



Australian Government
Geoscience Australia

Implications of AEM for uranium in the Paterson area

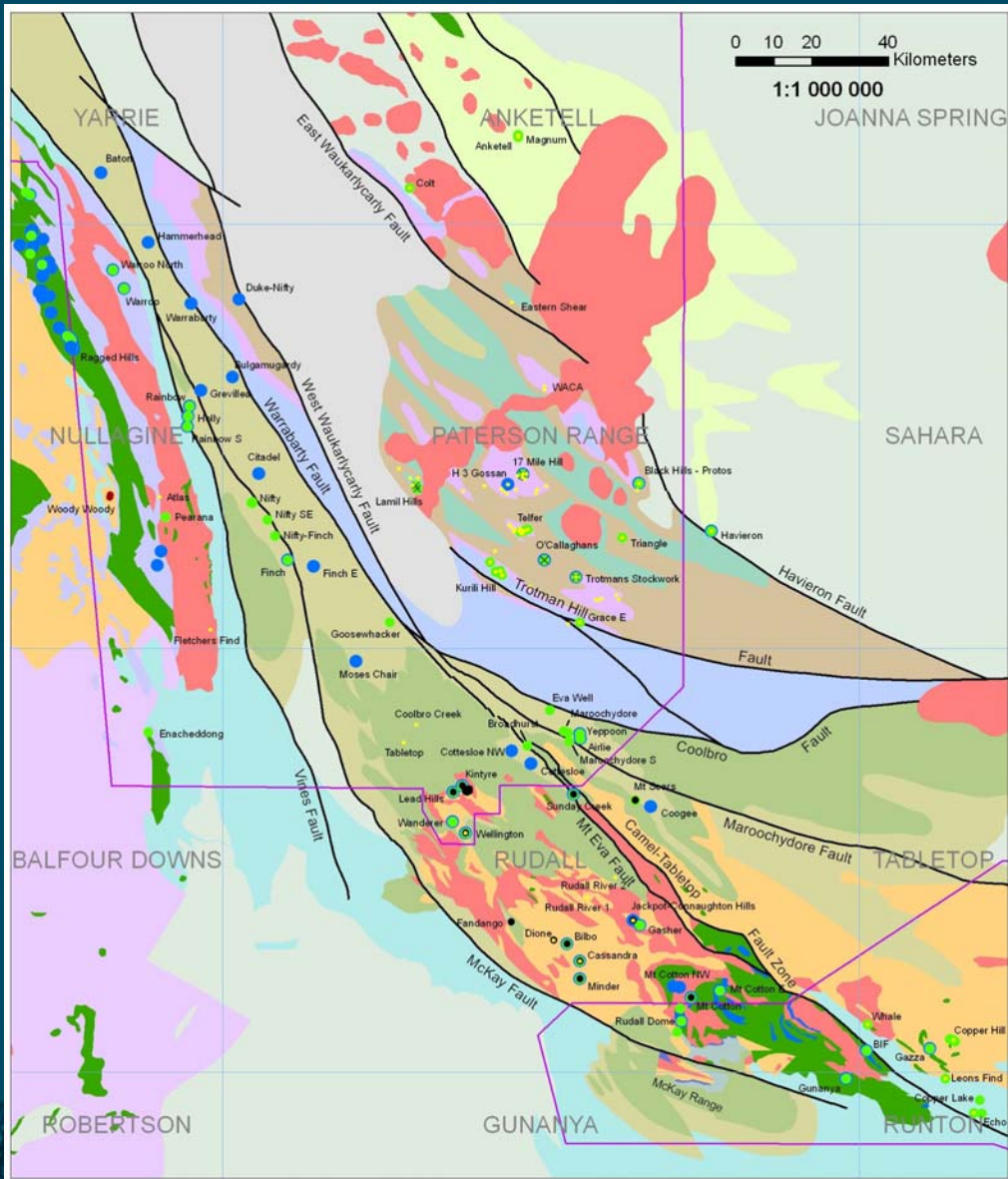
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Outline of this presentation

- Miles mineral system :
 - late stage of Yeneena Basin development
 - initial inversion of Yeneena Basin during Miles Orogeny
- Implications of AEM for uranium in Paterson :
 - Unconformity related uranium mineral system
 - U-Cu mineral system associated with the Broadhurst-Coolbro contact
 - Sandstone-hosted uranium mineral system
 - Calcrete-hosted uranium mineral system

Mineral occurrences & deposits in Paterson



- Most known U in Rudall Complex (Coolbro-Rudall unconformity)
- Association of U with Cu-Pb-Zn
- Newly interpreted major faults:
 - East Waukarlycarly Fault
 - Havieron Fault
 - Trotman Hill Fault
 - West Waukarlycarly Fault
 - Coolbro Fault
 - Maroochydore Fault

- Au
- U
- Cu
- Zn & Pb
- Mn
- × W

New geochronology

~~~~~ Paterson Orogeny ~ 650 Ma ~~~~~

~~~~~ Miles Orogeny ~ 810 Ma ~~~~~

Tarcunyah
Group

Lamil Group

Throssell Range Group

----- ~ 860 Ma -----

felsic intrusions @ 1590-1550 Ma

~~~~~ Yapungku Orogeny ~ 1800-1760 Ma ~~~~~

Rudall Complex



# Miles mineral system

## Two-event model:

### 840-830 Ma: late Yeneena Basin development

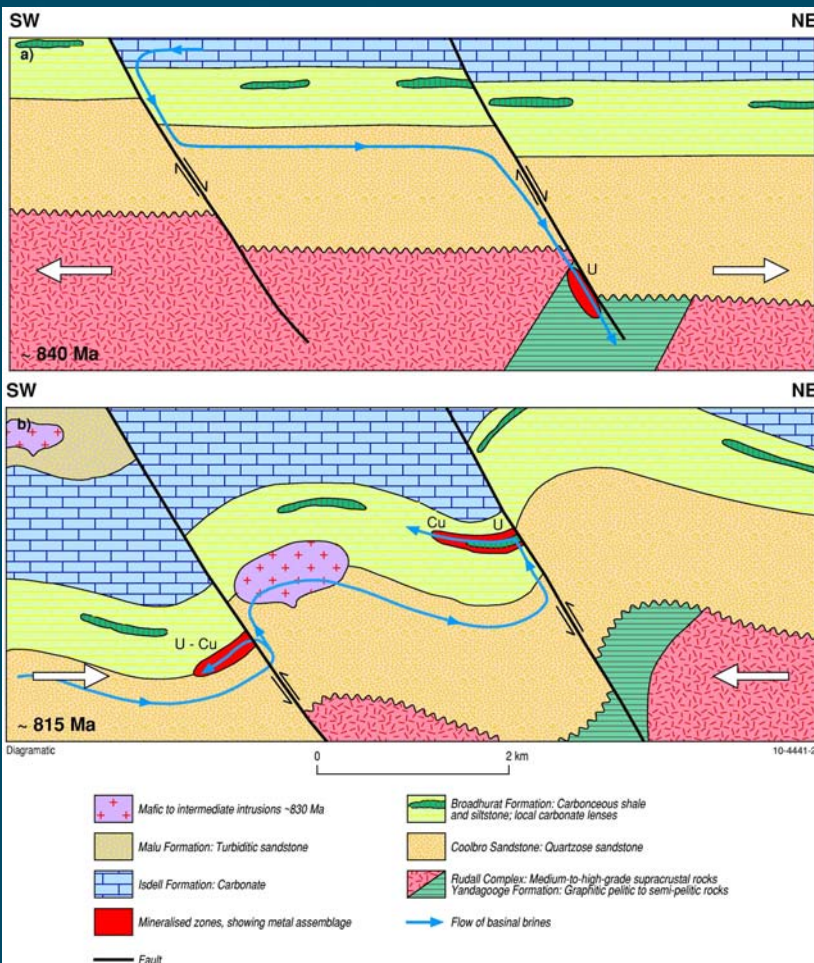
- extension - downward fluid movement
- basin thickness >10km
- basinal brines during diagenesis
- additional heat flow: mafic intrusions (835-835 Ma)
- trap rocks in basement → deposition of U, Cu-Zn-Pb, Au, and platinum group

### 830-810 Ma: initial inversion of Yeneena Basin

- normal faults during basin formation → thrusts, & folding
- upward fluid movement
