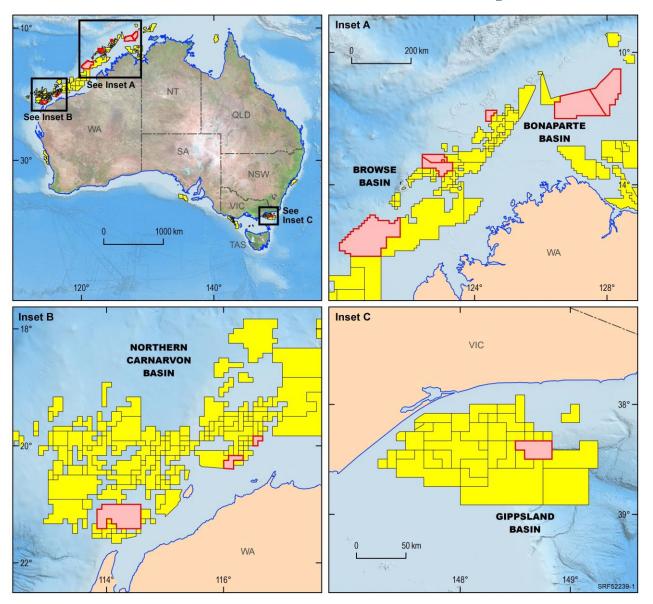




# **Geological Context of the 2022 Offshore Acreage Release Areas**

Tom Bernecker, Ryan Owens, Andrew Kelman & Kamal Khider Energy Resources Advice & Promotion; Minerals, Energy & Groundwater Division

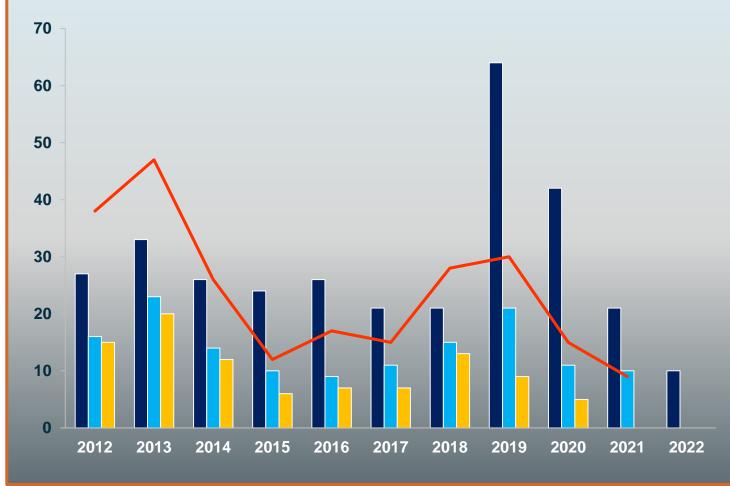
### **Current offshore permits and 2022 release areas**



- 31 nominations received, 10 areas submitted for public consultation, 10 areas released
- In 2022, majority of areas located in the Bonaparte and Browse basins
- Underexplored areas in Bonaparte Basin (Malita Graben ) and Browse Basin (Barcoo Sub-basin )
- Only one area released outside NW Shelf: eastern Gippsland Basin

Closing date for bid submission: Thursday, 2 March 2023

#### Offshore acreage release statistics: 2012 - 2022



- nominations and large number of bid submissions
  - From 2020 onwards, noticeable decline in nominations received and areas released

in 2019 resulted in large number of

**Bid-round participation improved after** 

Implementation of new acreage release process

2014/15 global downturn

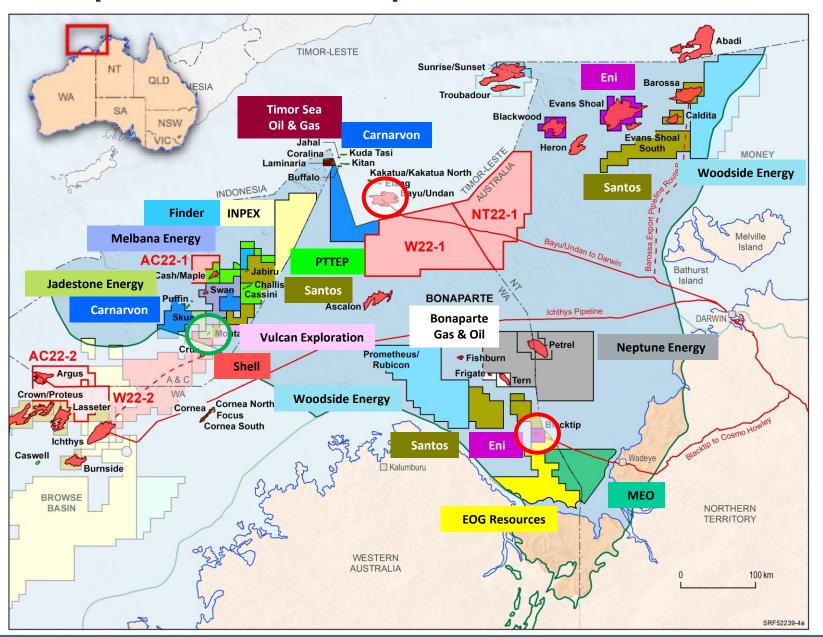
- In 2022, lowest number of release areas
- Number of release areas

