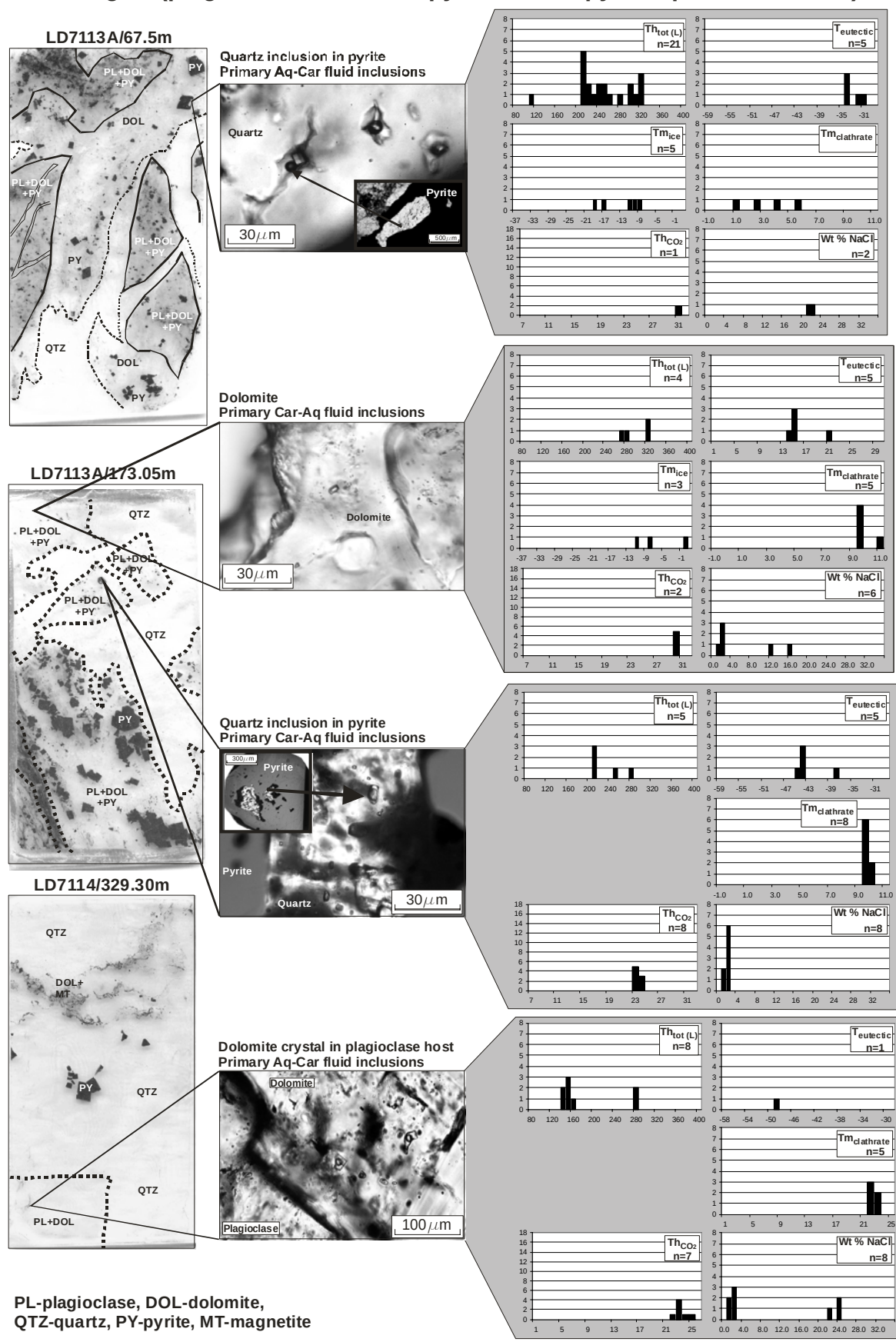


Fig. 8. Location and histogram of fluid inclusion data for stage 2 hydrothermal alteration.

