Australia's Maritime Jurisdiction around Heard Island and McDonald Islands

NORTHERN KERGUELEN PLATEAU

GALLIENI SPUR

Kerguelen

SOUTHERN OCEAN

FRANCE

AUSTRALIA

CENTRAL KERGUELEN PLATEAU

Heard Island

McDonald Islands

WILLIAMS RIDGE

KERGUELEN PLATEAU

Rig Seismic Seamount

ELAN BANK

LABUAN BASIN

SOUTHERN KERGUELEN PLATEAU

PRINCESS ELIZABETH TROUGH

FRAM BANK

FOUR LADIES BANK

Mikhaylov Island

Cape Fichner

Ryrie Rock

Cape Fletcher

Cape Rouse

Cape Darnley

Cape Rundingen

West Ice Shelf

Gaussberg

Prydz Bay

Mawson

AUSTRALIAN ANTARCTIC TERRITORY

Davis

Amery Ice Shelf

Sandfjord Bay

Zhongshan (China)

Bharati (India)

60°E 64°E 68°E 72°E 76°E 80°E 84°E 88°E 92°E

46°S 50°S 54°S 58°S 62°S 66°S 70°S

SCALE 1:3 000 000

0 60 120 240 Nautical Miles

0 110 220 440 Kilometres

Lambert Conformal Conic Projection
World Geodetic System 1984 Datum
Central Meridian 76° E
Standard Parallels 50° and 65°

Background bathymetry image is derived from a grid by W.H.F. Smith and D.T. Sandwell, Global Seafloor Topography from Satellite Altimetry and Ship Depth Soundings, Science v.277, pp. 1956-1962, 26 September 1997. Background land imagery derived from Blue Marble, NASA's Earth Observatory.
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Area of Australia's Territorial Sea

Australia's Contiguous Zone limit

Australia's Exclusive Economic Zone limit

Outer limit of Australia's continental shelf from the Territory of Heard Island and McDonald Islands

Exclusive economic zone and continental shelf treaty boundary with an opposite or adjacent State

Continental shelf treaty boundary with an opposite or adjacent State

Outer limit of extended continental shelf yet to be resolved (including Australian Antarctic Territory where Australia requested the Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf not consider this region for the time being)

QUALIFICATIONS RELATING TO THIS MAP:
1. This map is indicative only of the location of the territorial sea baselines and the outer limits of Australia's maritime zones, and should NOT be used as a definitive source of information. Some limits may be subject to change.
2. The territorial sea baselines and certain maritime zones are established under the *Seas and Submerged Lands Act 1973*.
3. Waters described as 'Australia's Internal Waters' are internal waters of Australia for the purposes of international law. They do not equate with waters within the limits of the states or the Northern Territory for constitutional purposes. The extent of the latter waters is determined by the Letters Patent relevant to each state and the Northern Territory and the common law.
4. Certain limits and boundaries are established under the *Agreement on Maritime Delimitation between the Government of Australia and the Government of the French Republic of 4* January 1982 [In force 10 January 1983].
5. In the event of an inconsistency between this map, and the territorial sea baselines or limits established under Australian legislation or the treaties, then the legislative instruments or the treaties shall prevail.
6. Except as required by law, the Commonwealth will not be liable for any loss, damage, expense or cost (including any incidental or consequential loss or damage) incurred by any person or organisation arising out of use of, or reliance on, this map.

Depiction of Marine Areas

Clear regions on this map depict areas where Australia exercises water column, seabed and subsoil jurisdiction; seabed and subsoil jurisdiction only, or fisheries jurisdiction only, as defined in certain treaties.

Light pink shading depicts areas submitted and yet to be resolved (including Australian Antarctic Territory where Australia requested the Commission on the Limits of the Continental Shelf not consider this region for the time being).

Light white shading depicts areas beyond Australian jurisdiction.

Australian Government

Geoscience Australia