  Number of exploration permits granted

  Number of release areas that received bids

  Total number of bids

#### **Bonaparte Basin: main operators and infrastructure**



### Established oil and gas province with production from

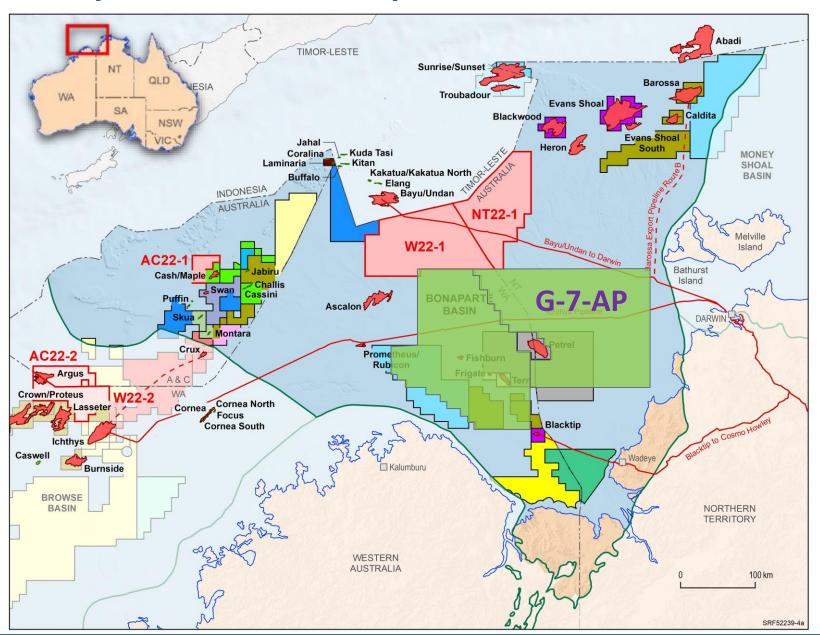
- Blacktip (Petrel Sub-basin, pipeline)
- Montara (Vulcan Sub-basin, FPSO)
- Bayu-Undan (Flamingo High, pipeline)

### Current activities and future developments include:

- Strong focus on gas exploration/development
- Resurgence of exploration activity in Timor-Leste part of basin
- Extension of Bayu-Undan gas resource with CCS and feedstock for Darwin LNG
- Development of Barossa-Caldita gas field
- Development of Petrel-Tern gas field

Bids received for greenhouse gas storage areas in Petrel Sub-basin INPEX awarded western area (\$ 159 million guaranteed work program)

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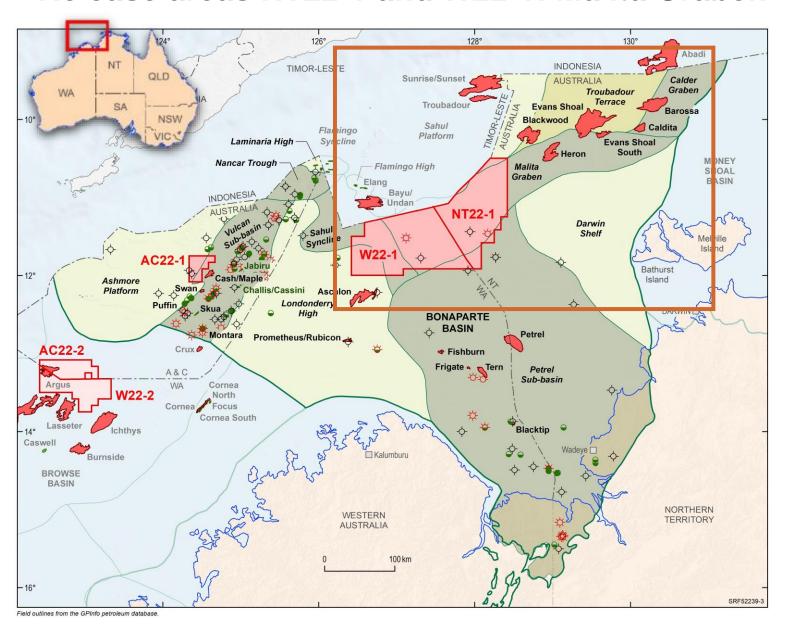
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#### Release areas NT22-1 and W22-1: Malita Graben



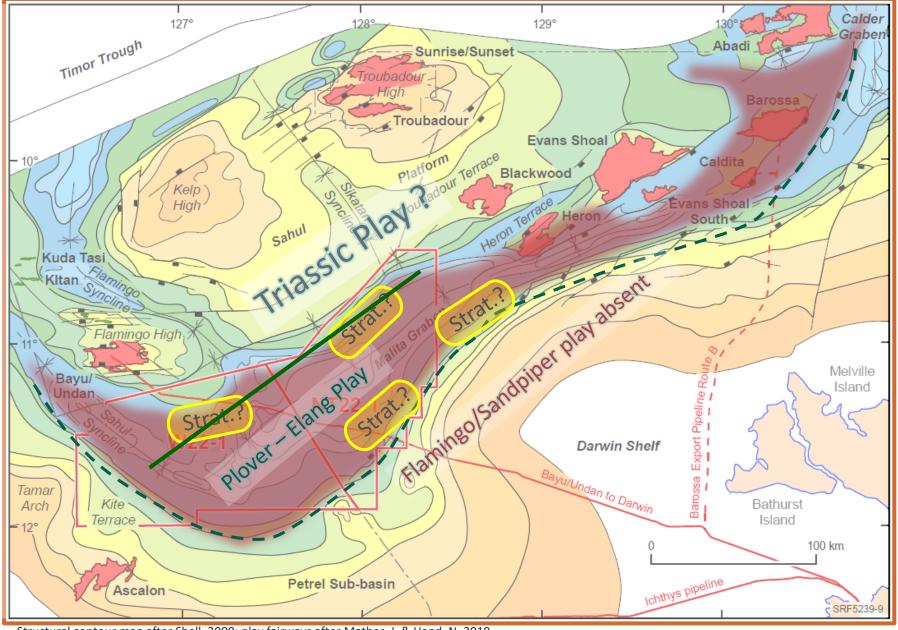
#### NT22-1 and W22-1:

- Separated by scheduled area boundary
- Combined 270 graticular blocks (120; 150)
- Shallow water (50 100 m)

#### Malita Graben:

- Mesozoic to Cenozoic depocentre
- First well drilled in 1972 (Heron-1);
   gas shows in Late Jurassic to
   Cretaceous sediments
- Gas discovery at Durville-1 (2011);
   39 m gas column in lower Sandpiper Fm (Berriasian to Tithonian)
- Remains largely underexplored
- Main petroleum system related to Jurassic Plover Formation