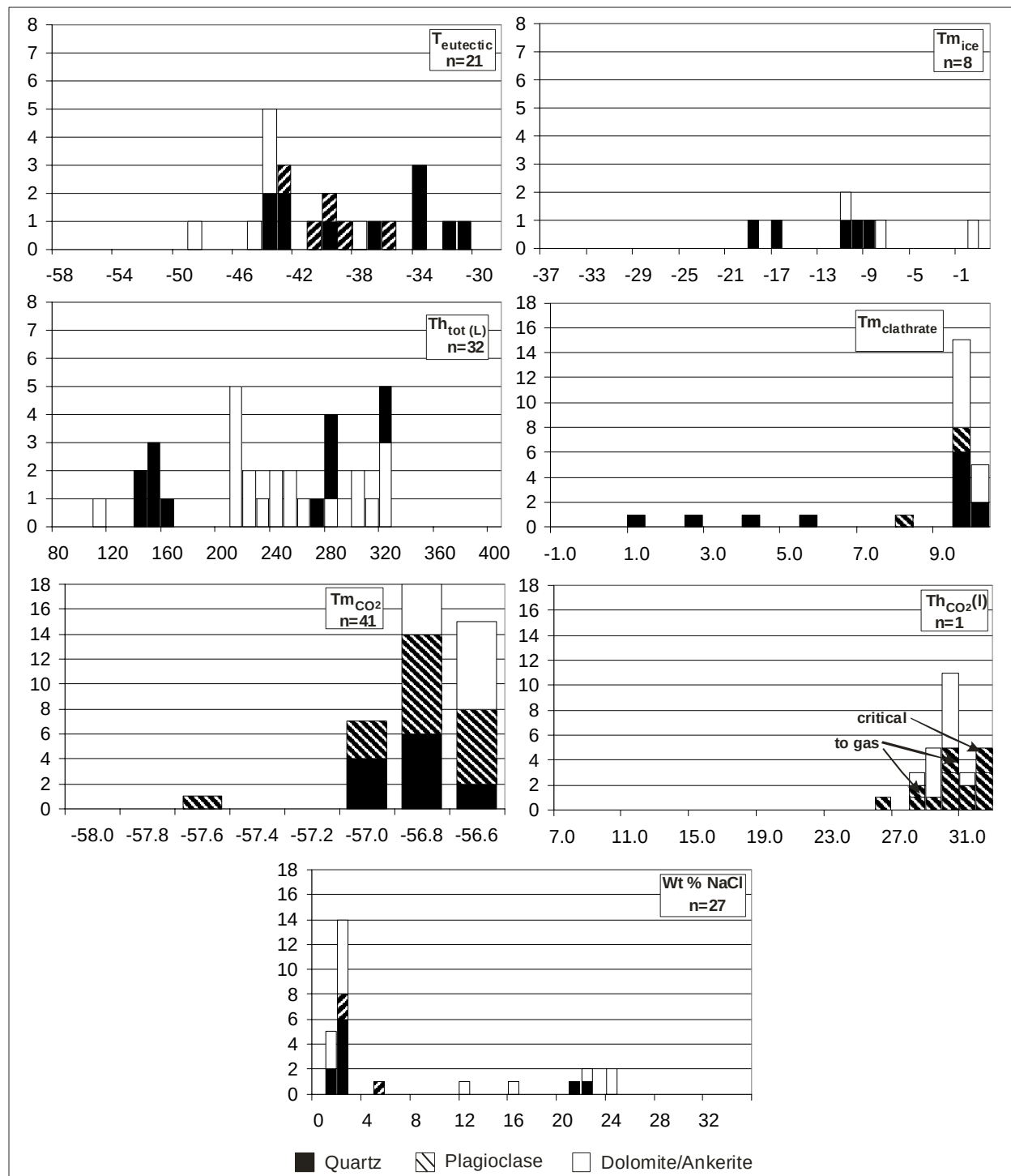


Fig. 9. Histogram of all fluid inclusion data for stage 2 hydrothermal alteration.

Stage 3 (carbonate±quartz±gold (?)) alteration, Part A

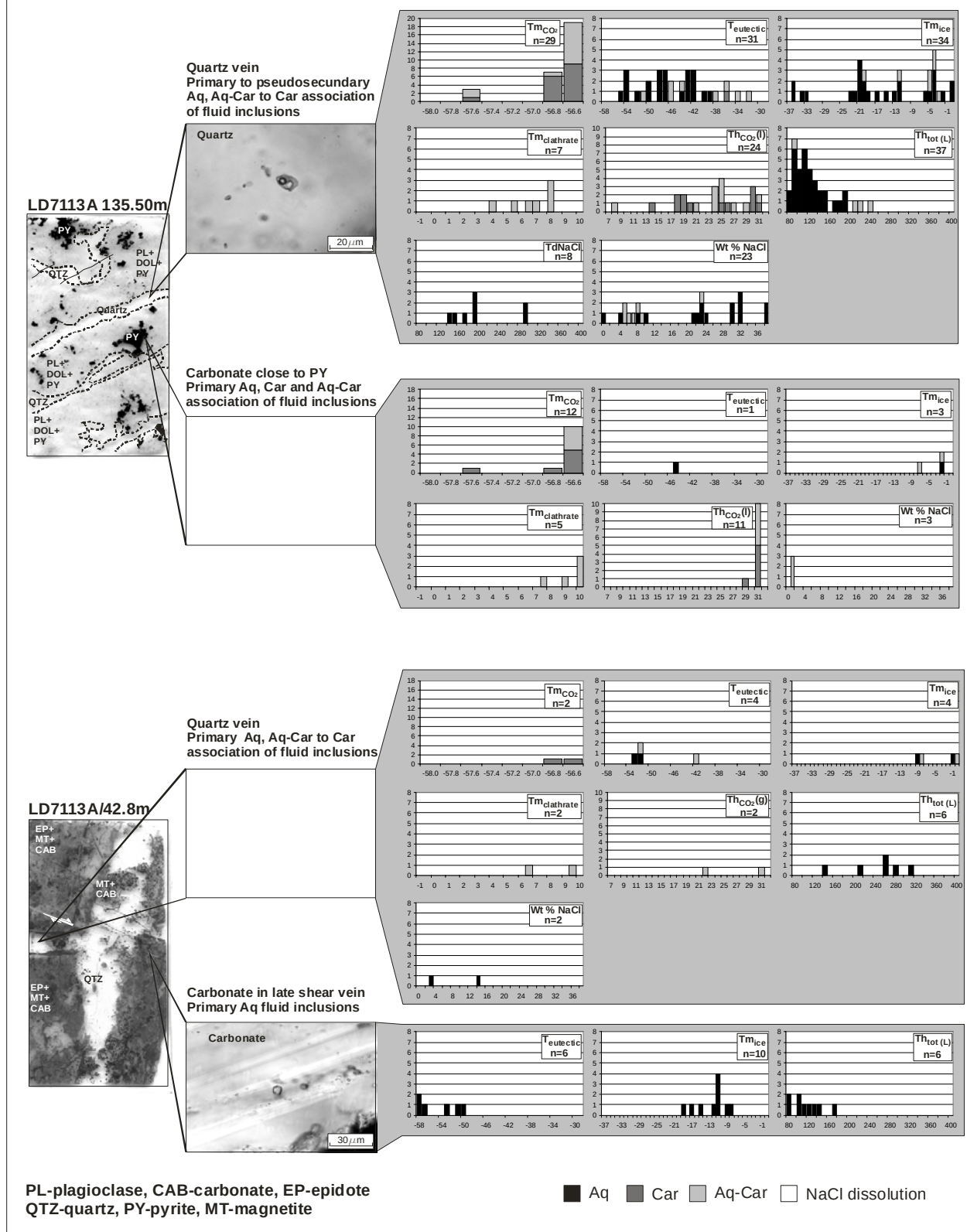


Fig. 10A. Location and histogram of fluid inclusion data for stage 3 hydrothermal alteration.