- fluids interact with traps at the Coolbro-Broadhurst contact, or carbonaceous and carbonate-rich intervals at higher levels in Broadhurst Formation
- Cu, U and other metals, also as consequence of reduction
- enriched in Cu – ~830Ma mafic rocks as Cu sources

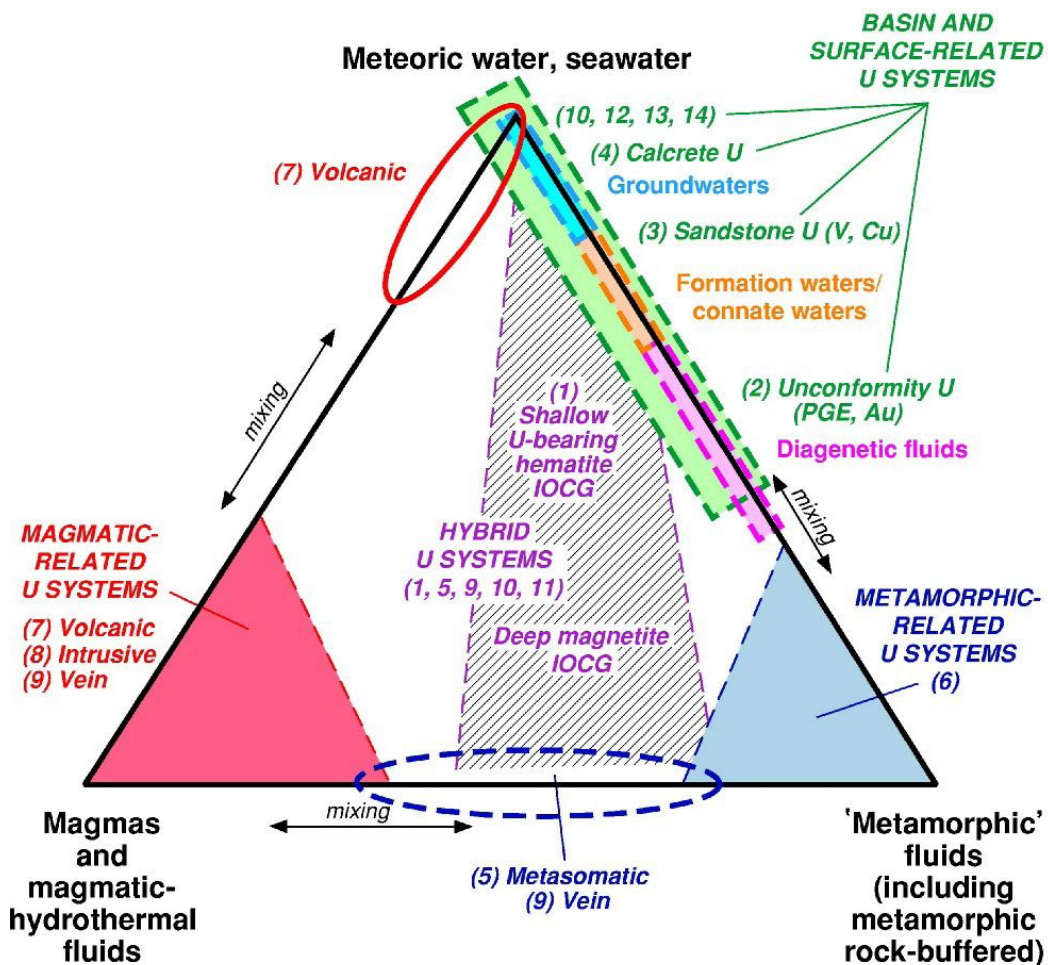
### U, Cu & U-Cu-Zn-Pb mineral systems & zoning

- deposit scale
- regional scale



# Uranium mineral systems in Paterson

## URANIUM MINERAL SYSTEMS AND FLUIDS



## Basinal fluid related:

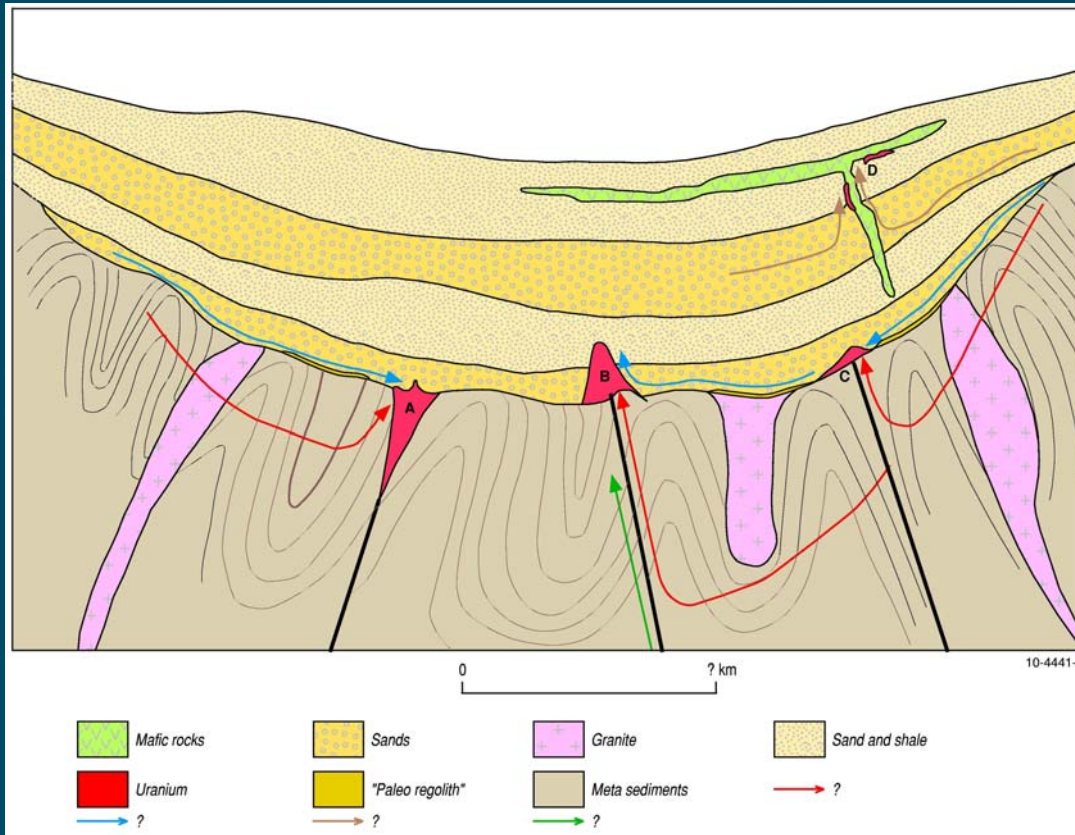
- Unconformity-related U
- Diagenetic fluid-related U-Cu
- Sandstone-hosted U
- Calcrete-hosted U

## NEXT: U mineral systems in Paterson

after Skirrow et al. (2009)



# Unconformity related uranium system



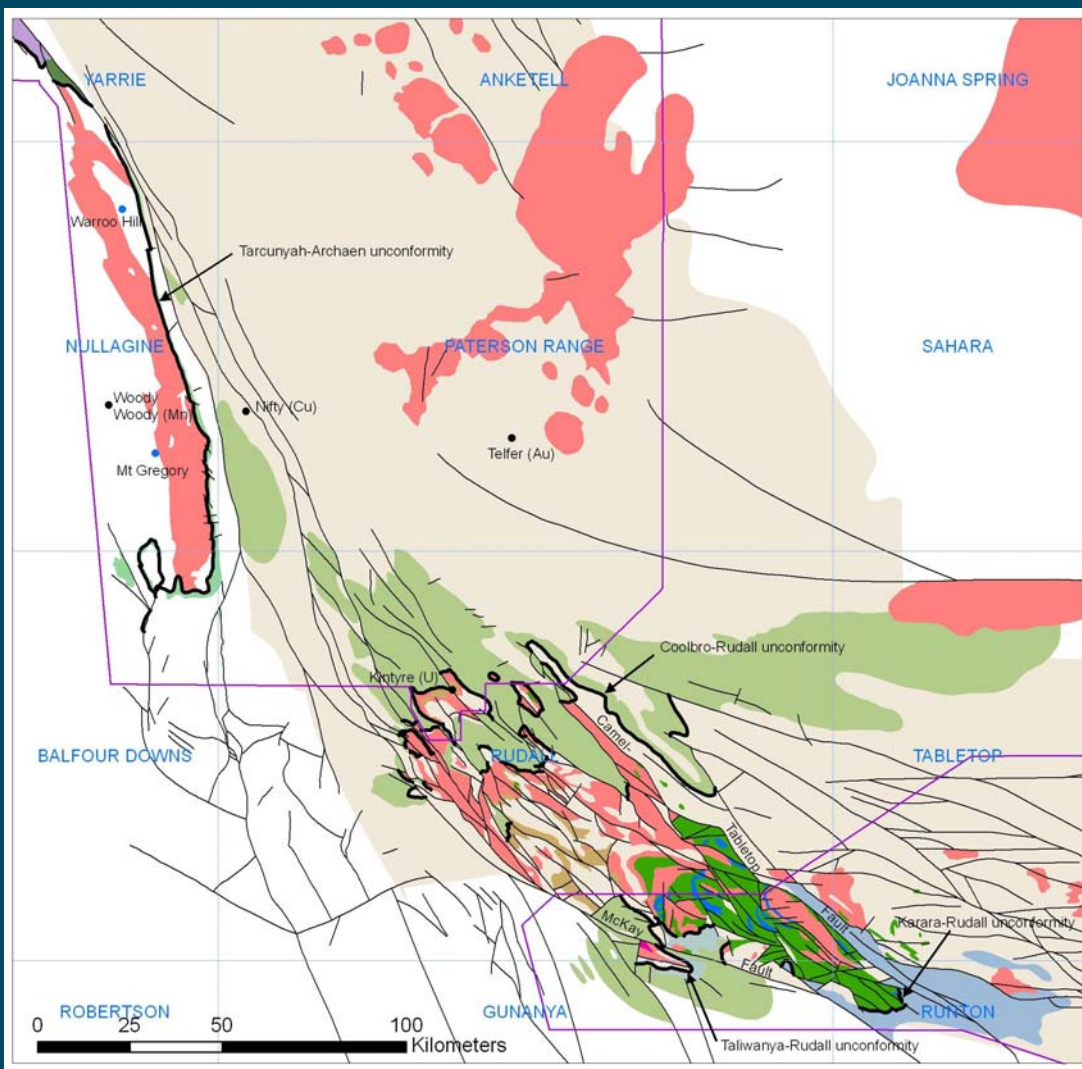
## Critical components :

- unconformity
- uranium-rich source rocks
- thick (5-7km) fluvial sandstone package
- reductants
- faults

## closely associated with unconformity:

- spatially (with 100s m of unconformity)
- process (fluid movement along unconformity & faults)

# Neoproterozoic unconformities in Paterson



## Tarcunyah-Archean

- Eel Creek, Waroongunyah, & Googehnama Fms **over** Archean Pilbara Craton & Fortescue Basin

## Yeneena-Rudall

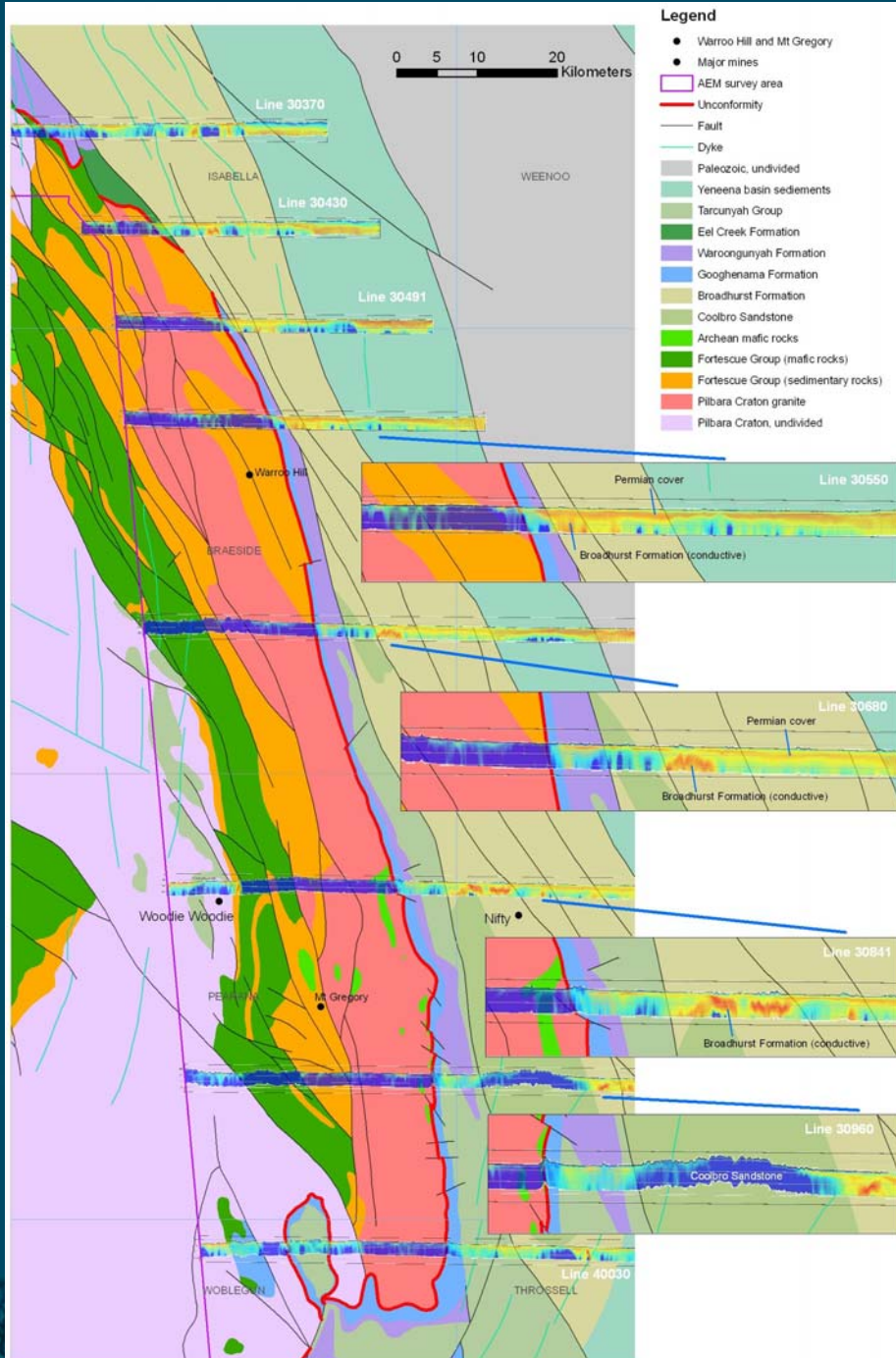
- Coolbro Sandstone **over** Rudall Complex
- Coolbro Sandstone-Taliwanya Formation **over** Rudall Complex

## Karara-Rudall

- Karara Formation **over** Rudall Complex

**NEXT: Tarcunyah-Archean unconformity**





## Tarcunyah-Archean unconformity:

- Cover: Eel Creek, Waroongunyah & Googhenama Formations
- Basement: Fortescue Basin & Pilbara Craton

## Googhenama-Archean unconformity:

- Mapped in surface & solid geology
- Depicted in AEM data

## Googhenama Formation:

- Sandstone & conglomerate (contains locally derived granitic and gneissic clasts)