#### Malita Graben – play fairway map

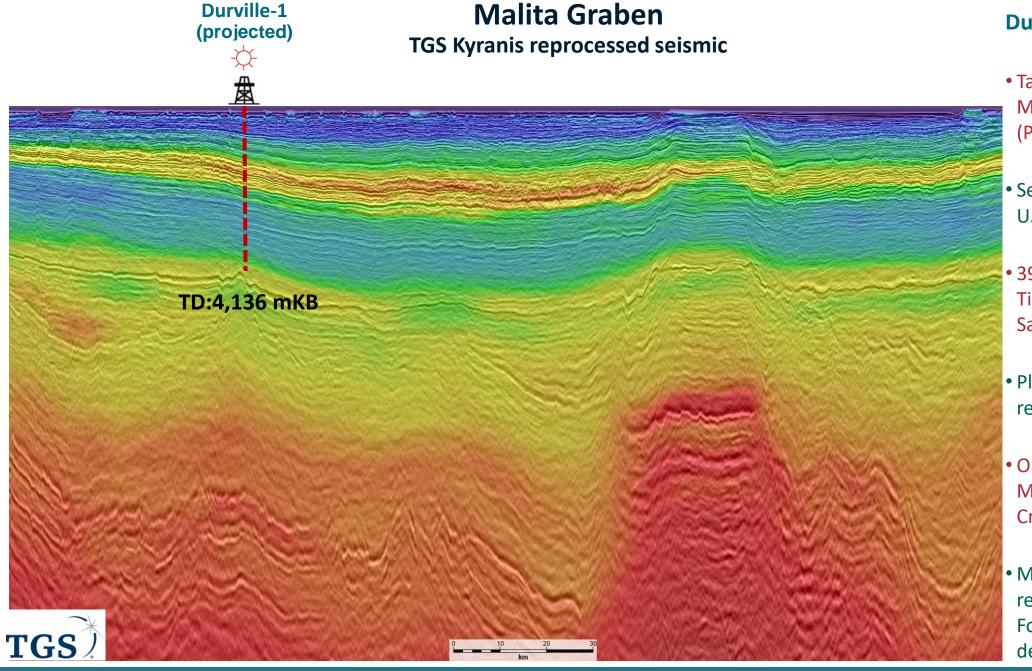


Interpreted extent of Flamingo/Sandpiper play (Jurassic-Cretaceous)

Plover/Elang play: (Jurassic)

Demarcation between seal presence and seal risk

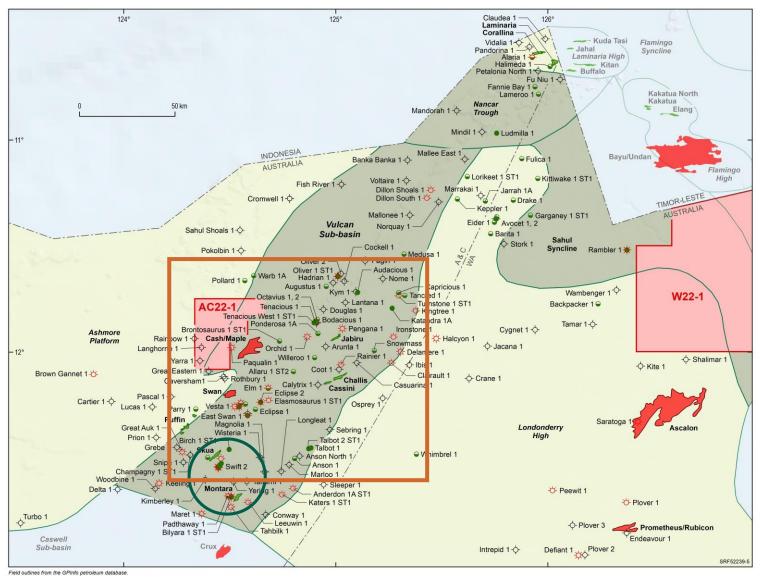
Structural contour map after Shell, 2000; play fairways after Mather, J. & Hand, N, 2019



#### **Durville-1**

- Target: Middle Jurassic sandstones (Plover-Elang play)
- Secondary objective:U. Jurassic and L. Cretaceous
- 39 m dry gas column in Tithonian - Berriasian Lower Sandpiper Fm.
- Plover-Elang objective not reached
- Opportunity to further target Middle Jurassic and Lower Cretaceous section
- Main uncertainty related to reservoir quality within Plover Formation, dependant on depth of burial

#### **Vulcan Sub-basin**

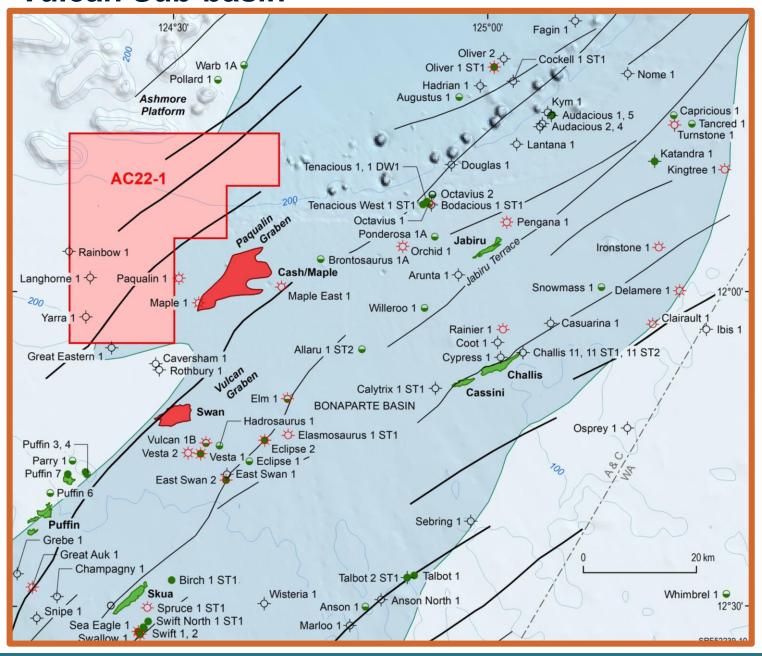


- Late Jurassic extensional depocenter filled with Permian to Holocene sediments
- Proven hydrocarbon province with oil production from Montara (incl Skua, Swift, Swallow)
- Mature exploration province offering additional prospects and play concepts
- Extensive coverage with modern 2D and 3D seismic surveys