Stage 3 (carbonate±quartz±gold (?)) alteration, Part B

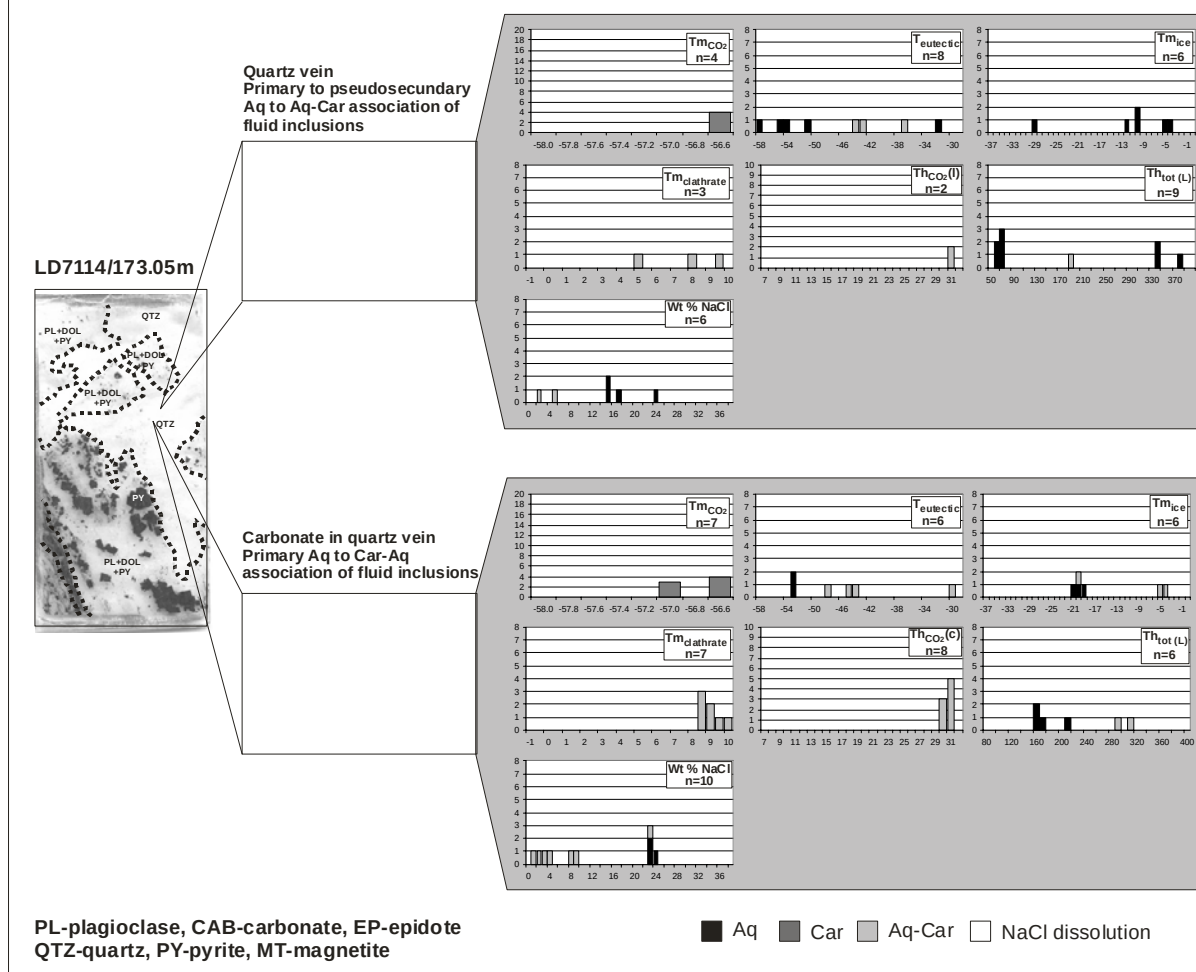


Fig. 10B. Location and histogram of fluid inclusion data for stage 3 hydrothermal alteration.

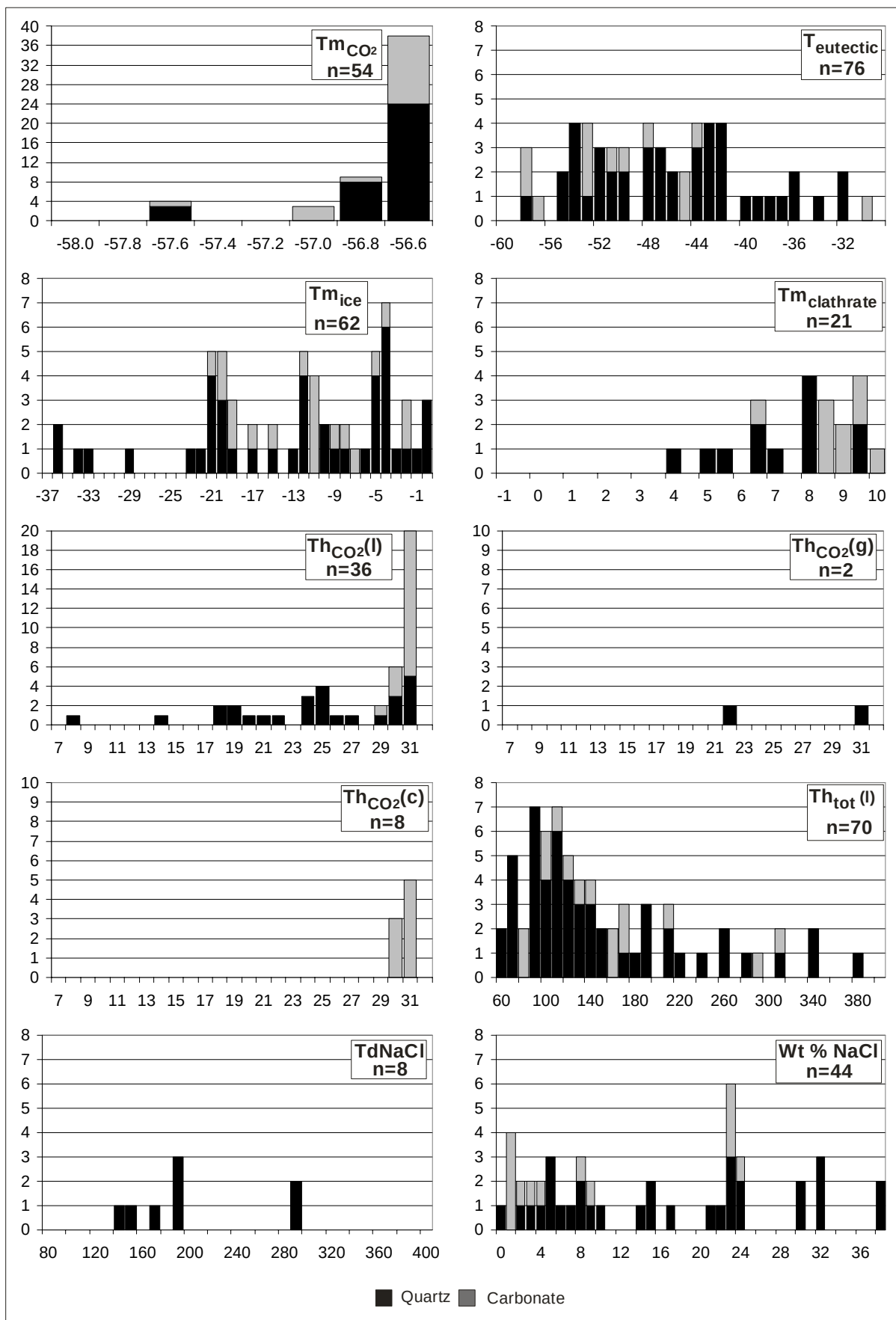


Fig. 11. Histogram of all fluid inclusion data for stage 1 hydrothermal alteration.