## Uranium sources:

- Felsic igneous rocks in Pilbara Craton & Fortescue Basin

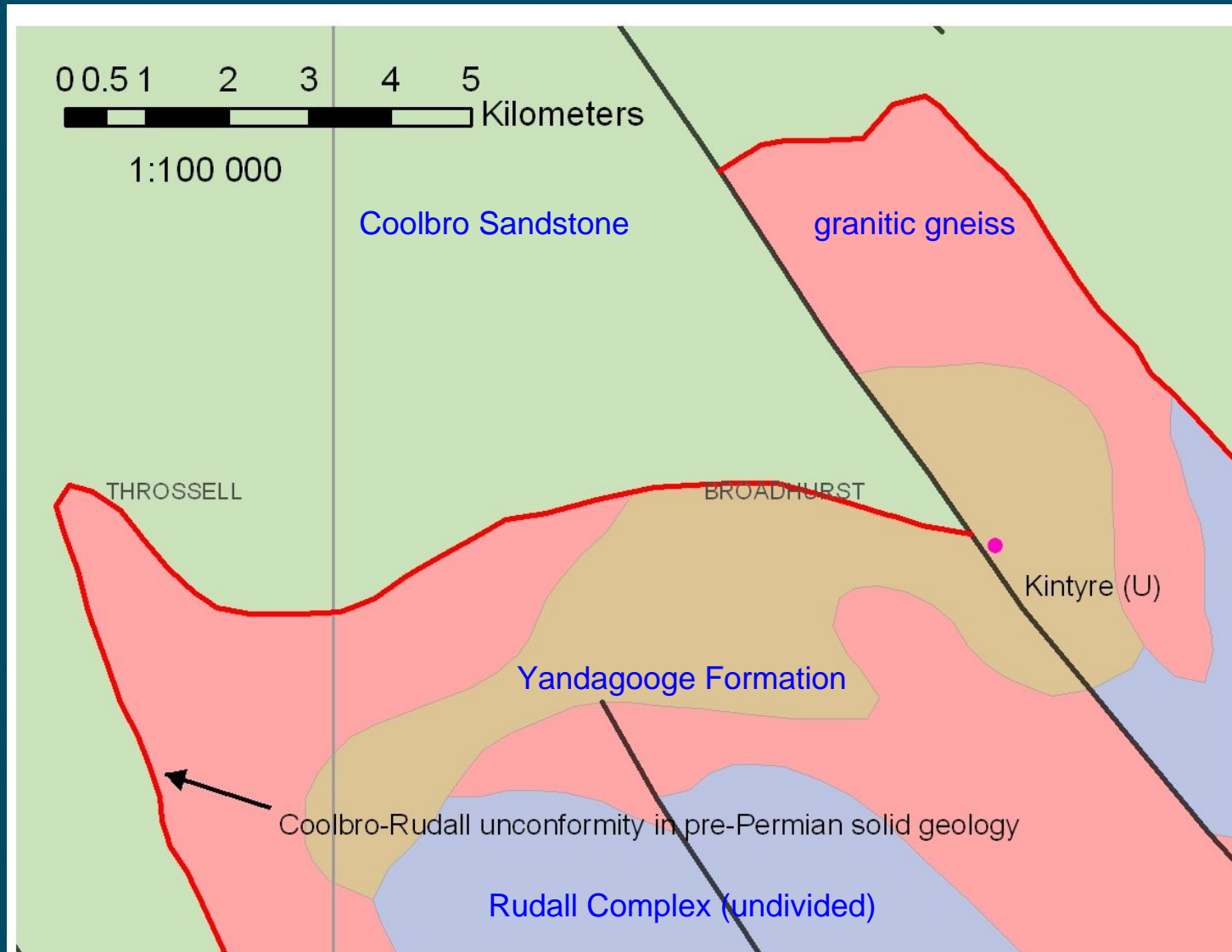
## Trap rocks:

- Pelitic sediments & mafic rocks in Fortescue Group
- Mafic igneous rocks in Pilbara Craton

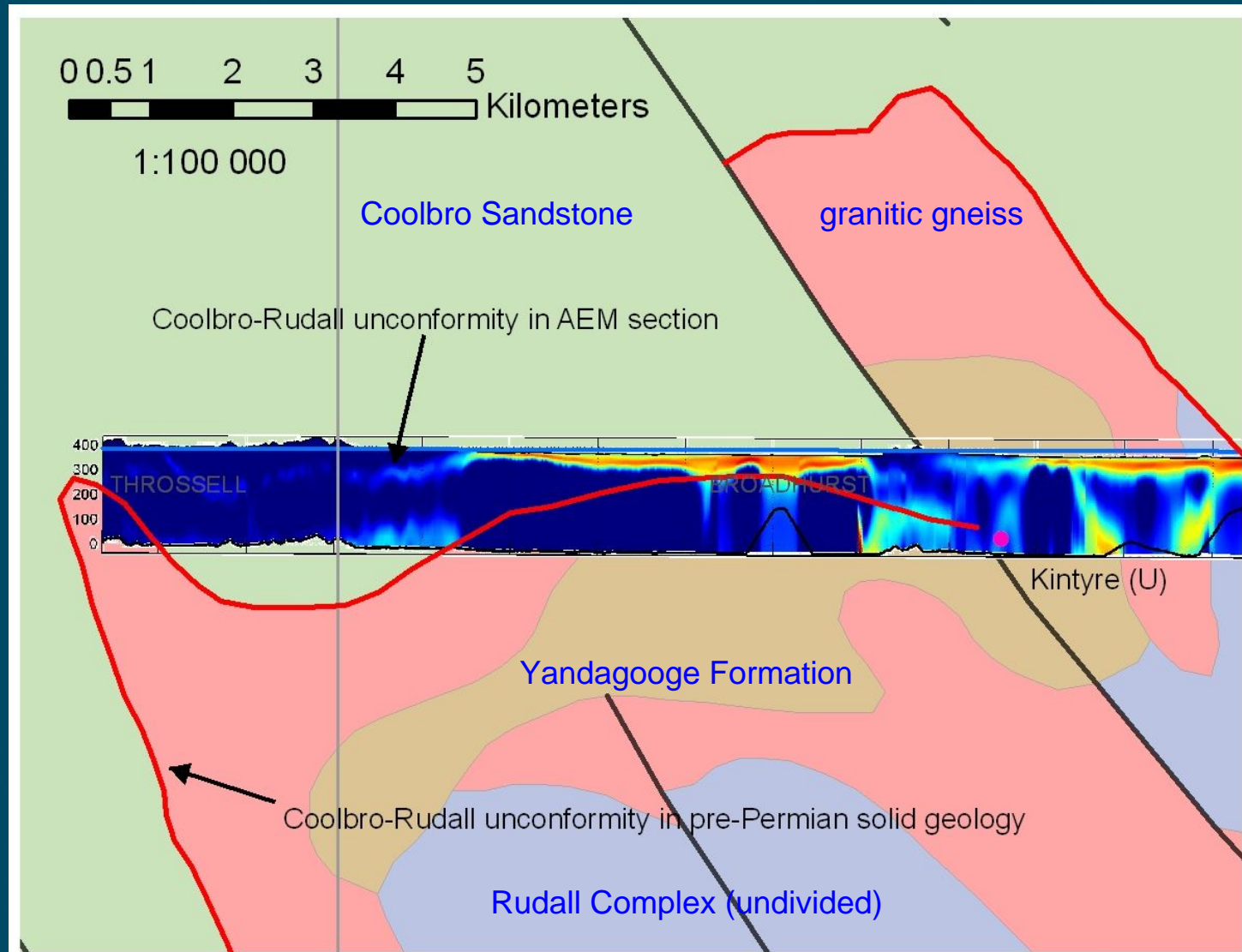
Moderate to high potential, moderate certainty

**NEXT: Coolbro-Rudall unconformity**

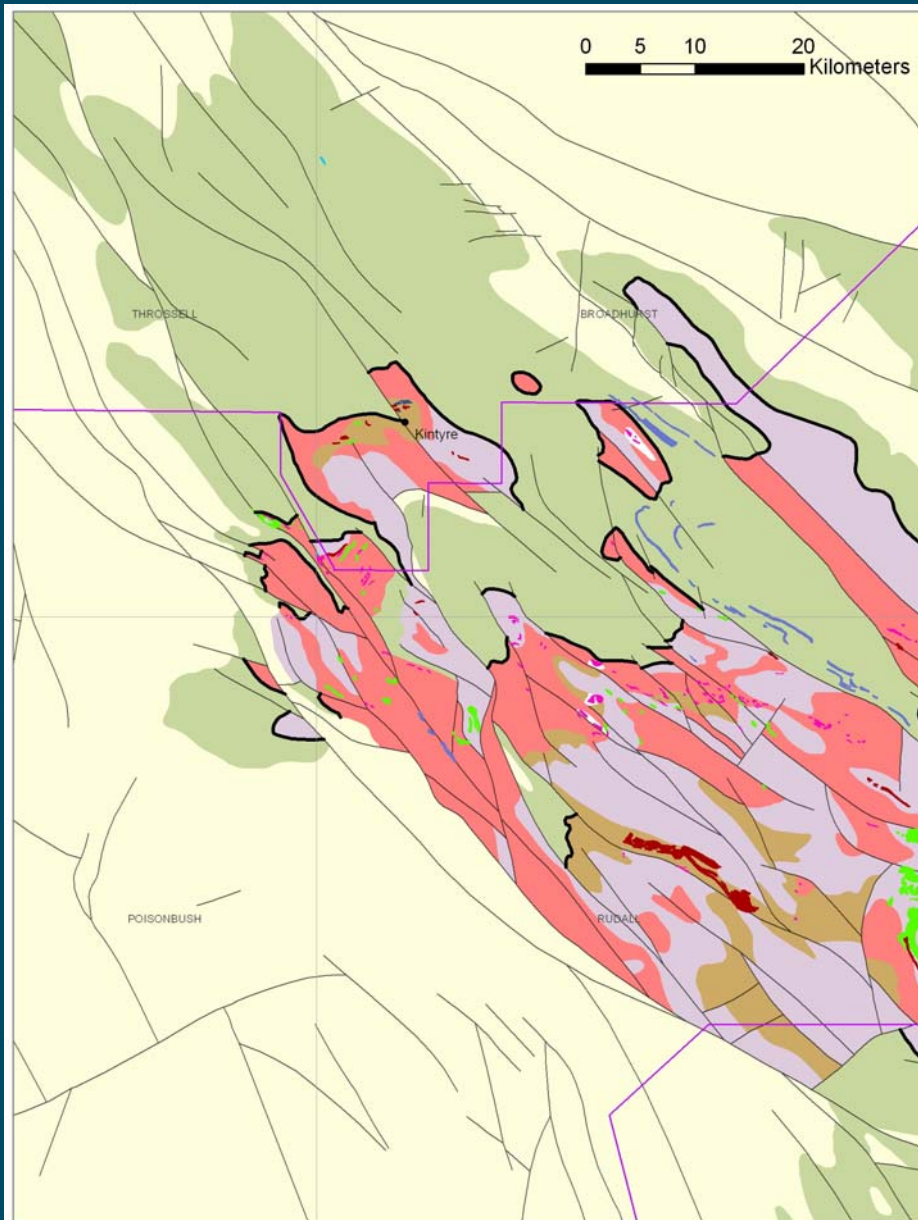
# Coolbro / Rudall unconformity



# Coolbro / Rudall unconformity







#### Legend

• Major deposit

□ AEM survey area

— Coolbro-Rudall unconformity

#### Neoproterozoic

□ undivided

□ Coolbro Sandstone

#### Rudall Complex

□ undivided

□ Granitoid gneiss

□ Yandagooge Formation

#### Reductants in Coolbro Sandstone

□ Shale and pelitic schist

□ Calcareous shale and local carbonate rock

#### Reductants in Rudall Complex

□ mafic rocks

□ ultramafic rocks

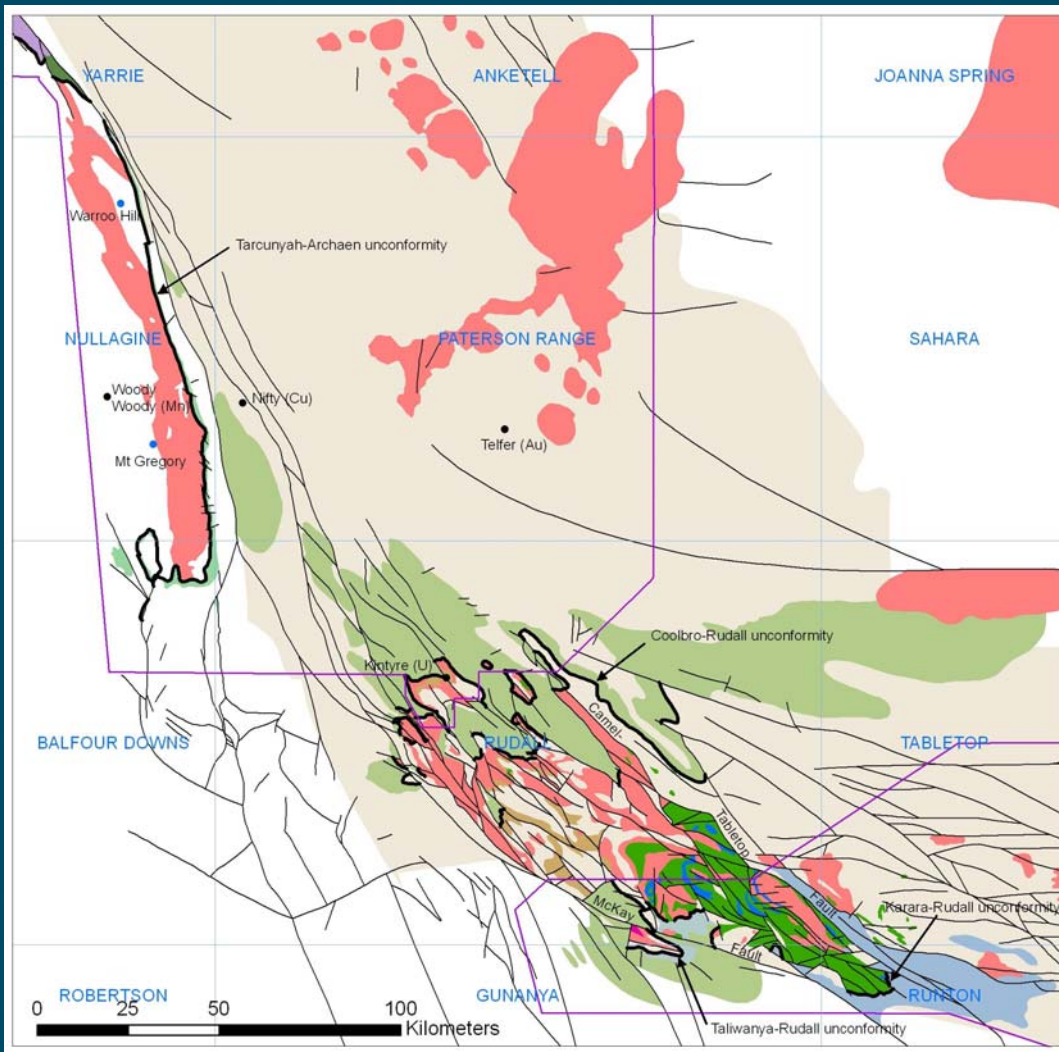
□ banded-iron-formation

□ graphitic schist

## Trap rocks in Rudall Complex & Coolbro Sst

- In Rudall Complex
  - graphitic schist (Yandagooge Fm)
  - mafic & ultramafic rocks
  - BIFs
- In Coolbro Sandstone
  - shale and pelitic schist
  - calcareous shale

# Coolbro / Rudall unconformity



## Coolbro / Rudall unconformity

- Unconformity
- U source in granitic rocks in Rudall Complex
- Coolbro Sandstone: fluvatile
- Reductants in Rudall Complex (and Coolbro Sandstone)
- Faults, particularly NNW thrusts
- High potential, high certainty

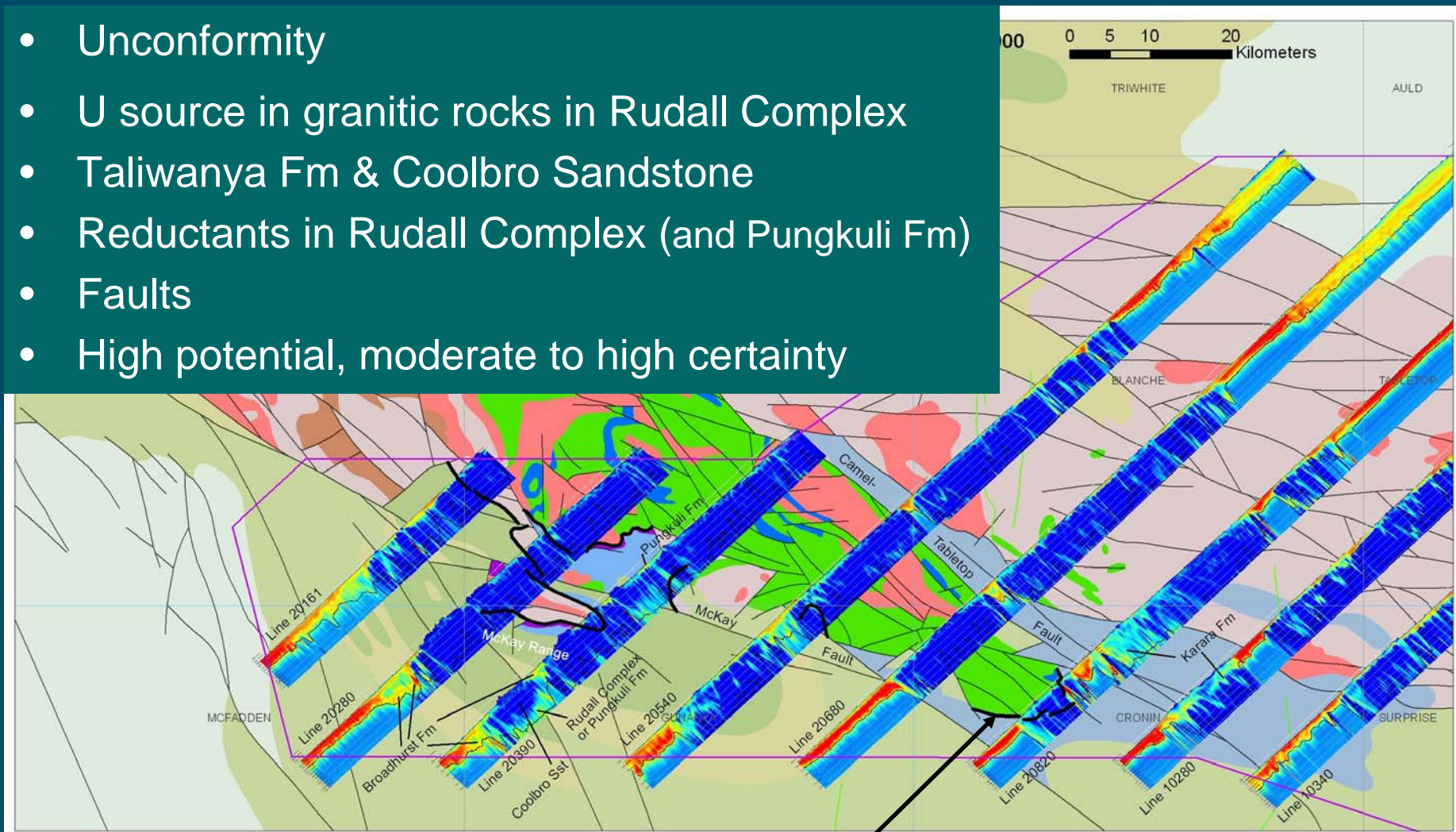
**NEXT: Taliwanya-Coolbro / Rudall unconformity**

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# Taliwanya-Coolbro / Rudall unconformity

- Unconformity
- U source in granitic rocks in Rudall Complex
- Taliwanya Fm & Coolbro Sandstone
- Reductants in Rudall Complex (and Pungkuli Fm)
- Faults