#### Release area AC22-1:

- 11 graticular blocks, 200 m water depth
- Straddling the boundary between Vulcan
   Sub-basin and Ashmore Platform
- Access to important source kitchen represented by Paqualin Graben
- Paqualin-1 (gas discovery) provides well control

#### **Vulcan Sub-basin**

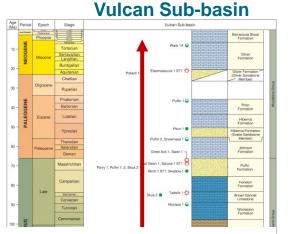


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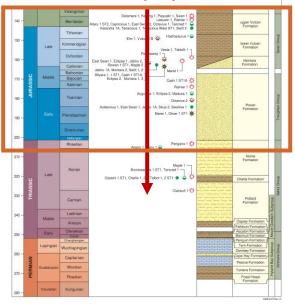
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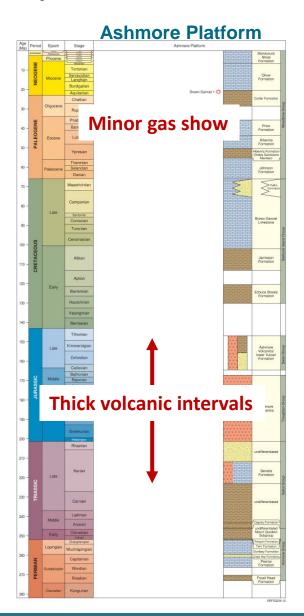
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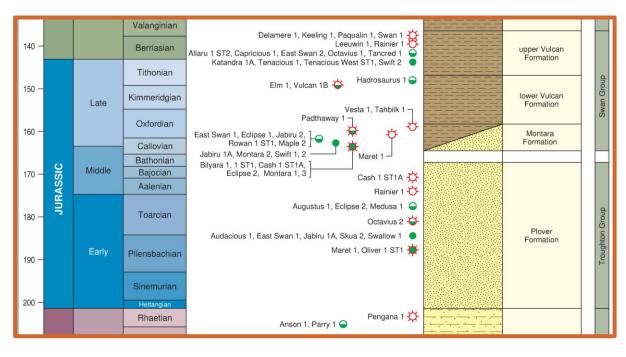
# Release Area AC22-1: stratigraphic framework, hydrocarbon occurrences



### Multiple petroleum systems and plays



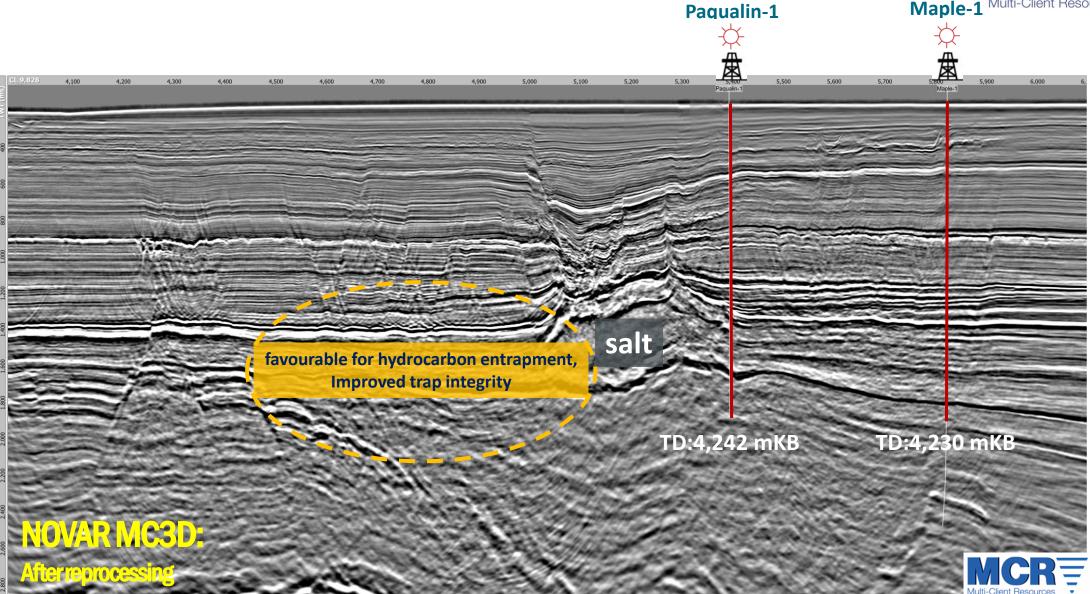




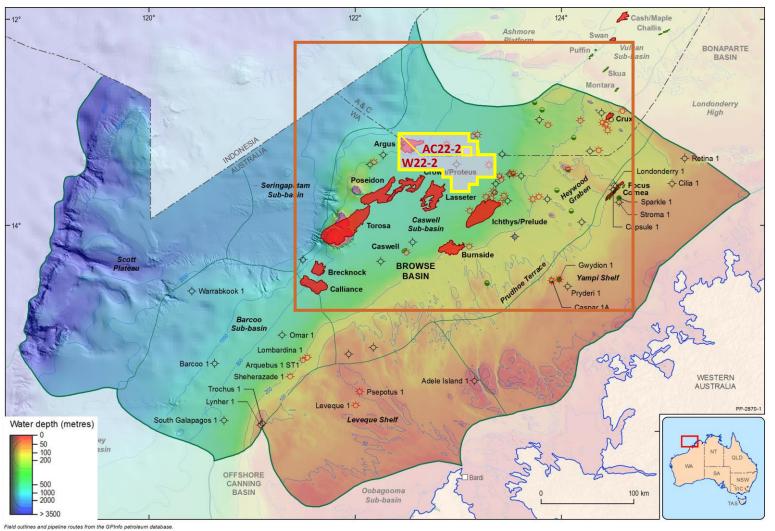
- Montara and lower Vulcan Formation main source rocks in the Paqualin Graben
- Paqualin-1, (western flank of graben) targeted Plover
   Formation and recorded 2m gas column in upper Vulcan
- Hydrocarbon migration from depocenter toward subbasin confirmed