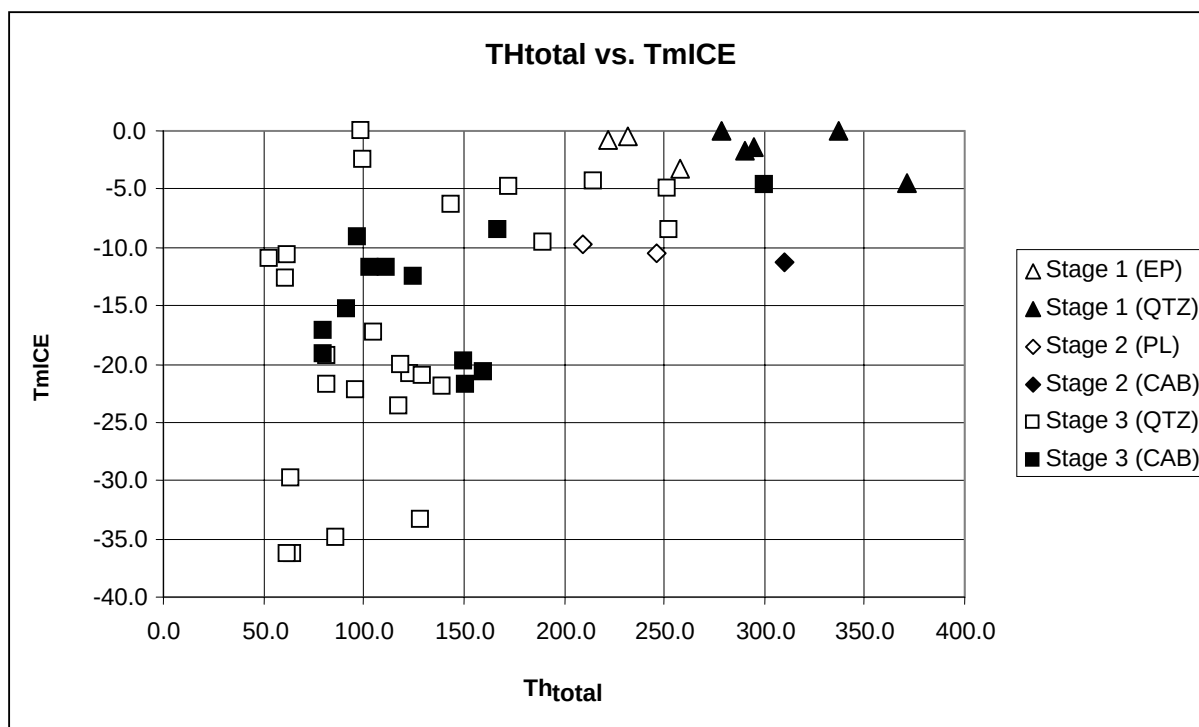


Fig. 12A. Th_{TOT} versus T_{mICE} for fluid inclusions from stages 1, 2 and 3.

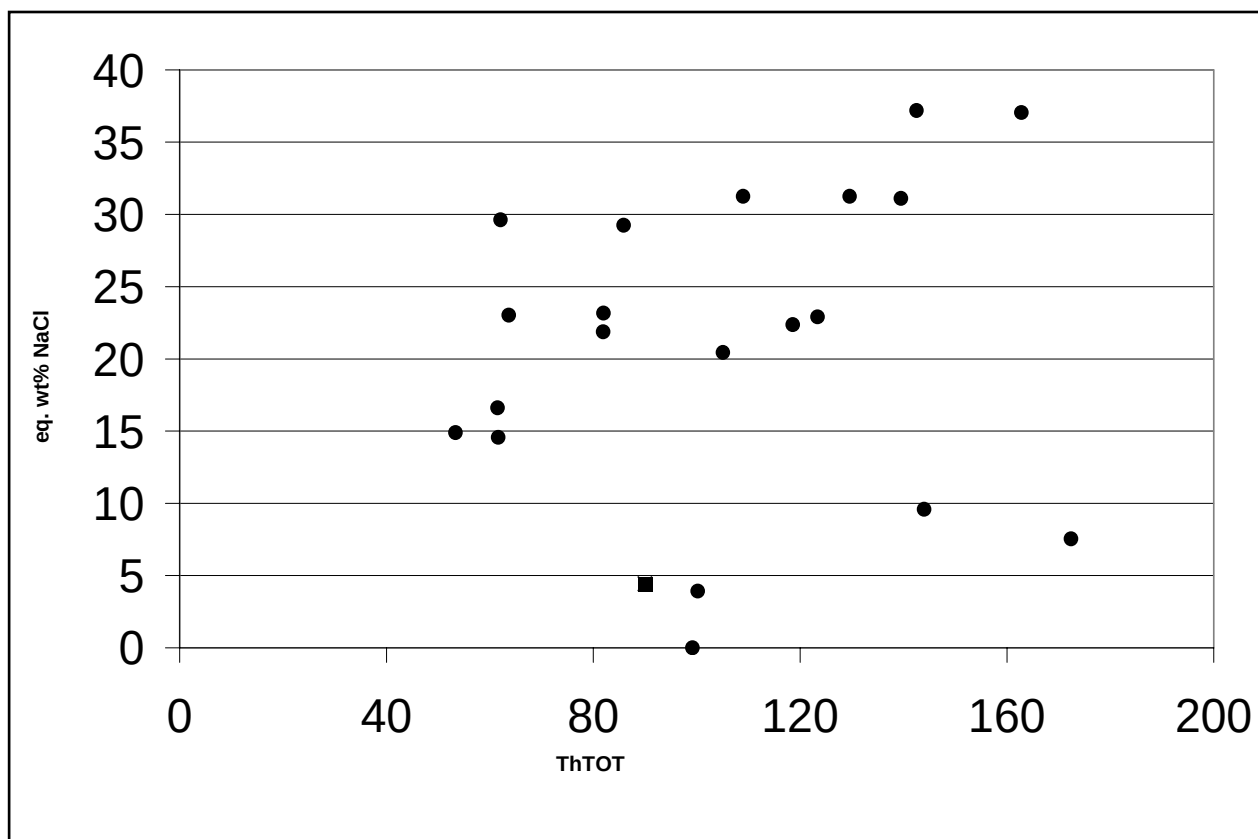


Fig. 12B. Equivalent wt% NaCl versus total homogenization temperature (ThTOT) for fluid inclusions from stages 1, 2 and 3.

Table 2 - LA-ICPMS analysis results of selected fluid inclusions in four samples. Values are in ppm, point means the position/fluid inclusion that underwent analysis, negative values = below detection limit.