- High potential, moderate to high certainty



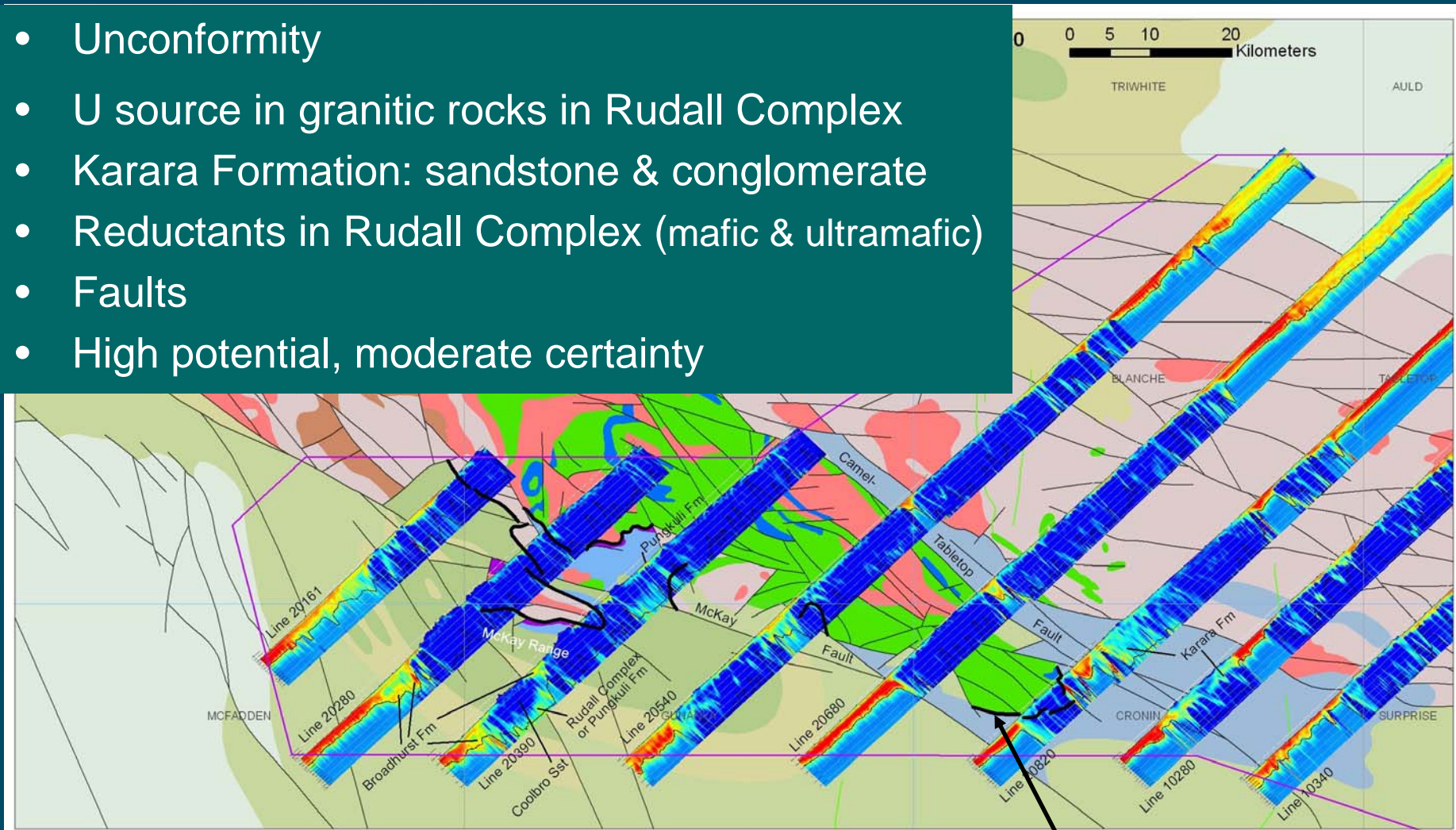
**NEXT: Karara / Rudall unconformity**

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# Karara / Rudall unconformity

- Unconformity
- U source in granitic rocks in Rudall Complex
- Karara Formation: sandstone & conglomerate
- Reductants in Rudall Complex (mafic & ultramafic)
- Faults
- High potential, moderate certainty



**NEXT: U-Cu with Broadhurst - Coolbro contact**

**Karara / Rudall unconformity**

# U-Cu mineral system associated with the Broadhurst-Coolbro contact

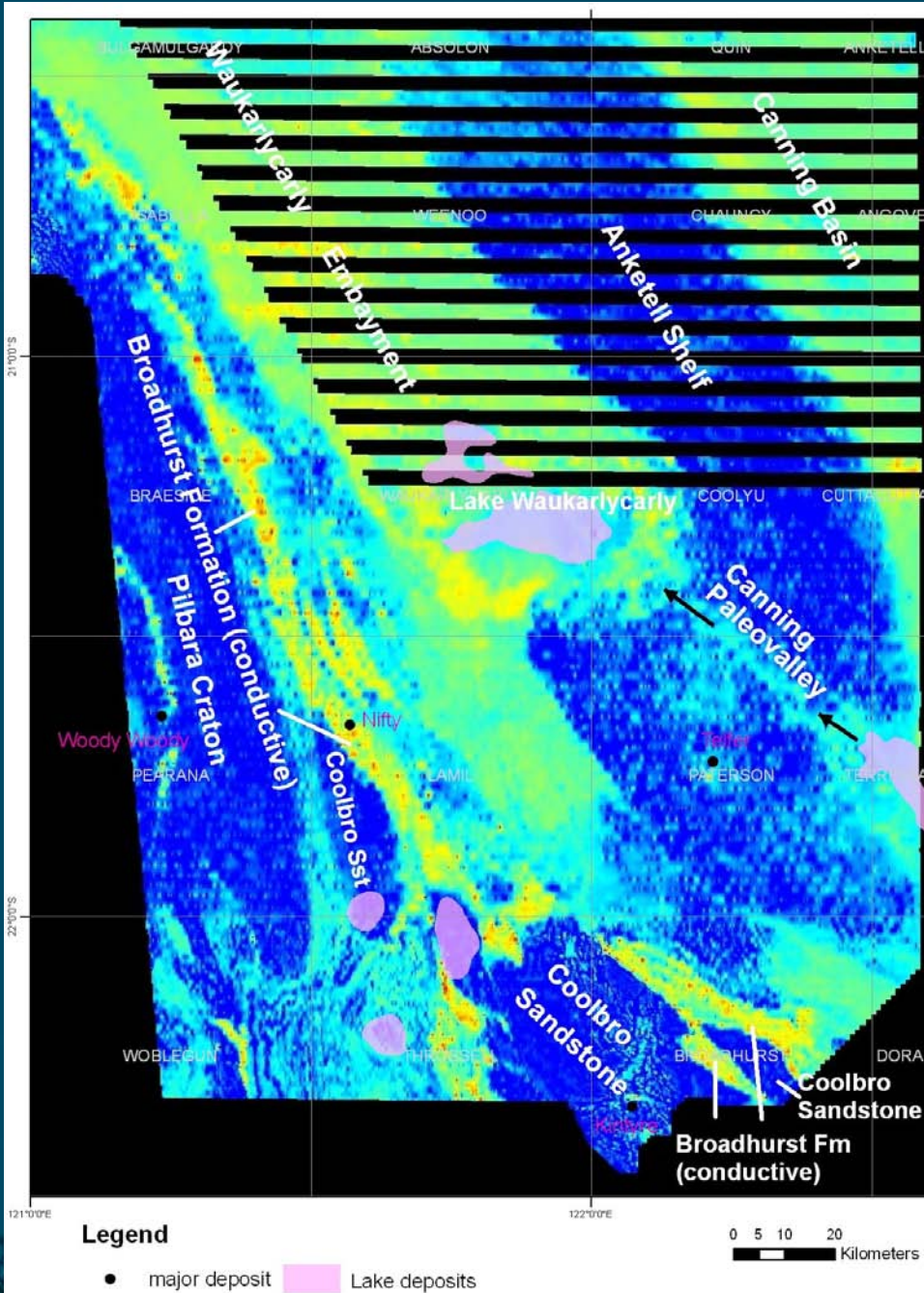
- Assessment of potential :
  - Broadhurst-Coolbro contact (solid geology)
  - Reduced parts of Broadhurst Formation
    - conductive zone (AEM data)
  - Fluid pathways (surface and solid geology)
  - Indications of alteration and deposition of uranium (surface geology mapping & remotely sensed data)
    - iron-oxide alteration zone
    - sericite composition from ASTER data

→ **Much work to be done**



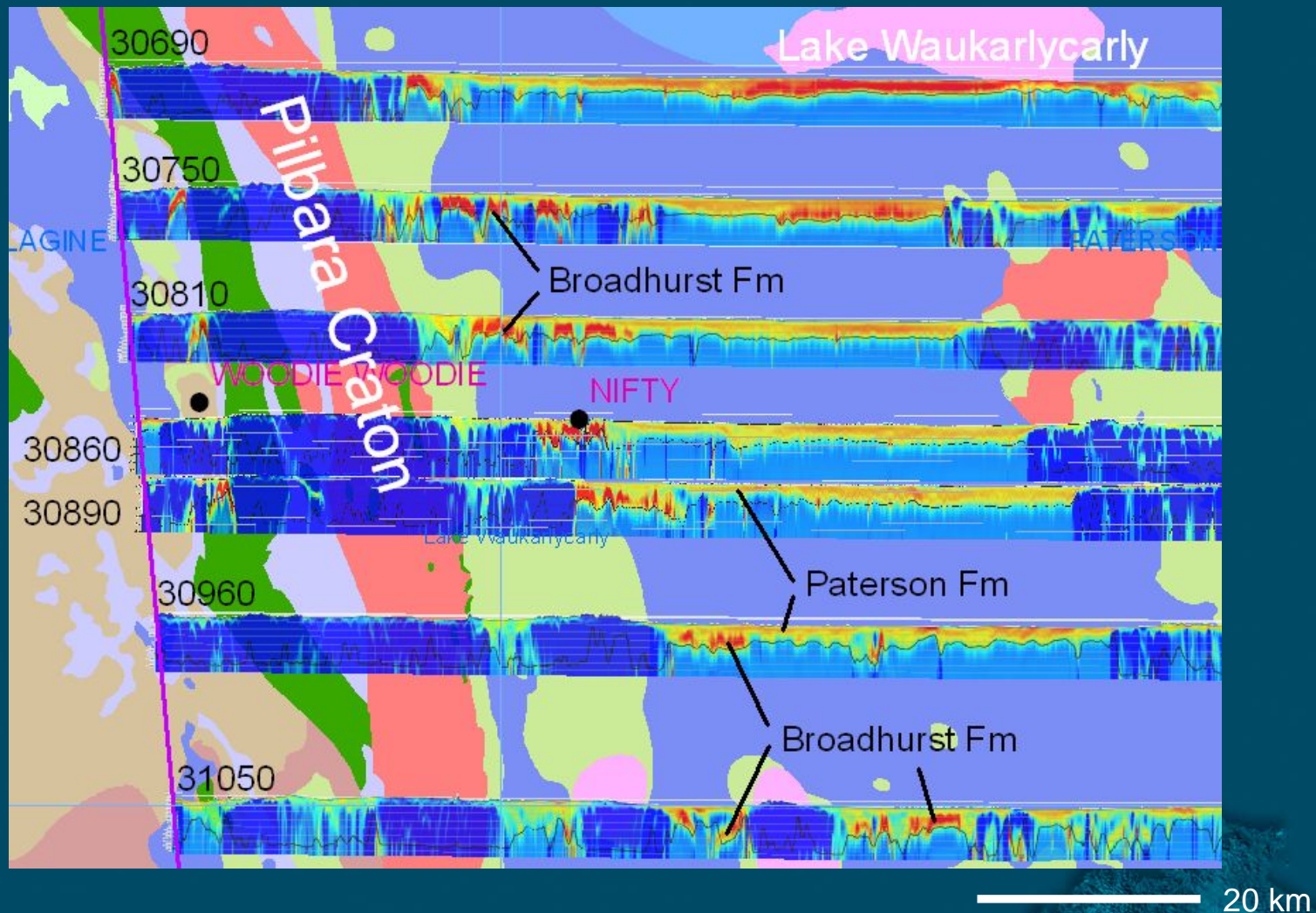
# Broadhurst Formation

- Parts very conductive
  - carbonaceous & sulfidic shale
  - up to 10% pyrite & pyrrhotite near base of unit, distinctive magnetic signature (Hickman & Clarke 1993)
- At Maroochydore
  - 70 Siemens/m in mineralised horizon & footwall carbonaceous shale (Reed 1996)
  - Map subsurface host sequence & structure
- Map regionally



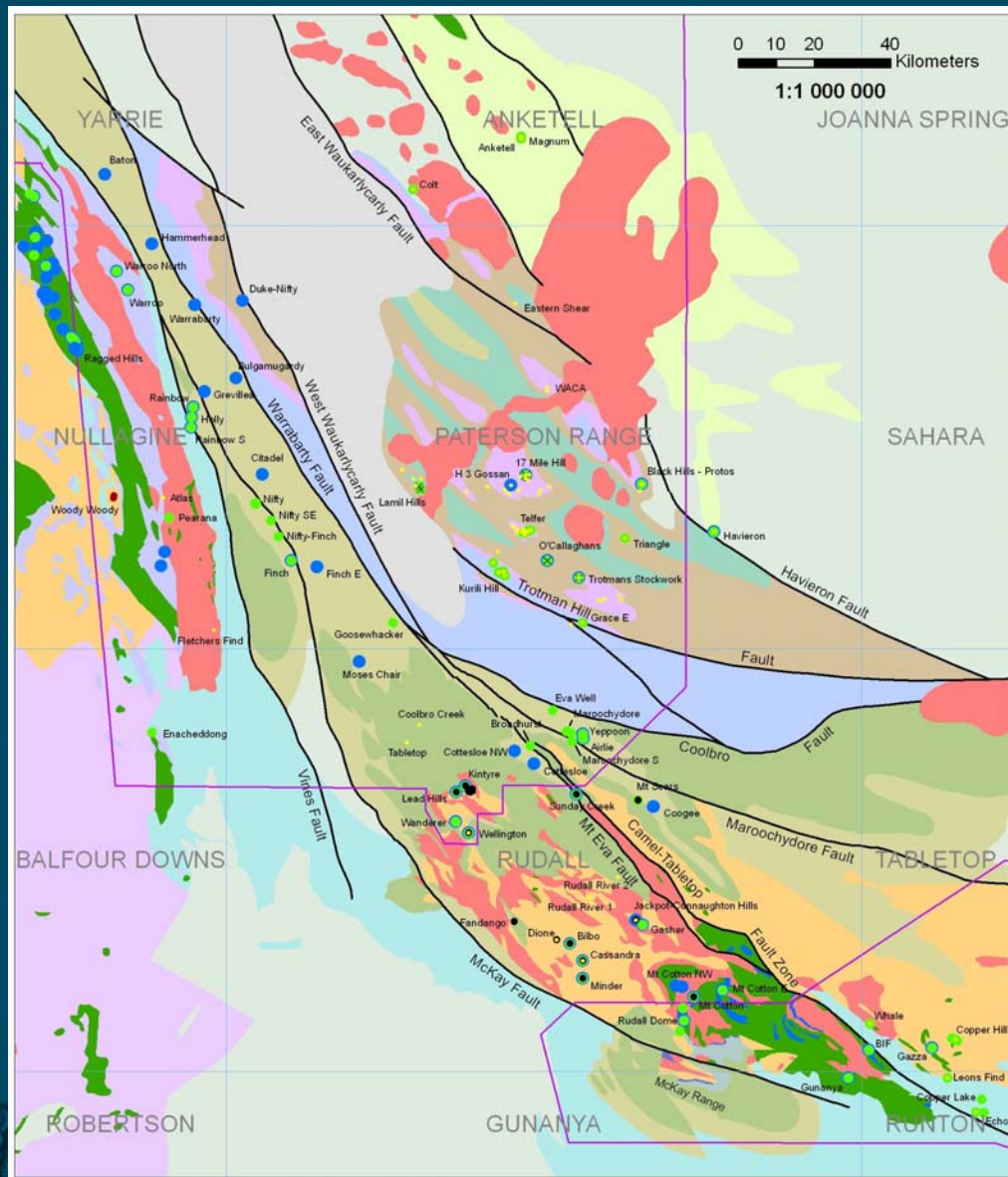


# Conductive Broadhurst Formation

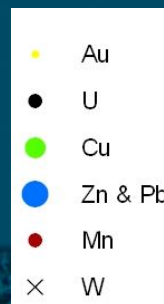


Lakes and selected AEM sections over pre-Mesozoic solid geology

# U-Cu mineral system associated with the Broadhurst-Coolbro contact



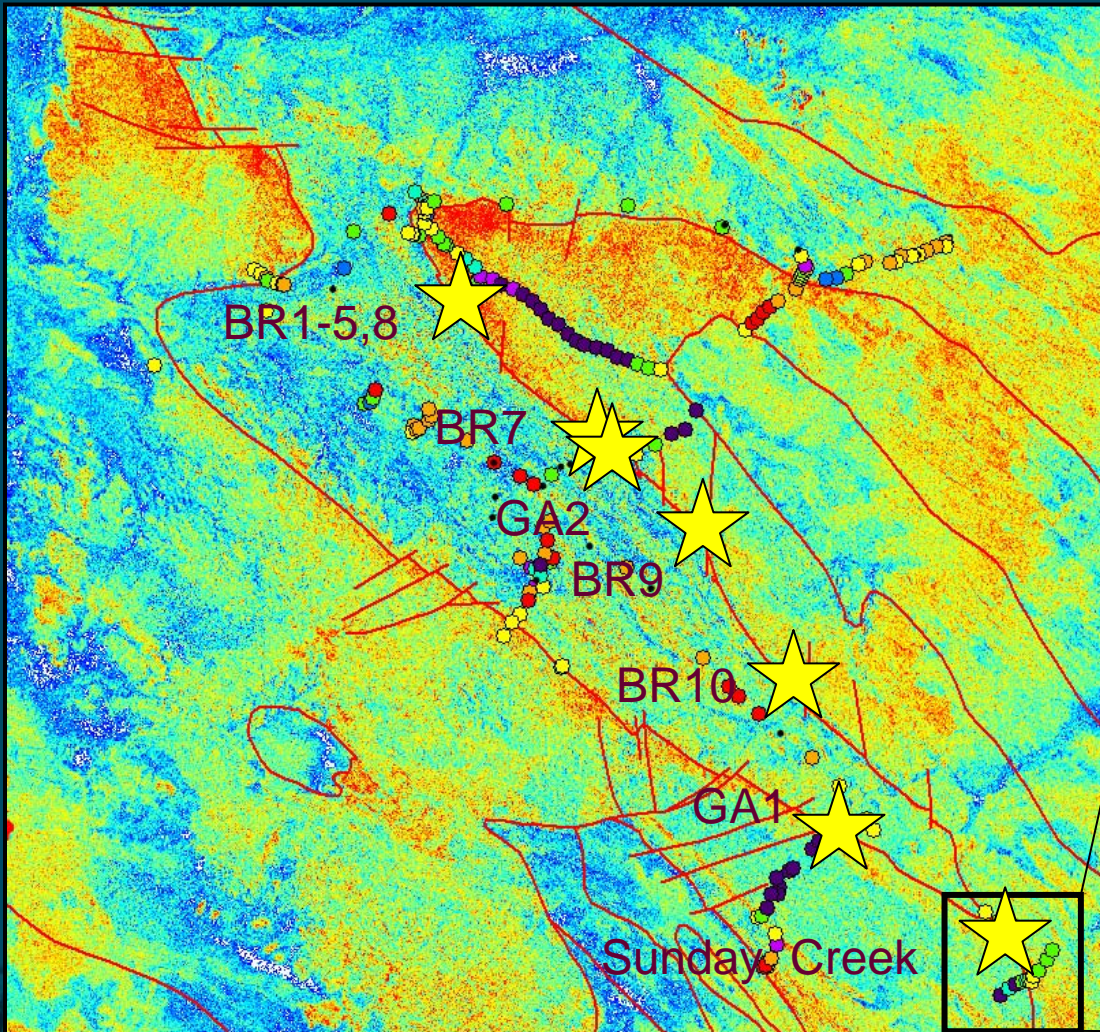
- Known mostly in two areas
  - Maroochydore and Broadhurst-Sunday Creek