#### Release Area AC22-1: seismic section





#### **Browse Basin**

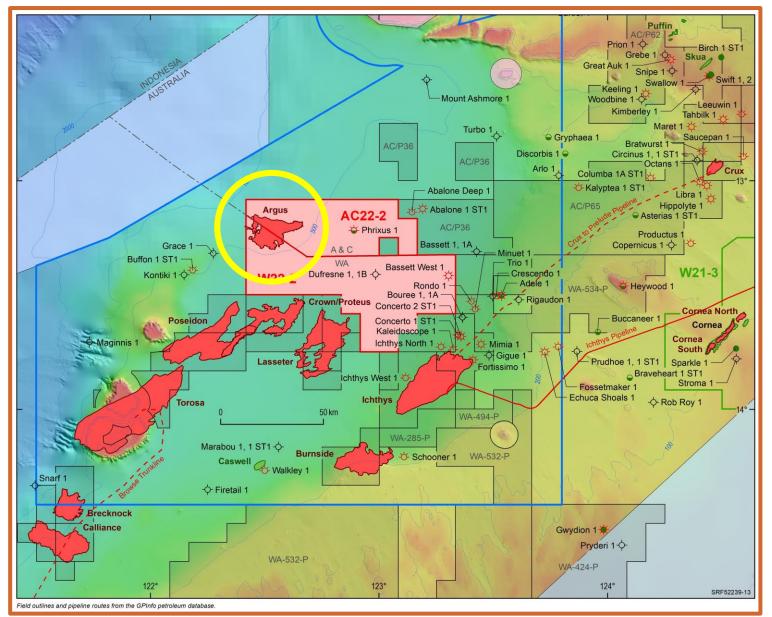


- Paleozoic to Cenozoic rift-basin
- Four hydrocarbon families/petroleum systems identified (Geoscience Australia, 2017)
- Gas/condensate production commenced in 2018
- Discussions regarding the development of additional resources continue

#### Release areas AC22-2 & W22-2:

- Located in Caswell Sub-basin
- Combined 72 graticular blocks (25; 47)
- Water depth 200-500m
- Extensive data coverage;
   includes Argus gas field

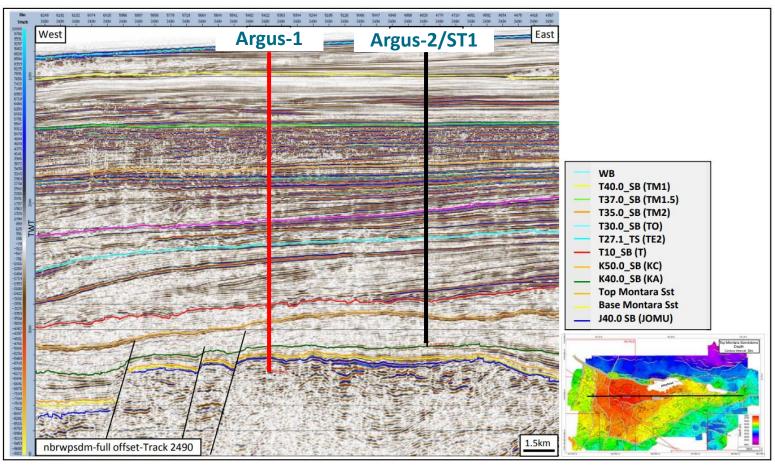
#### **Browse Basin:** release areas AC22-2 & W22-2

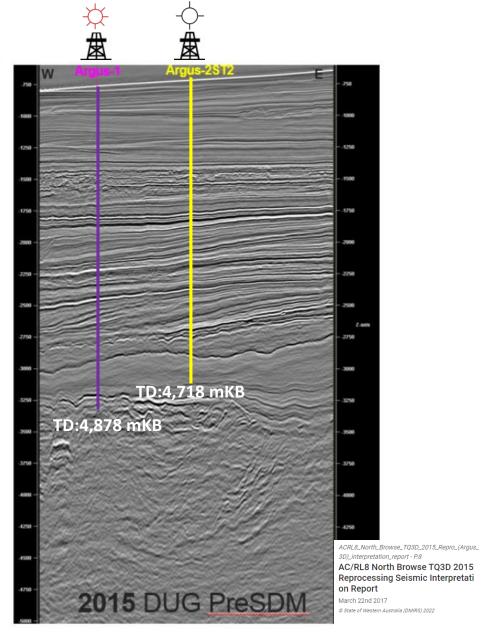


#### **Argus-1**

- Target: Middle to Upper Jurassic Plover Formation
- 240m gas column in Oxfordian sandstones
- Oil traces in Paleocene carbonates
- Deeply buried Jurassic and Triassic sediments interpreted as source rock intervals
- Argus-2, targeting Upper Jurassic Montara Fm unsuccessful

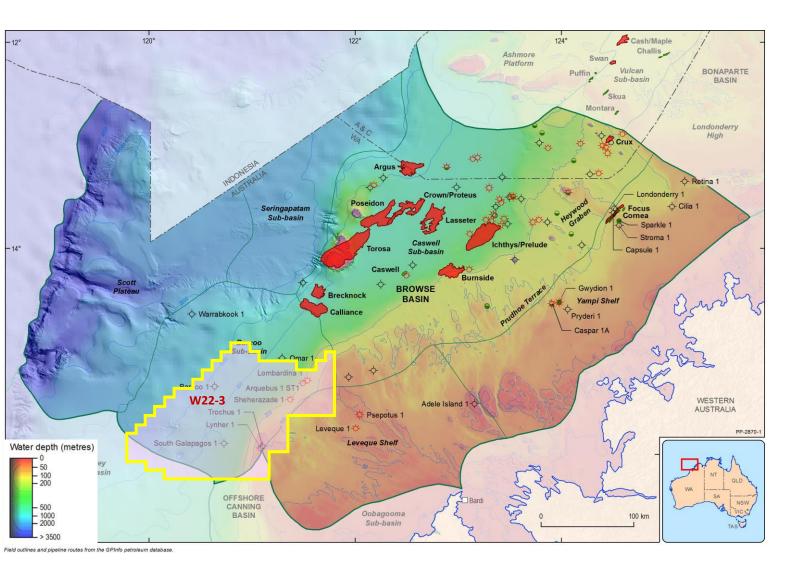
# Caswell Sub-basin: seismic across Argus gas discovery