Point	Na23	Mg24	K39	Ca43	Cr53	Mn55	Fe56	Fe57	Ni60	Cu65	Zn66	Zn67	As75	Rb85	Sr88	Ag107	Sb121	Cs133	Ba138	Au197	Pb208	Bi209
LD7113A/42.80m																						
A-18a	19670	181	6049	5057	-56	139	-489	1025	62	-11	64	99	607	8	14	5	2	2	48	-3	26	-1
A-18b	19670	1555	4911	187180	-140	3808	2730	3273	-24	76	232	337	764	11	67	-2	36	4	1444	-6	149	-3
A-18c	19670	1909	5179	267866	-125	4966	5890	3638	-22	96	261	442	827	10	94	-2	37	4	1949	-6	190	-2
LD7113A/67.50m																						
A-4	48000	64	7673	-53190	-605	658	-6282	-2117	89	923	228	529	3317	-14	280	-10	140	-12	58	-23	960	-10
A-1	48000	1011	7106	25086	-147	741	10037	5262	139	645	855	3050	1328	29	279	19	116	7	90	-4	783	10
A-8	48000	7827	5907	9591	29	69	1515	754	107	26	61	44	481	15	44	0	11	3	61	-1	280	0
A-6	48000	4078	8068	4132	-24	33	10258	3847	105	142	53	47	309	22	127	1	18	5	39	-1	22	1
F-2 (2a)	33440	1967	6932	24506	117	390	10567574	1846222	1232	1108	359	351	2557	30	299	7	209	21	60	-4	694	112
F-2 (3a)	33440	467	9994	-6662	189	179	315689	108757	70	31	137	193	14838	35	278	-3	34	12	97	-4	997	3
A-2a	33440	40	4745	-8525	-124	152	-4713	776	-35	339	140	112	823	19	234	-2	64	5	16	-6	385	-3
A-2b	33440	4805	3952	18875	1401	390	42320	8139	21191	408	707	311	3880	12	318	6	47	-3	184	-6	506	-5
F-2 (2b)	33440	464	7439	43057	-57	499	2639469	438221	280	88	138	87	914	16	453	-1	42	7	27	-3	96	2
F-2 (3b)	33440	155	9533	-3577	-59	73	41794	468	15	14	23	34	2090	18	228	-2	39	7	34	-2	446	-1
F-2 (3c)	33440	32	7771	-5257	-86	129	-2790	-450	-19	-14	-16	-39	2070	17	197	-2	98	6	4	-3	1220	-2
LD7113A/135.50m																						
B-13a	26790	1715	24613	15946	252	217	7850	3872	784	28	207	244	353	30	292	-1	48	6	1587	-3	563	-1
B-13b	26790	44023	390370	-269847	-4226	-660	86370	87351	-687	-1009	-1105	-3857	-1452	497	1203	-68	-131	-58	45174	-134	807	-69
B-104	26790	2486	25645	-17582	251	474	36372	11618	137	429	1126	1250	230	51	269	6	69	5	1098	-13	731	-5
E-206	42330	54	-260	6848	-121	-15	-1979	-459	-24	-18	-25	77	-36	-2	495	-2	-3	-1	182	-4	8	-2
E-207	42330	152	105	452	-3	1	-30	21	-1	2	1	-2	2	0	7	0	0	0	2	0	1	0
E-208	42330	5187	2301	9688	118	299	18601	12410	1172	132	325	299	25	8	255	-1	-1	1	98	-1	15	18
B-104	26790	5369	19461	-77327	-1083	270	-18072	10906	-327	-225	732	-911	-488	64	462	-24	127	15	1097	-59	1965	-22
LD7113A/173.05m																						
B-21	15066	7118	7710	-18527	280	78	2353	3278	255	2075	384	1849	107	11	106	-4	23	-4	108	-9	105	-4
B-209	15066	9987	16270	20322	-253	43	20513	8255	106	4761	312	338	372	42	195	7	51	-3	1493	-7	233	350
B-210	15066	3080	22280	7682	-144	-21	10764	10494	278	1330	123	310	116	35	233	-2	11	3	2093	-6	216	-2

Table 3 - PIXE analysis results of selected fluid inclusions in two samples. Values are in ppm, Point means the position/fluid inclusion that underwent analysis.

point	Cl	K	Ca	Ti	Mn	Fe	Cu	Zn	Ge	As	Br	Rb	Sr	Mo	Ru	Ag	Sn	Sb	Cs L	Ba L	Pb L	
LD7113A/67.50m																						
A-9	deep	48035	145817	<1321	841	19499	848	<626	<650	890	1115	<1310	<1388	<2997	<4811	<8839	<16833	<21977	10087	12371	2004	
A-12		39768	6875	32747	<484	753	10376	<471	880	799	<304	645	<1072	<1060	<2282	<3639	<6615	<12468	<15347	3942	3145	1138
F-1	deep	191121	467157	<533	3415	10983	<251	637	202	<160	1902	<696	26431	771	<960	<1762	<3353	<4377	<2705	12474	3683	
F-2	deep	7771	5752	<183	<97	5209	94	<69	117	124	<104	<183	<197	<430	<689	<1260	<2389	<3115	1742	1257	<113	
F-4	deep	14056	15630	<245	215	9411	688	123	<62	1386	253	<171	385	<387	<621	<1142	<2176	<2687	2627	3850	462	
F-6		8025	3130	2042	<93	<71	5512	305	102	<48	274	158	<115	158	<248	<397	<723	<1365	<1681	551	582	103
F-7		17099	1834	612	<58	<35	803	64	31	<38	106	<100	<159	<189	<421	<673	<1229	<2460	<3033	322	308	<109
F-8		29407	11031	16323	<240	349	7010	200	238	<79	1079	271	<233	374	<528	<847	<1551	<2945	<3634	2014	1177	983
F-102		23286	6988	8066	<743	<575	16373	1045	970	<569	985	<1505	<2388	<2855	<6295	<10039	<18255	<34412	<44786	5744	3144	<1654
LD7113A/ 135.50m																						
B2-13	deep	2851	8001	<244	<126	234	<122	<117	135	<99	229	<268	2267	<669	<1008	<1951	<3703	<4569	1382	1834	411	
E-14		282367	383168	13643	1832	<586	89555	685	<528	964	889	<607	<1737	<1270	<2694	<4309	<7869	<14897	<18362	8574	21335	<773
E2-15		373583	102869	35334	<1024	<666	51424	745	5403	676	<753	4266	<3250	9842	<6436	<10259	<18644	<35128	<43235	<4626	12398	6707
E-16		34542	38404	8567	<558	<272	33699	317	431	431	658	<329	<598	<680	<1476	<2220	<4324	<8197	<10109	5700	10223	<389
E-107		<12242	142575	34365	1818	<773	78287	1026	<764	660	858	<1231	<2548	<2566	<5521	<8813	<16047	<30290	<37305	8756	13627	<1432
B-21		16358	5341	6772	<426	<330	19102	3104	333	<279	511	<742	<1224	<1407	<3085	<4913	<8917	<16777	<21819	<1861	3866	<837
B-22		74921	4792	5934	<708	<502	15160	1147	905	775	571	<1113	<1760	<2121	<4652	<7423	<13488	<25420	<33080	5298	4993	<1203
B2-2		70340	6258	11880	<636	<414	36172	1038	456	638	<395	<785	<1378	1622	<3436	<5478	<9957	<18763	<23096	7281	4358	<958
B-23		265547	19266	57069	<1516	<877	57665	986	1102	1220	<636	1989	<2332	7837	<5474	<8736	<15910	<30036	<36994	14700	19642	3511