  - Rainbow-Nifty-Finch
- Near major crustal scale faults
  - Coolbro Fault
  - Maroochydore Fault
  - Mt Eva and Camel-Tabletop Fault Zone
  - McKay Fault
  - Vine Fault
- Potential in other areas?





# Muscovite ASTER minerals index map with Pima samples overlay

unpublished results from Czarnota et al. ★ uranium prospect



AIOH  
absorption  
feature  
wavelength  
(nm)

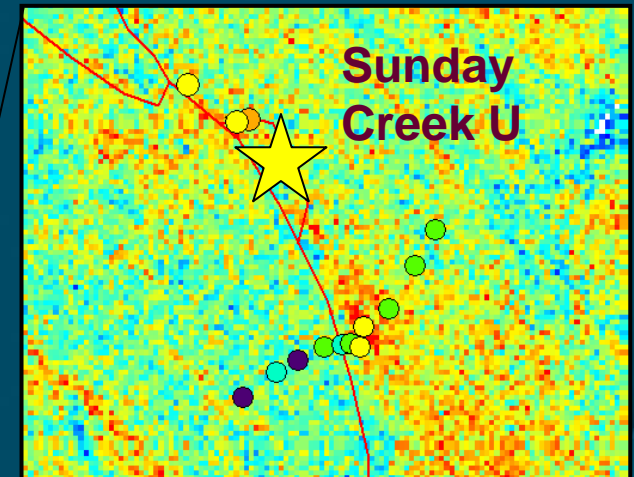
**Muscovite**

|   |             |
|---|-------------|
| ● | 2201 - 2206 |
| ● | 2206 - 2208 |
| ● | 2208 - 2210 |
| ● | 2210 - 2212 |
| ● | 2212 - 2214 |
| ● | 2214 - 2216 |
| ● | 2216 - 2218 |
| ● | 2218 - 2221 |

**Phengite**

## Alteration mapping from ASTER data

- Muscovite alteration at Broadhurst-Coolbro contact
- Fluid pathway in up part of Coolbro Sst
- Evidence for Miles mineral system



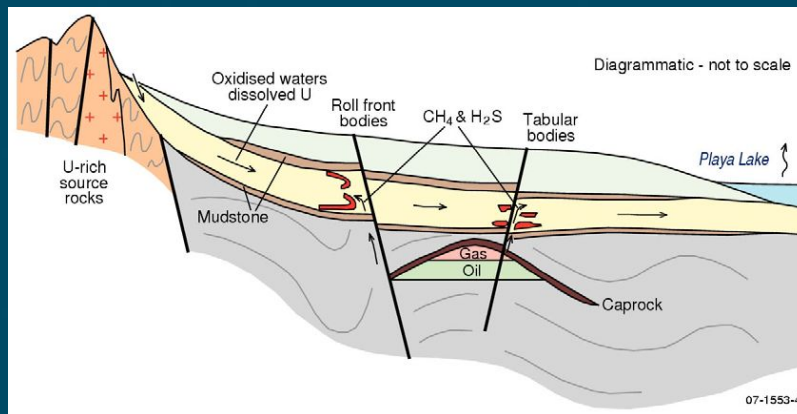
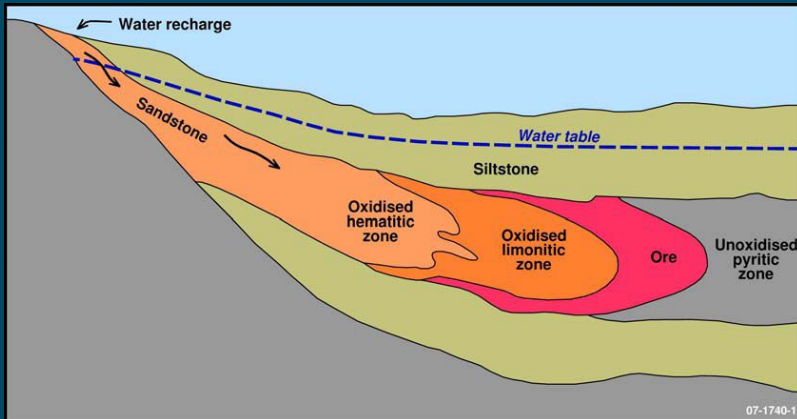
**NEXT: sandstone-hosted U**



# Sandstone-hosted U mineral system

- Two types:
  - Confined aquifers: roll-front & tabular types
  - Paleochannels: basal channel type
- Continental fluvial or marginal marine (mixed fluvial-marine) sediments

# Sandstone-hosted U mineral system

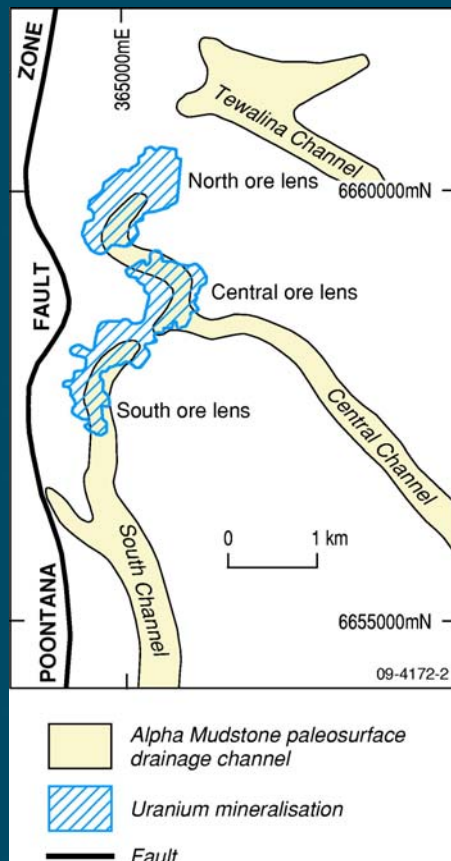


after Jaireth et al. (2008)

- Confined aquifers :
  - roll-front & tabular types
    - roll front deposit: e.g., new discovery by Heathgate Resources, west of Beverley, SA
  - Single fluid or two fluids
- Uranium transported in oxidised shallow-level ground water → deposited due to reduction by *in situ* organic materials (plant debris, amorphous humate, marine algae) or other reductants (sulfides,  $\text{Fe}^{+2}$ -bearing silicates and oxides) or mobile reductants (hydrocarbons and/or  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$ ) reductants