Argus-1 Argus-2/ST1

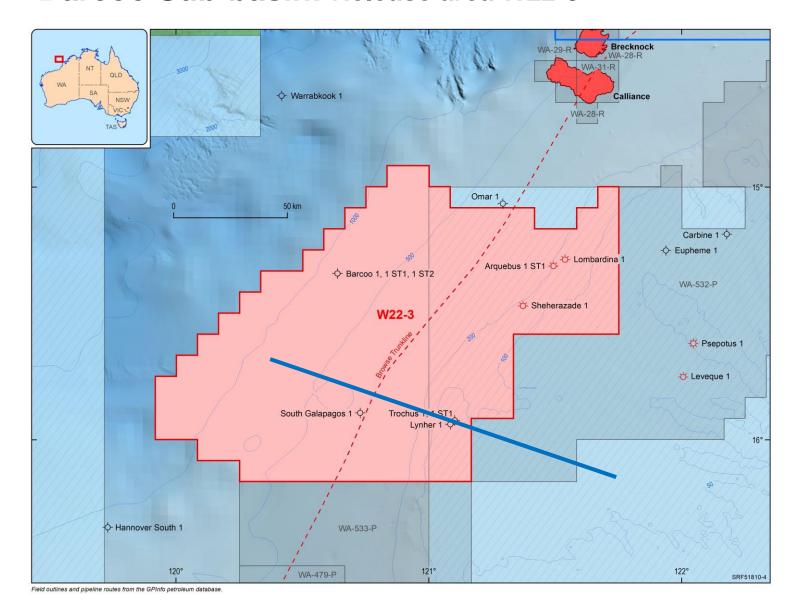
#### **Browse Basin**



#### Release Area W22-3:

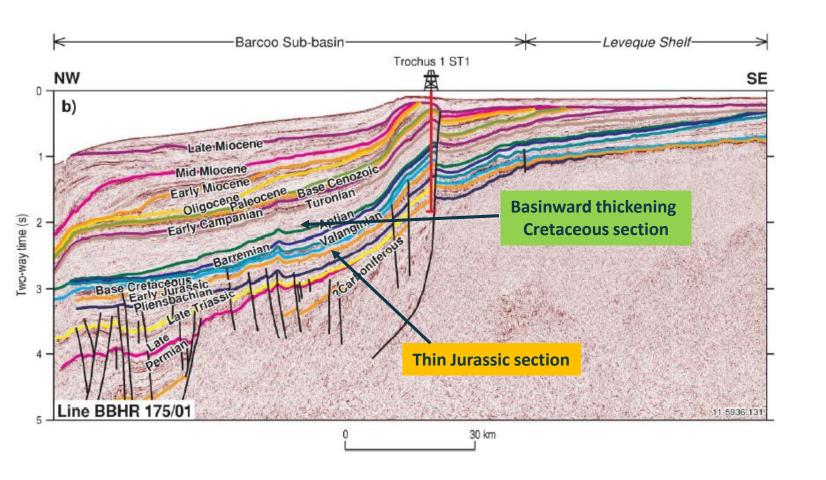
- Located in Barcoo Sub-basin
- 250 graticular blocks, 100-1,000m water depth
- Thin Triassic and Jurassic section
- Largely underexplored

#### Barcoo Sub-basin: Release area W22-3



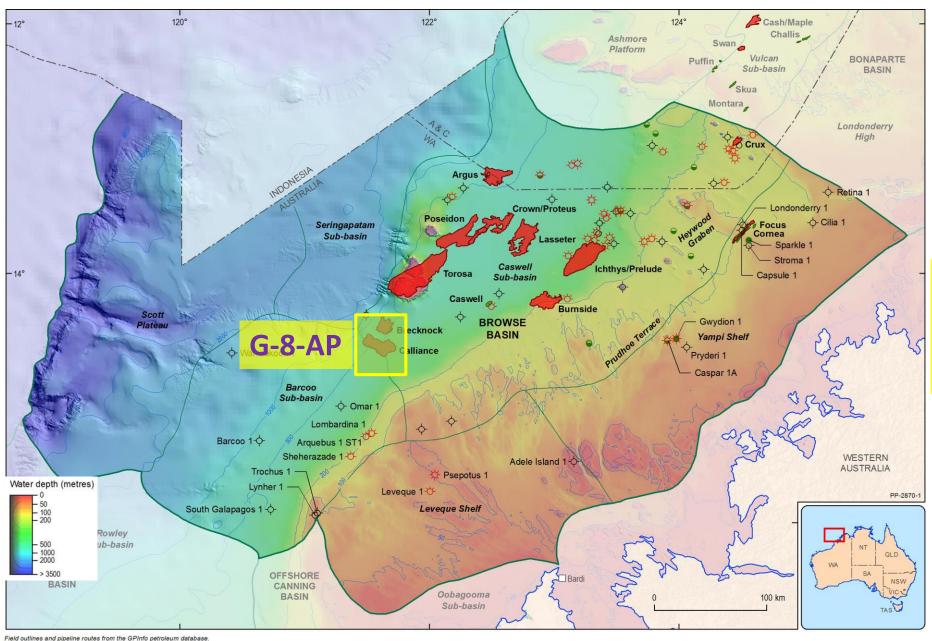
- First well, Lynher-1, drilled in 1970, encountered good quality reservoirs (porosity 19-23%) in Jurassic sediments
- Subsequent drilling between 1980 to 1993 confirmed presence of gas-prone petroleum system, but no commercial success
- Main target, Plover Fm, only present in thin Jurassic interval, thick Cretaceous remains largely untested