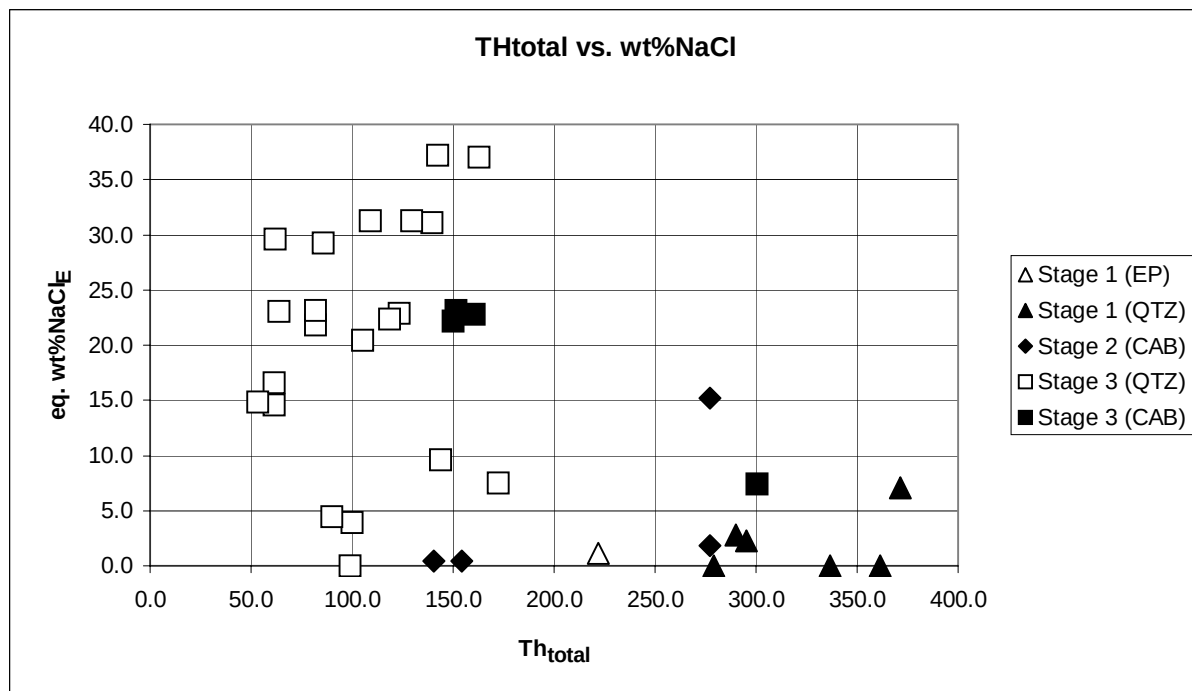


Fig. 13A. Equivalent weight % NaCl versus total homogenization temperature.

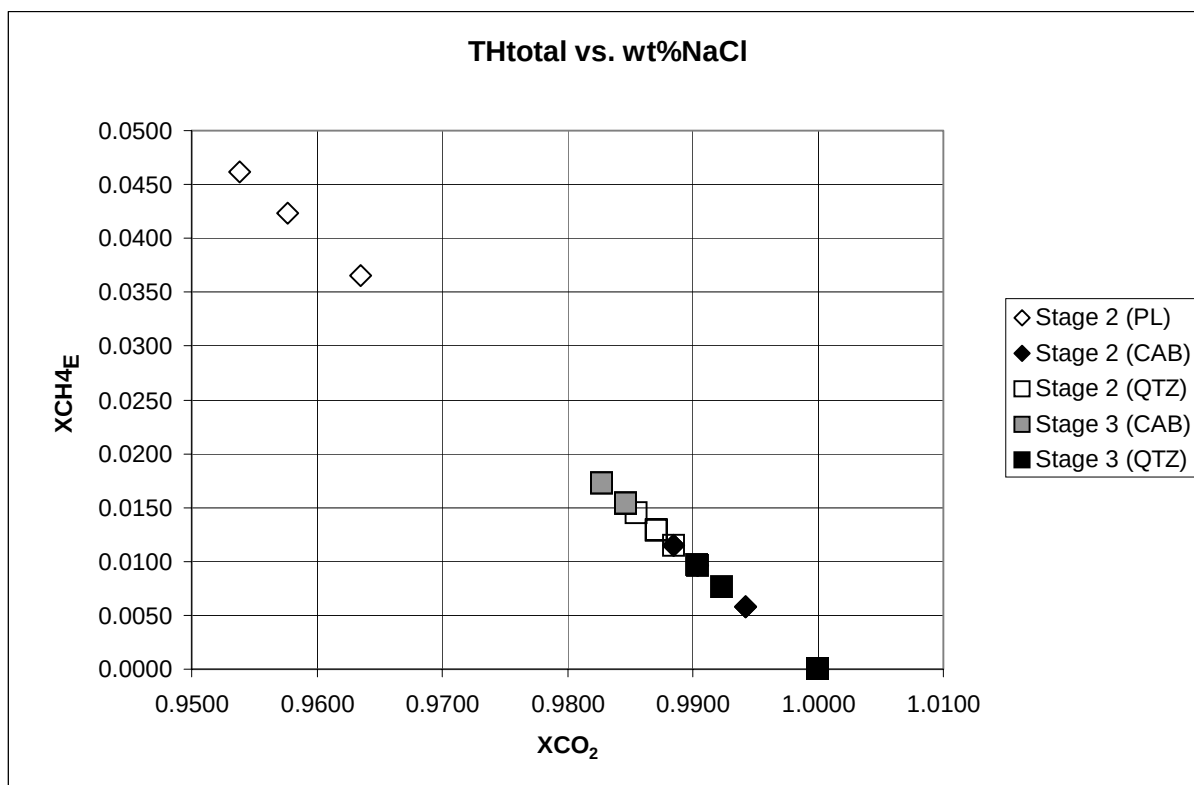


Fig.13B. X_{CH_4} versus X_{CO_2} .