- Similar chemistry for paleochannel type but U transported in surface water



# Sandstone-hosted U mineral system



## Paleochannels: basal channel type

- meandering bends of main channel
- confluence of main channel with tributary channels

Beverley Hill (after Jaireth et al. 2010)

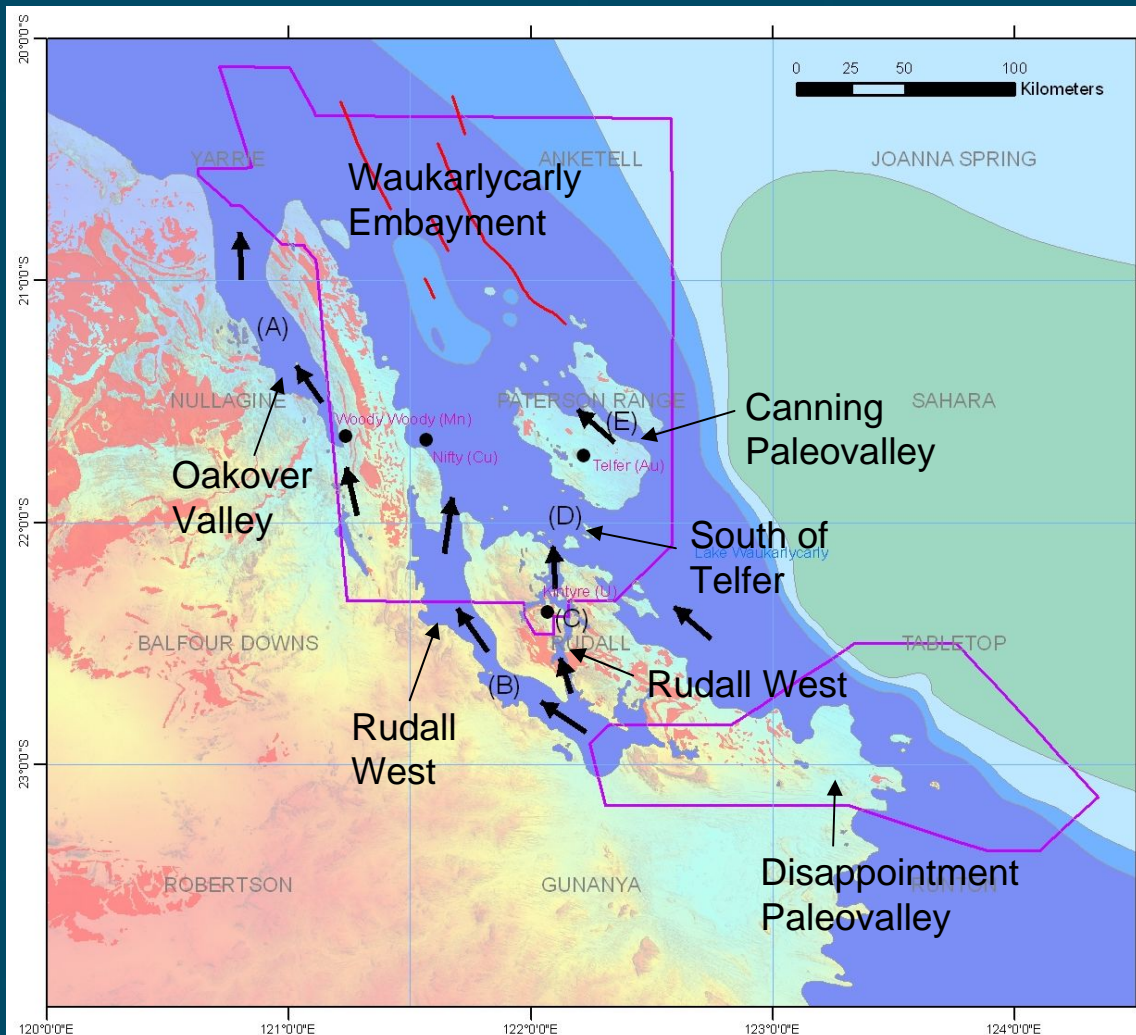
# Sandstone-hosted U mineral system

## Possibilities in Paterson:

- Permian-recent paleovalleys / paleochannels: moderate to high potential
- Mesozoic: low potential – lack of uranium rich source rocks
- Permian: moderate potential
- Neoproterozoic: low potential – lack of plant derived organic materials



# Permian solid geology with glacial flow directions



labelled: Permian paleovalleys

## Paterson Formation:

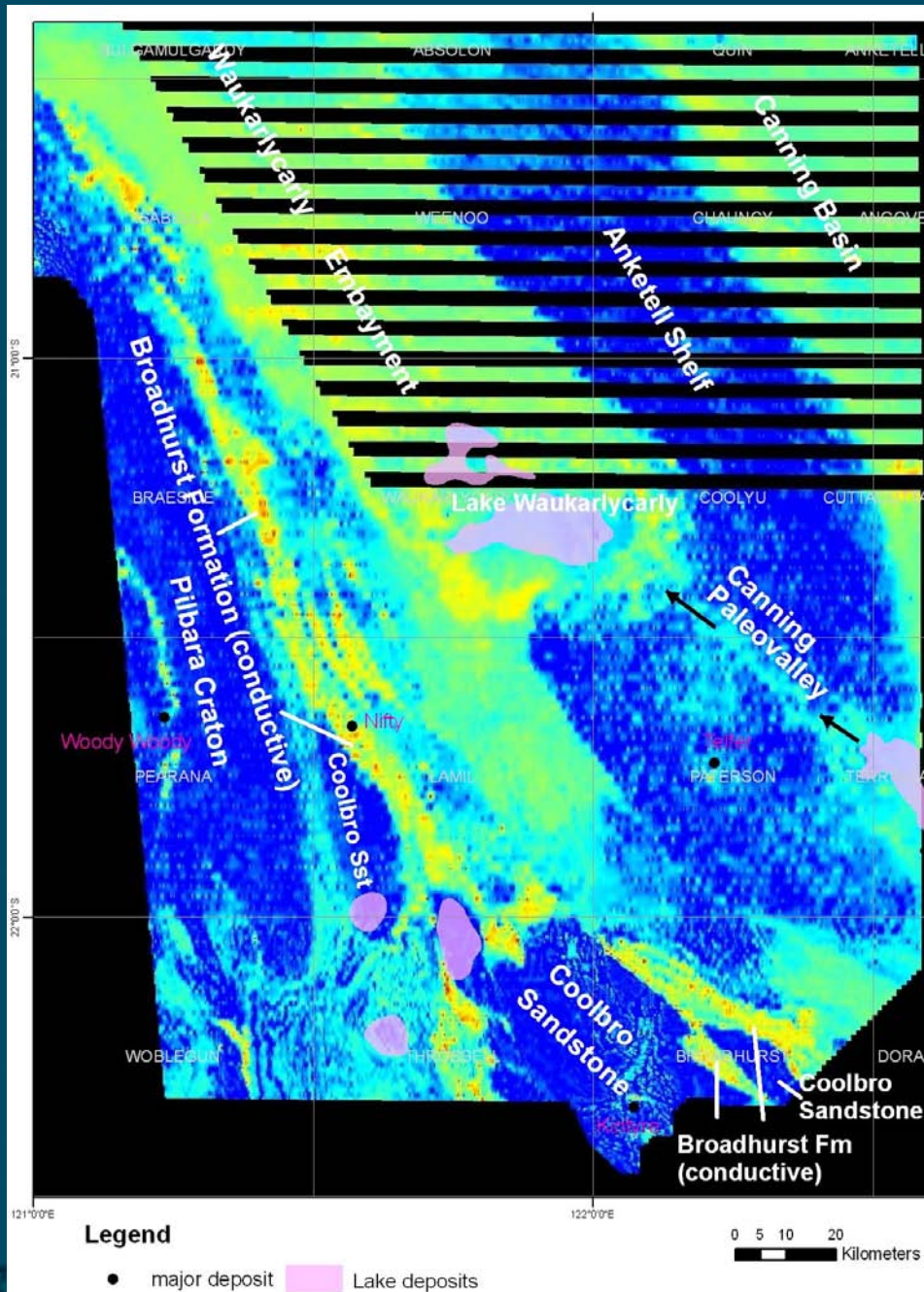
- fluvioglacial sequence
- lack of info on reductants: *in situ* organic materials or other reductants
- potential of mobile reductants: e.g., hydrocarbons

## Paleovalleys :

- Oakover Valley (A)
- Rudall West (B)
- Rudall Central (C)
- South of Telfer (D)
- Canning Paleovalley (E)
- Disappointment Paleovalley
- Waukarlycarly Embayment

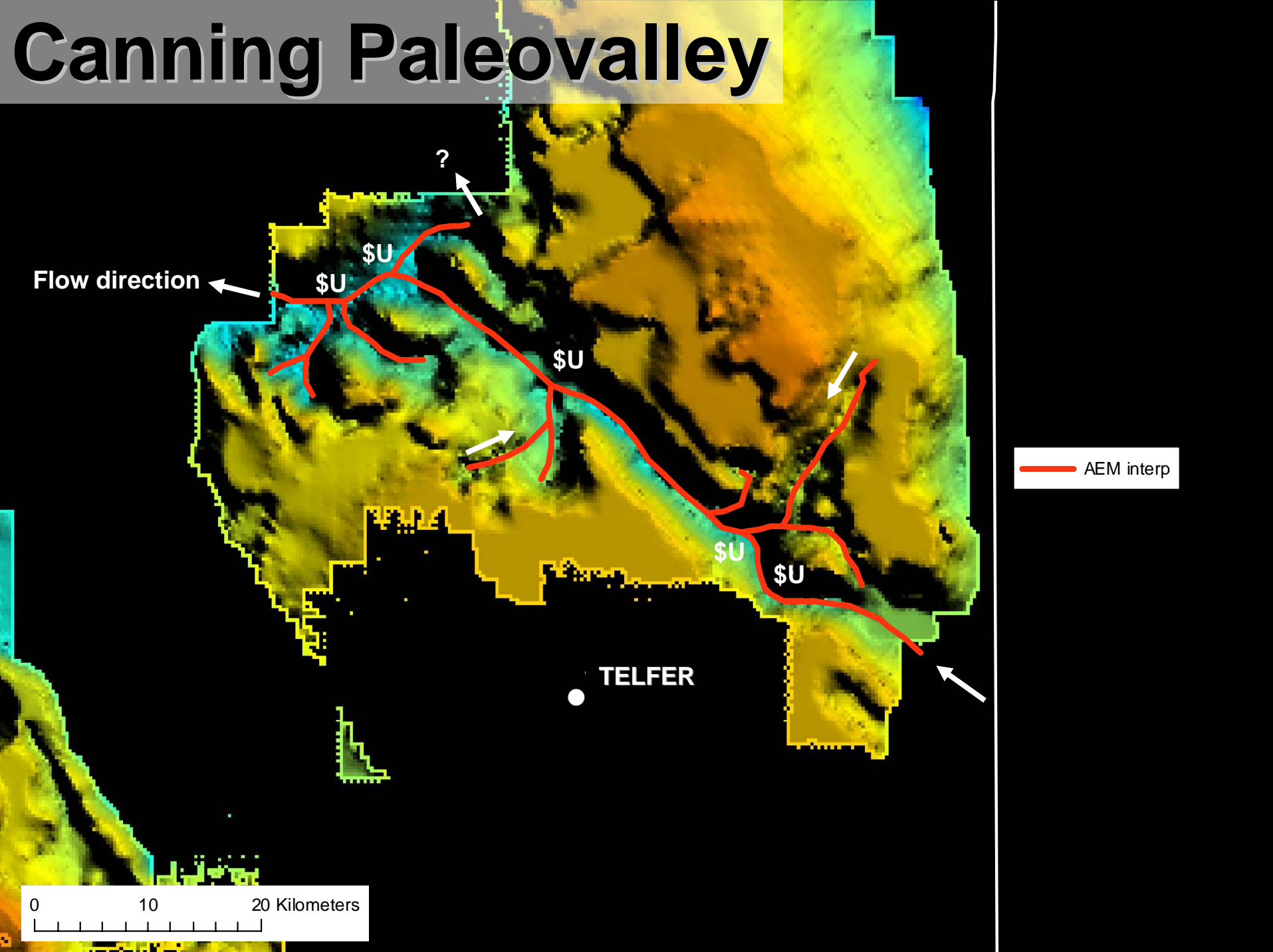
# AEM depth slice image at 200m in Paterson North

- Waukarlycarly Embayment
- Canning Paleovalley

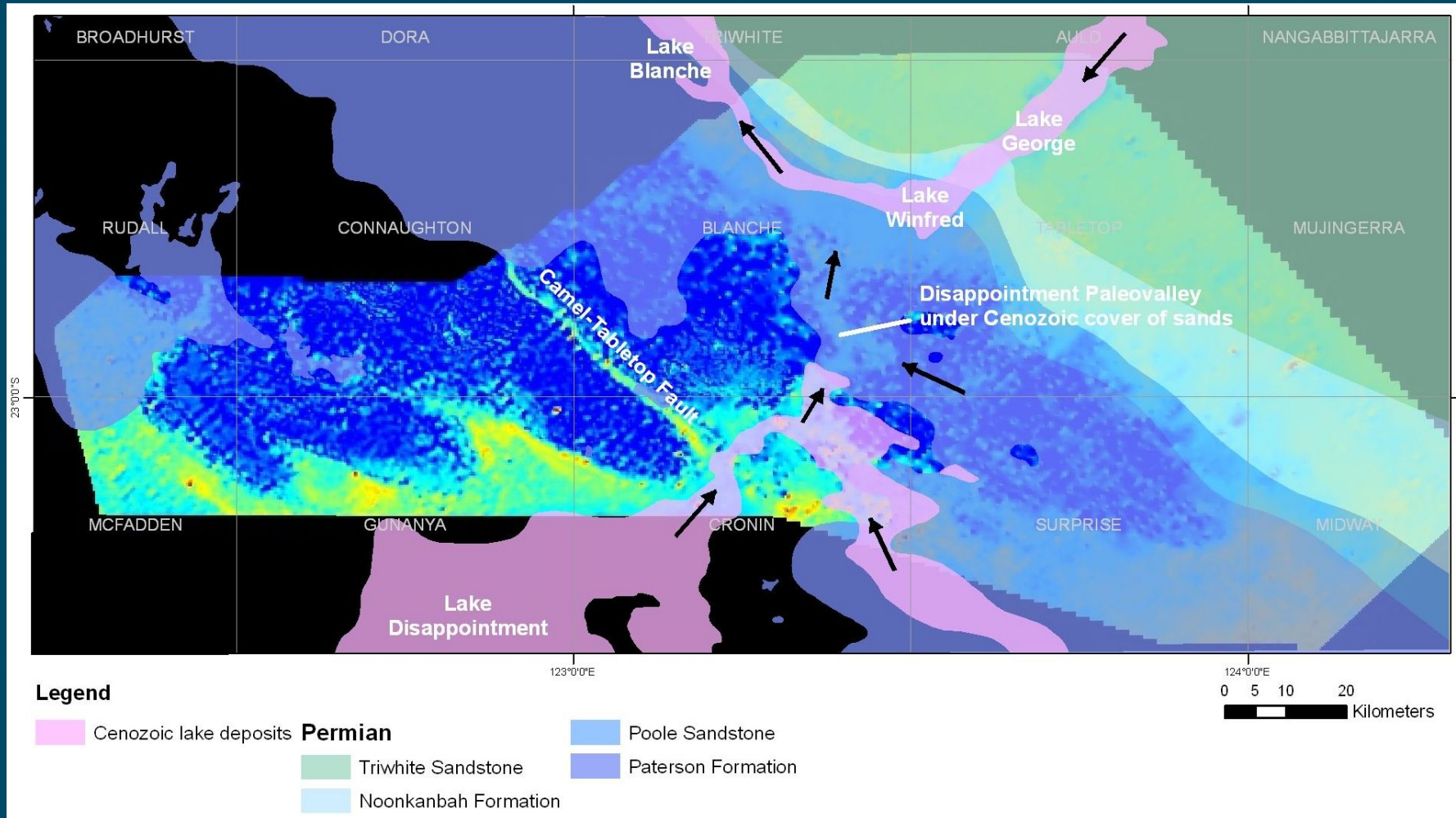




## A topographic map of the Canning Paleovalley area. The map uses a color gradient from blue (low elevation) to red (high elevation). A network of black lines represents the paleovalley system. Several points are labeled with '\$U'. White arrows indicate flow directions. A legend shows a black line segment labeled 'AEM interp'. A scale bar at the bottom left indicates distances up to 20 Kilometers. A white dot labeled 'TELFER' is located near the center-right of the map.