#### Barcoo Sub-basin: Release area W22-3



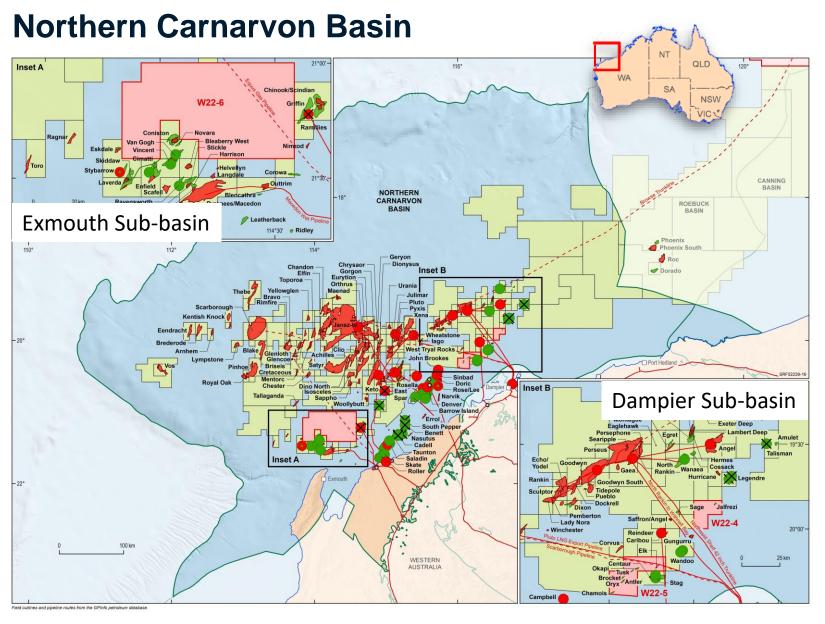
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#### **Browse Basin**



Bids received for greenhouse gas storage areas in Caswell Sub-basin

Woodside Energy awarded G-8-AP (\$ 4.5 million guaranteed work program)



- Up to 15km thick succession of Paleozoic,
  Mesozoic and Cenozoic sediments
- Dominated by deltaic to marginal marine siliciclastics and shelfal carbonates
- In 2022, only three areas released in two inboard mature sub-basins
- Access to both oil and gas-prone petroleum systems

Gas produced: 36.63 Tcf

**Gas remaining: 94.72 Tcf (2P + 2C)** 

Oil produced: 2,021 MMbbl

Oil remaining: 512.2 MMbbl (2P + 2C)

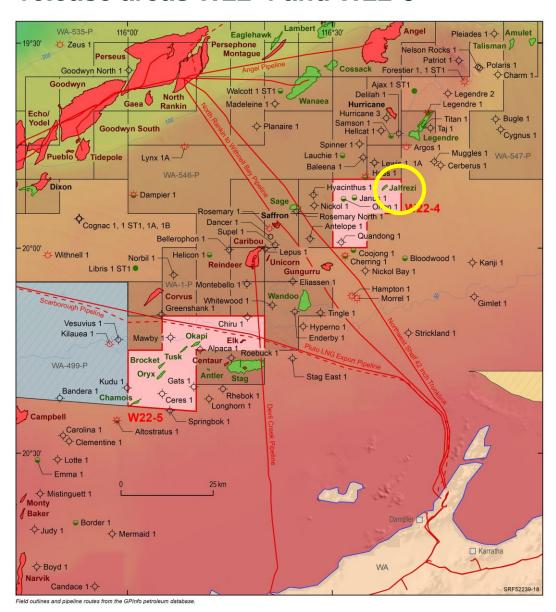
Condensate produced: 1,116 MMbbl Condensate remaining: 902.5 MMbbl

(Geoscience Australia, 2022)



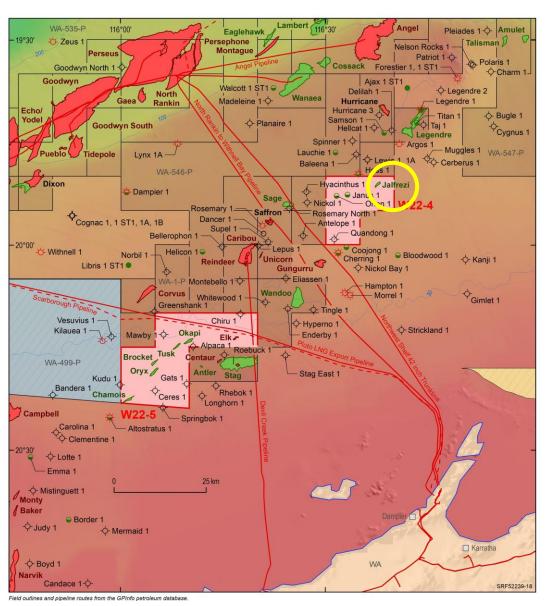
Field decommissioning commenced

# Dampier Sub-basin: release areas W22-4 and W22-5

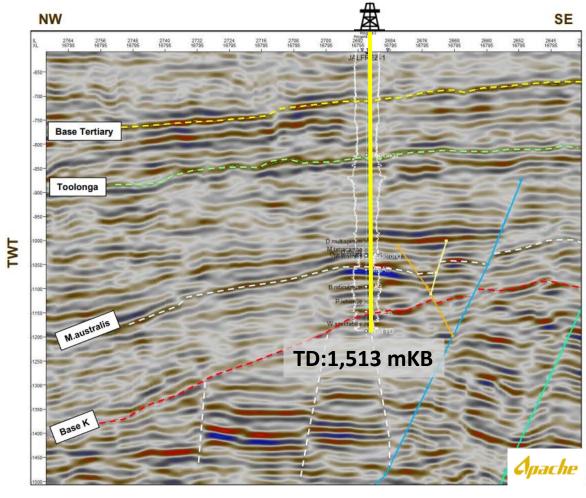


- Triassic, Jurassic and Lower Cretaceous sedimentary sequences
- Shift from Triassic lower coastal plain environments to marginal marine during Jurassic
- Access to both oil and gas-prone petroleum systems
- Multiple plays successfully tested:
  - Upper Triassic (Mungaroo delta system)
  - Mid-U. Jurassic (Athol Formation, deep marine fan system)
  - Cretaceous (M. australis sandstone), shallow marine sandstones