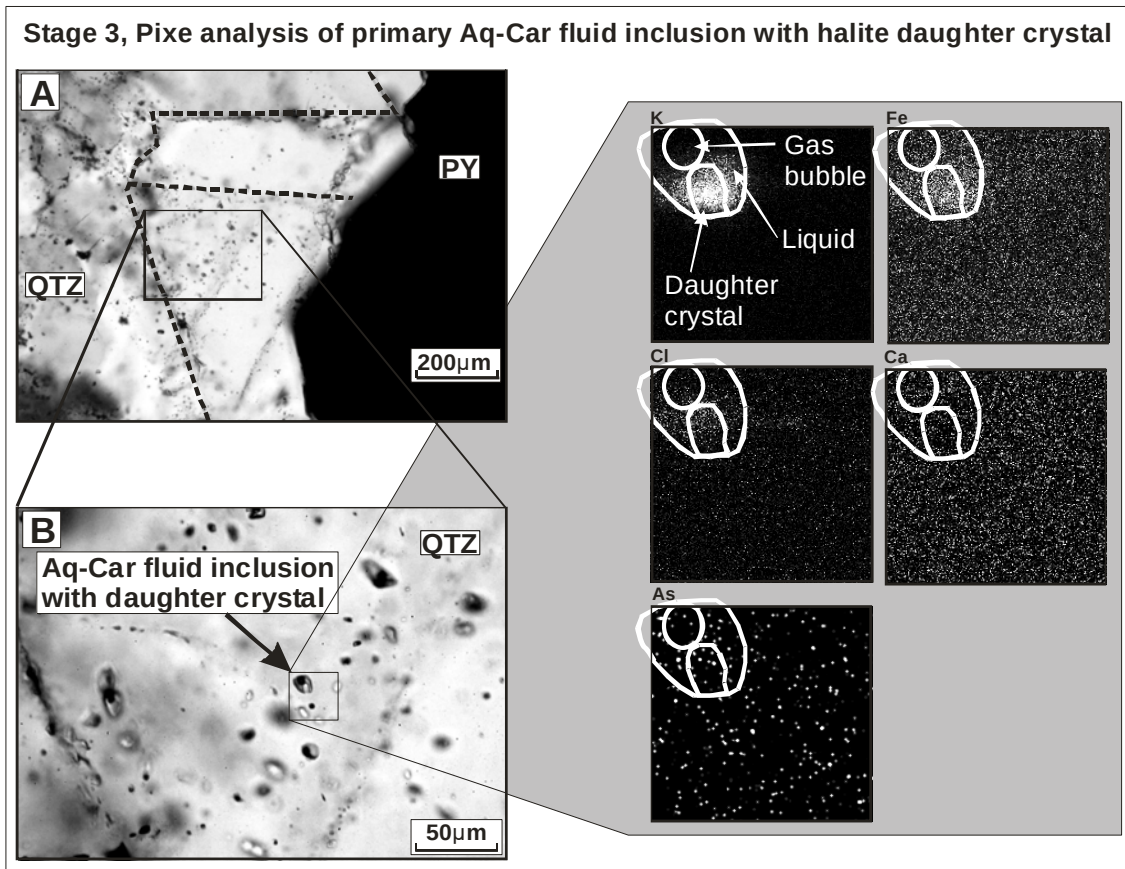


Fig. 14A. Euhedral quartz crystal has grown from a pyrite crystal (post-pyrite); **B.** Primary Aq-Car fluid inclusion with a halite daughter crystal that was analysed with PIXE; **C.** PIXE image for K, Fe, Cl, Ca and As. Important to note that these late fluid inclusions (stage 3) trapped only halite as daughter crystal, no calcium was detected in the inclusion like from stage 2.

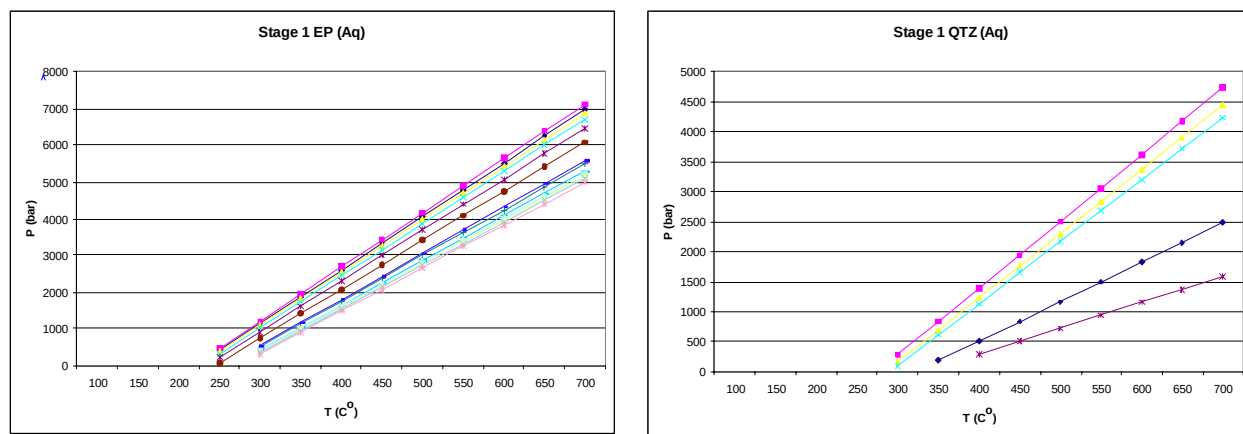


Fig. 15A. Selected isochores for aqueous inclusion associated with stage 1 hydrothermal alteration.