# Paleovalley-type sandstone-hosted uranium mineral system --- Disappointment Paleovalley

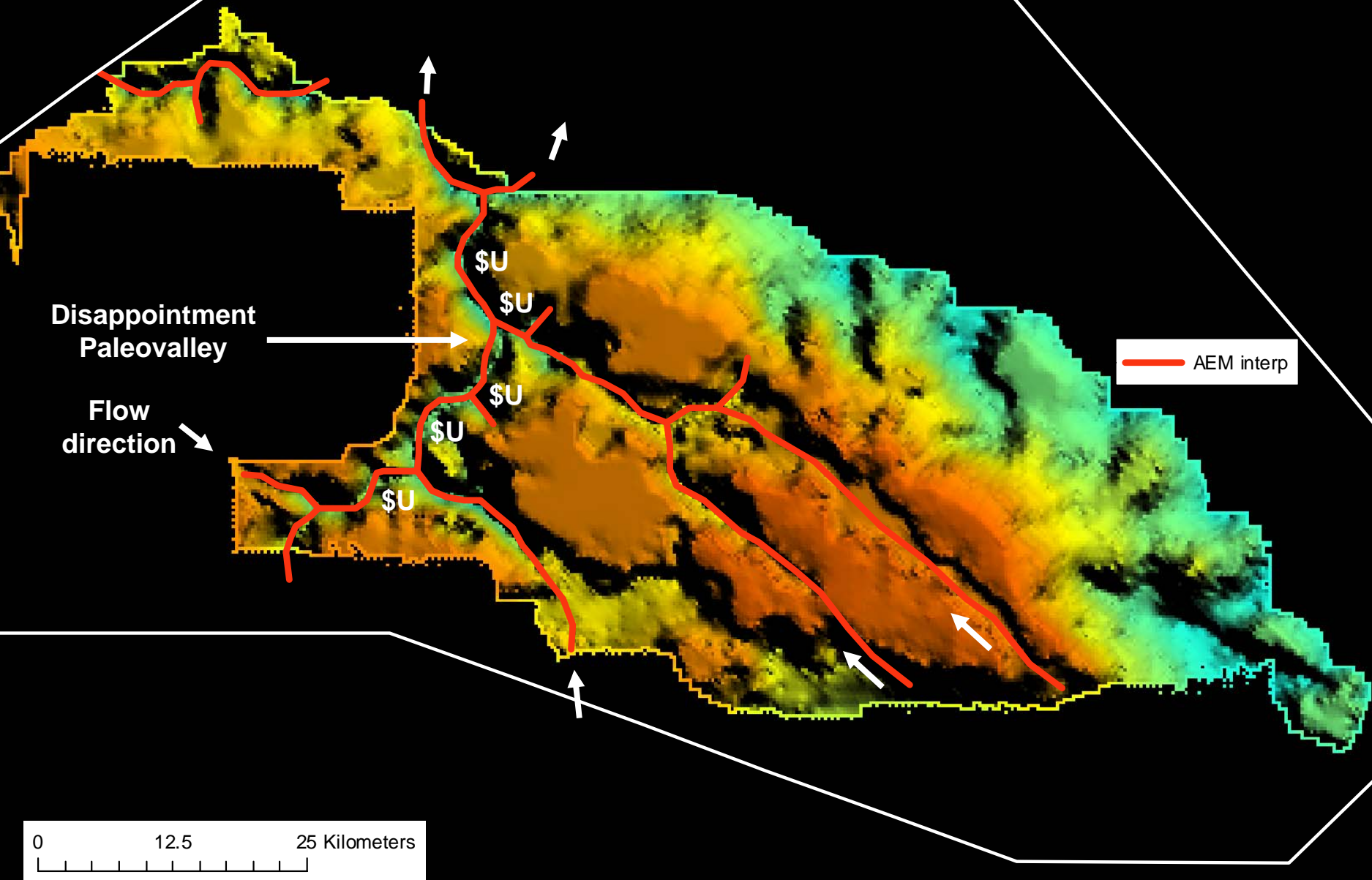


AEM depth slice image at 200m of Paterson South survey area

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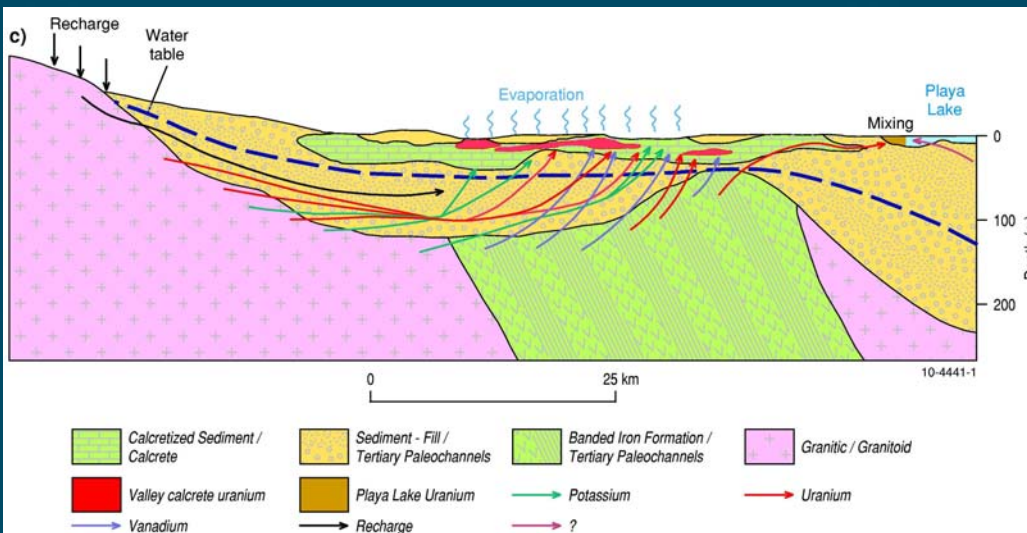
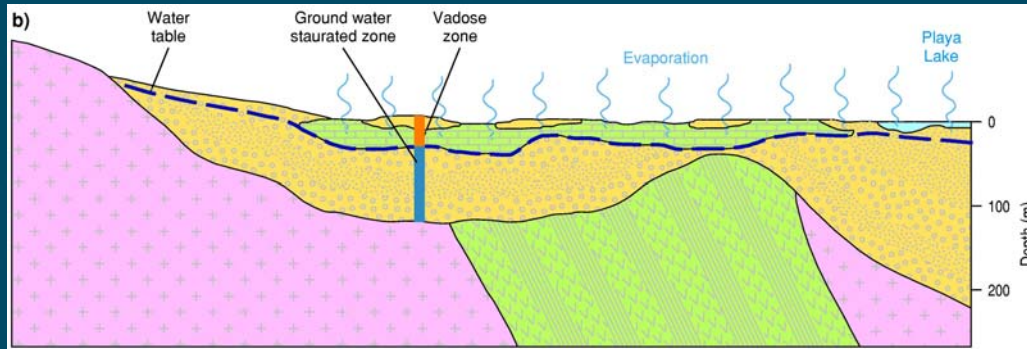


# Disappointment Paleovalley





# Calcrete-hosted U mineral system



- Carnotite:  
 $\text{K}(\text{U}^{+6}\text{O}_2)(\text{V}^{+5}\text{O}_4) \cdot x\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- K & U leached from felsic rocks and V from mafic and Fe-rich sediments
- Calcrete-hosted U in 3 stages:
  - fill of coarse sediments
  - evaporation → calcrete, which acts as aquifer
  - seasonal fluctuation of water table a/with evaporation → increase concentration of K, V & U → precipitation of carnotite, or, mixing of valley ground water with more saline lake waters (higher in K & Ca)

Schematic diagrams showing stages in the formation of calcrete-hosted uranium deposits (modified after Thomas 2007)

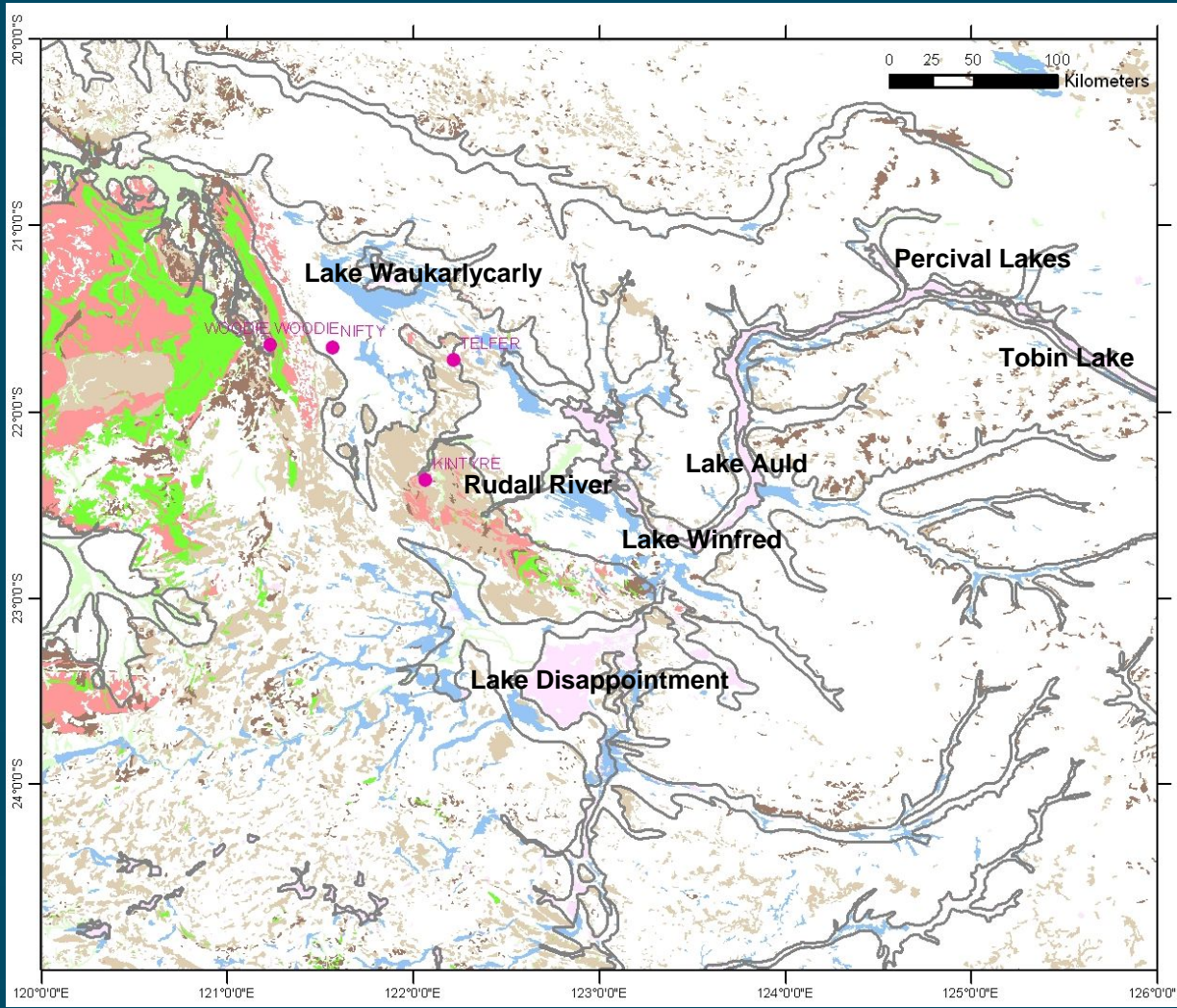
# Calcrete-hosted U mineral system

## Essential components:

- source rocks of uranium
- source rocks of vanadium
- drainage system with recharge and discharge areas (e.g., playa lake)
- paleovalleys / paleochannels with calcrete



# Calcrete-hosted U mineral system



## Potential areas in Paterson:

- Lake Waukarlycarly
- Lake Disappointment W
- Lake Disappointment SE
- Lake Winfred
- Lake Auld – Percival Lakes – Tobin Lake
- Rudall River

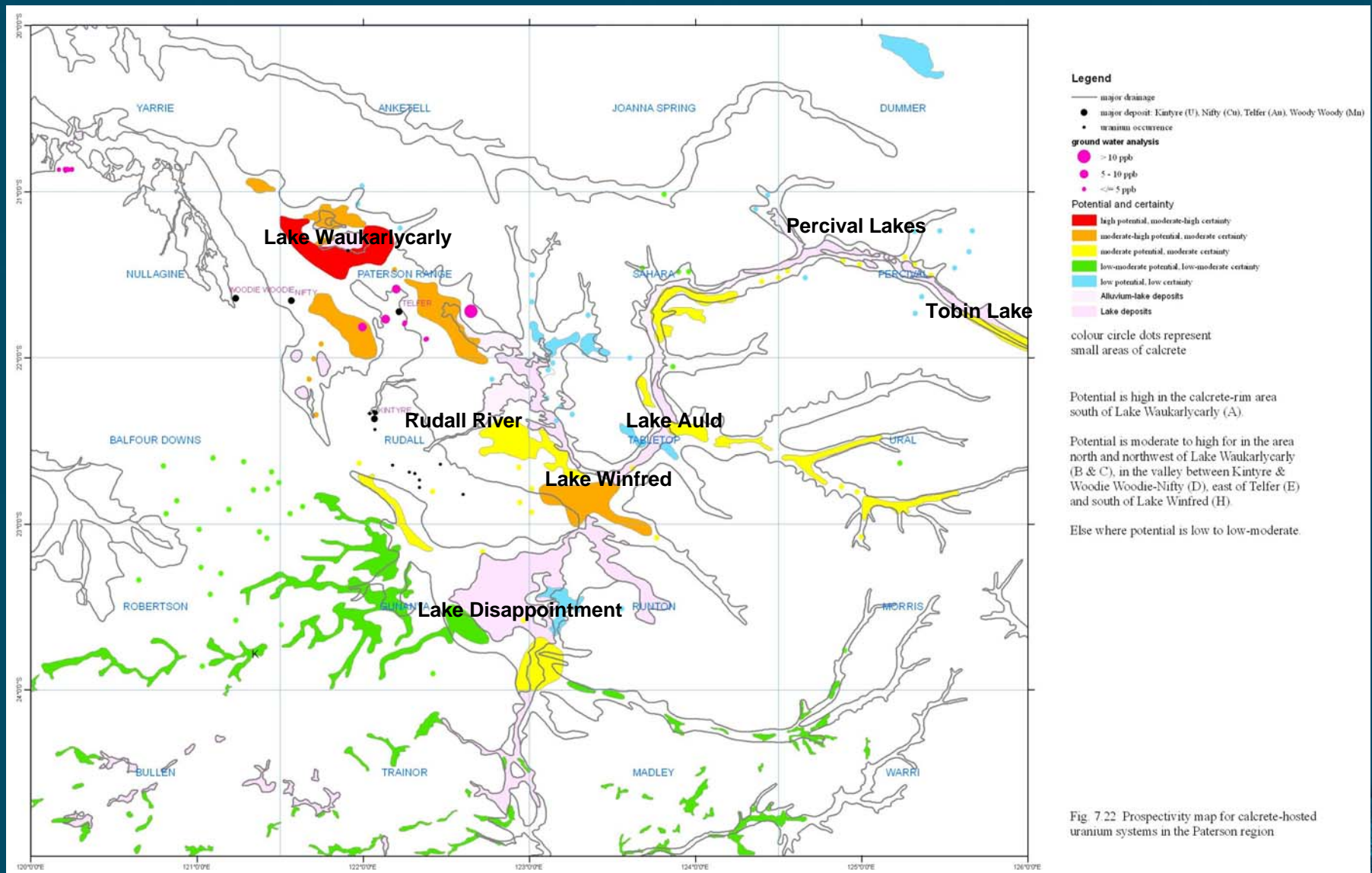
## Essential components

- source rocks of uranium
- source rocks of vanadium