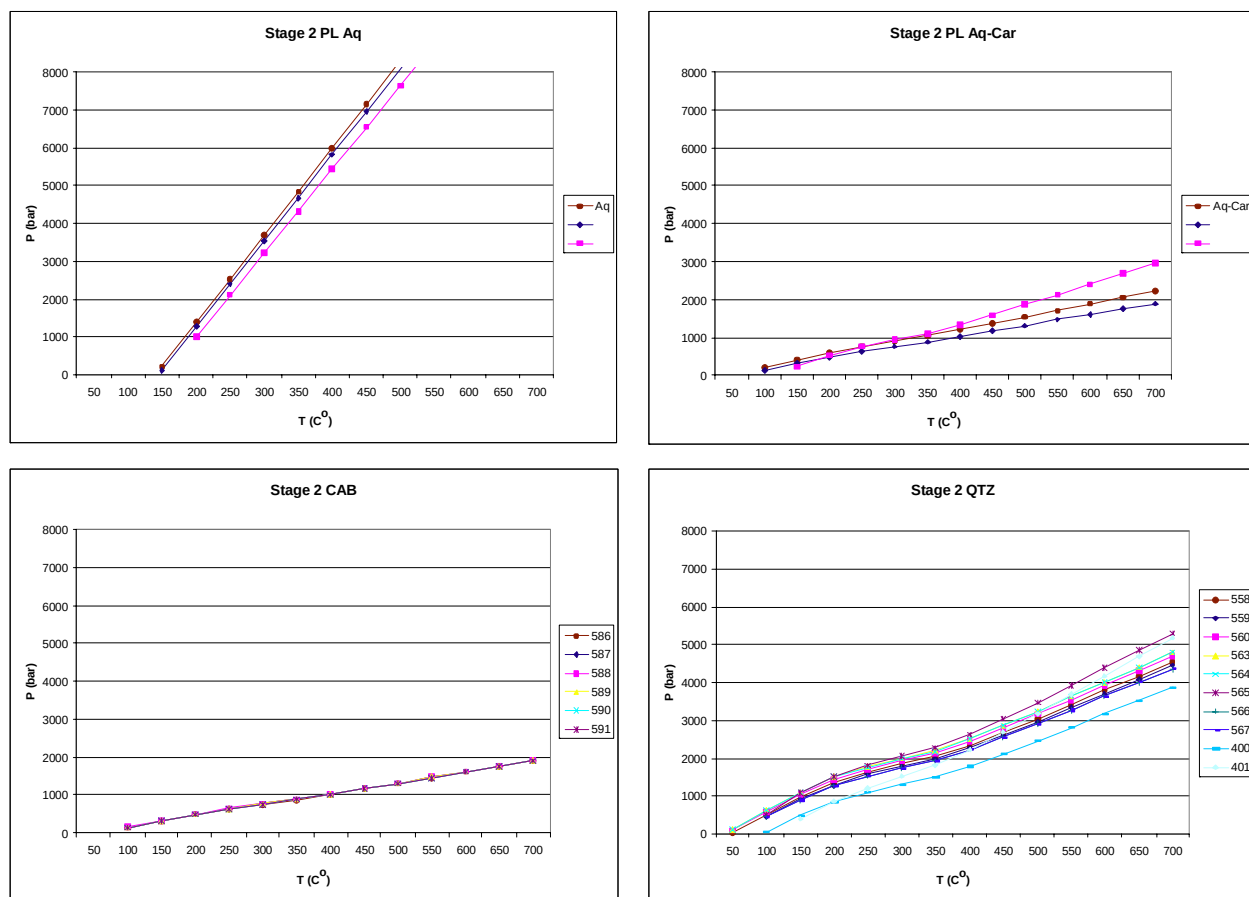


Fig. 15B. Selected isochores for aqueous and aqueous-carbonic inclusion associated with stage 2 hydrothermal alteration.

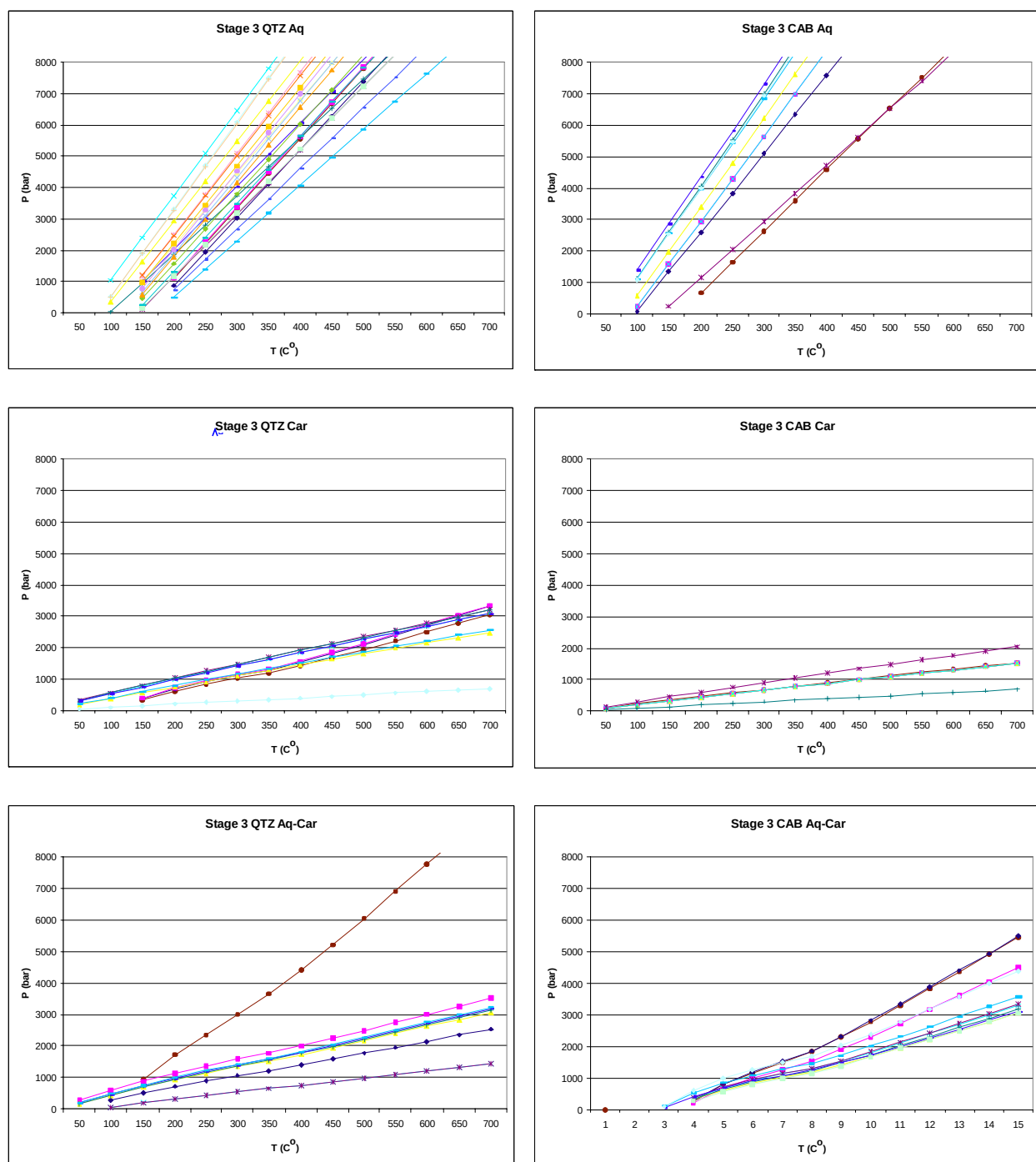


Fig. 15C. Selected isochores for aqueous, aqueous-carbonic and carbonic inclusion associated with stage 3 hydrothermal alteration.