- drainage system with recharge and discharge areas (e.g., playa lake)
- paleovalleys / paleochannels with calcrete

U & V sources, calcrete, & drainage systems with flow directions in the Paterson area



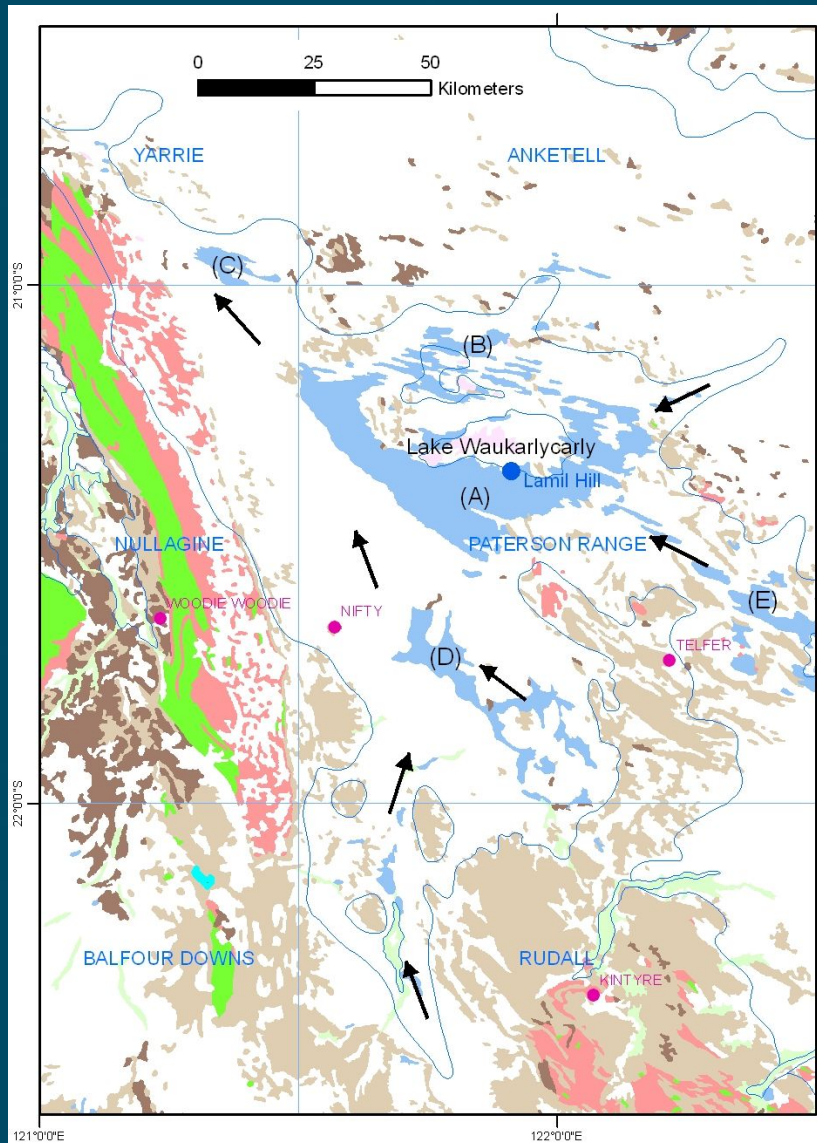
# Calcrete-hosted U mineral system



Prospectively map (potential and certainty)

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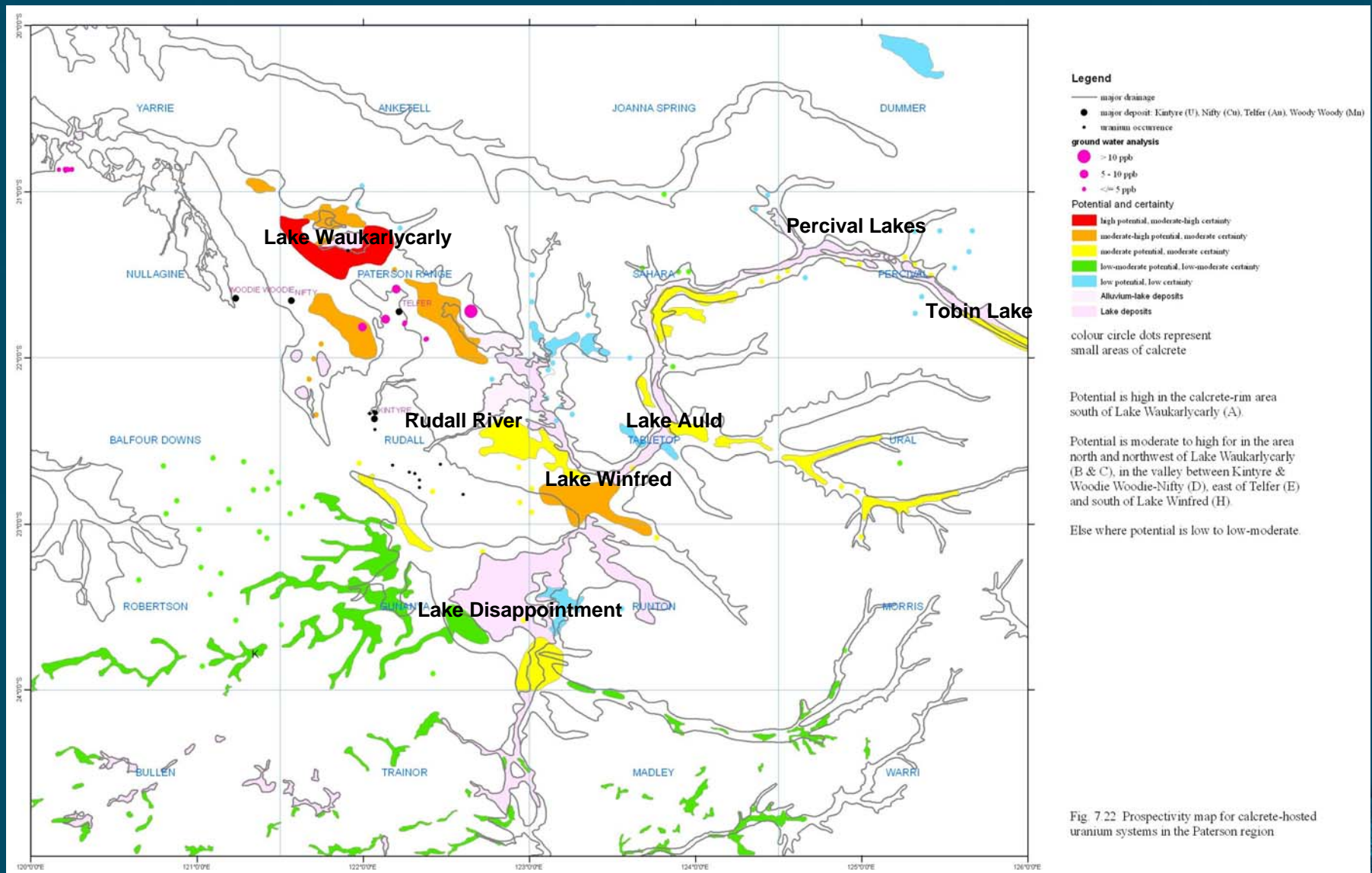
# Calcrete-U system: Lake Waukarlycarly



- U sources:
  - Pilbara Craton
  - Rudall Complex
  - Mt Crofton granite suite
- V sources:
  - Pilbara Craton
  - Rudall Complex
- Drainage systems:
  - Canning Paleovalley  
(Percival Paleovalley system)
  - Between Nifty, Telfer & Kin tyre
- Calcrete: rim around lake & in paleovalleys
- Moderate to high potential
- Lamil Hill U prospect



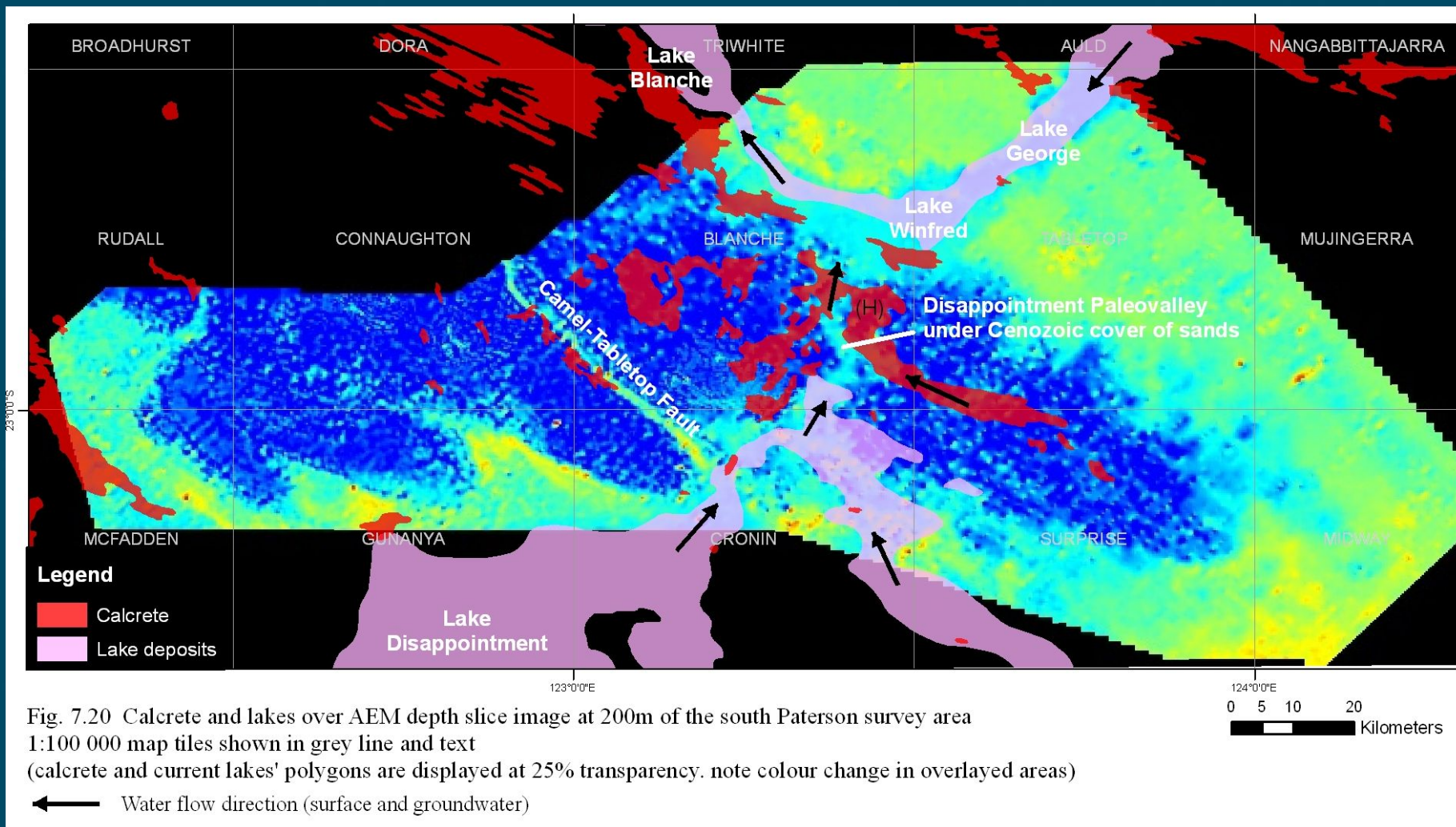
# Calcrete-hosted U mineral system



Prospectively map (potential and certainty)

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# Calcrete-hosted uranium mineral system – Disappointment Paleovalley



**AEM depth slice image at 200m of the South Paterson Survey area**

**NEXT: Conclusions**

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# Conclusions

- Regional AEM data :
  - assist uranium potential assessment
- Potential for uranium mineral systems
  - unconformity-related
    - Tarcunyah-Archean unconformity
    - Yeneena-Rudall unconformity
    - Karara-Rudall unconformity
  - stratiform U-Cu with the Broadhurst-Coolbro contact
  - sandstone-hosted U
    - Paterson Formation
    - Permian and younger paleovalleys/paleochannels
  - calcrete-hosted U
    - Lake Waukarlycarly, east & west of Telfer, Lake Winfred