# Dampier Sub-basin: release areas W22-4 and W22-5

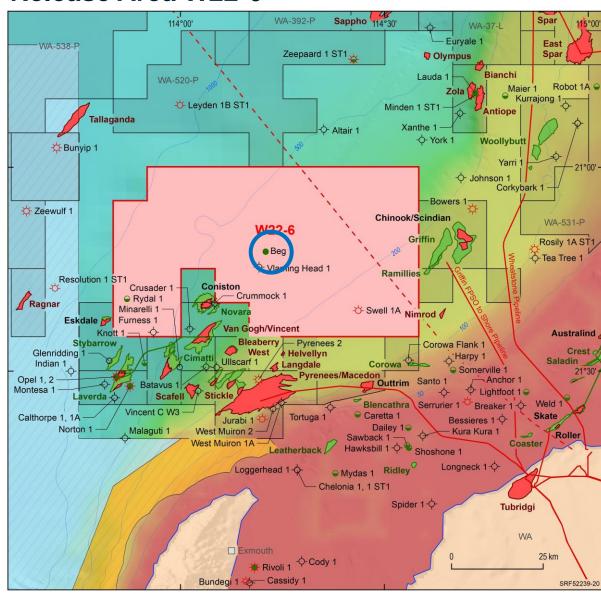






- *M. australis* objective
- Net gas pay of 12.7 m directly overlying 2.9m net oil pay
- Excellent reservoir facies (up to 28% porosity and permeabilities between 5.7 and 3,270mD)

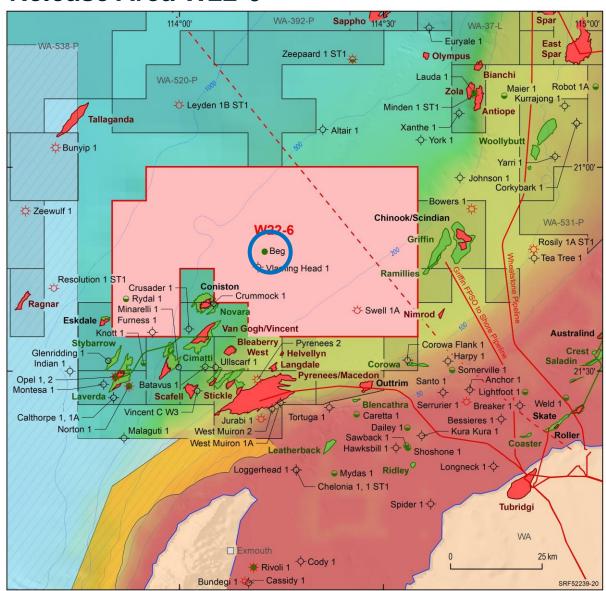
# **Exmouth Sub-basin:** Release Area W22-6



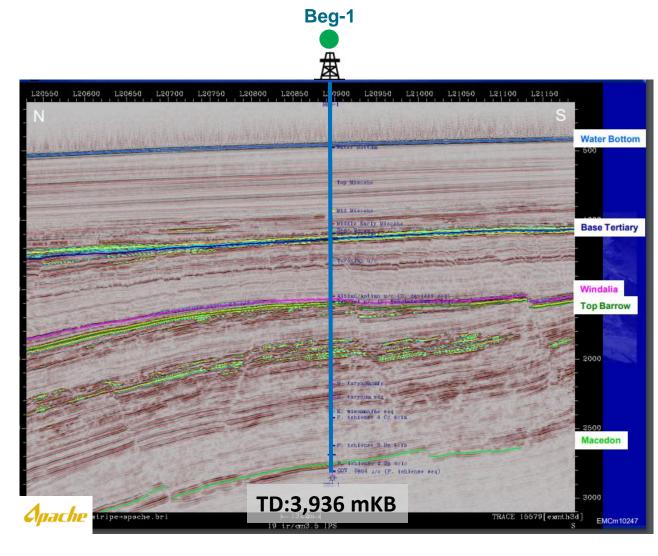
Field outlines and pipeline routes from the GPInfo petroleum database

- Pre-rift deposition represented by Permian to Lower Triassic sediments
- Main oil-prone source rock is Dingo Claystone (Upper Jurassic)
- Reservoirs in Barrow Group and Dupuy Sandstone (uppermost Jurassic)
- Muderong Shale (Lower Cretaceous) is regional seal
- Release Area located to the north of producing region and is largely underexplored with only five wells providing geological control
- Oil discovery at Beg-1

# **Exmouth Sub-basin:** Release Area W22-6

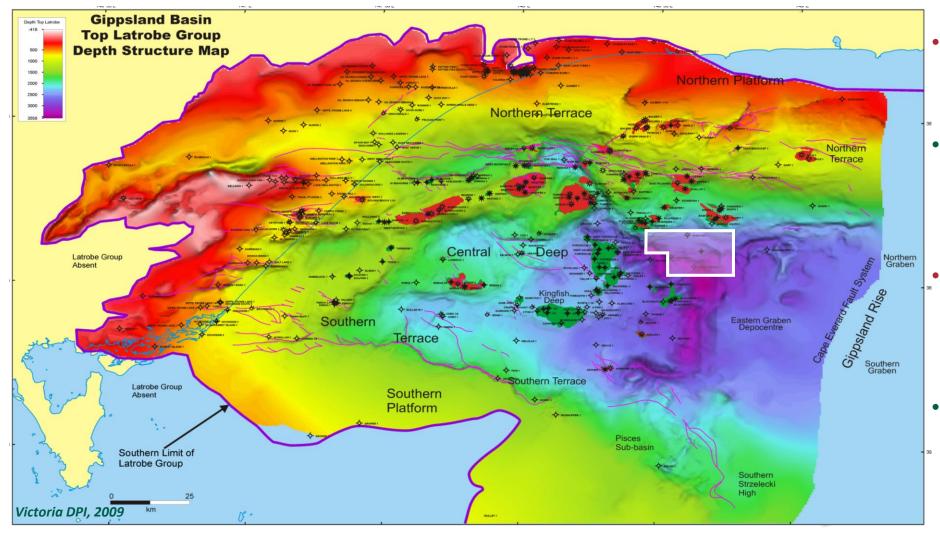






- Tested stratigraphic trap in L. Cretaceous ("Macedon Fm")
- Small oil column of 1.9m (12.3 % porosity; 58% water saturation)
- Confirming northward extent of oil-play

#### **Gippsland Basin**



- World class oil gas province with continued oil and gas production since 1970
- Wide-ranging untested exploration targets, especially in the east and along the basin flanks
- New permit awards in recent years indicate that the basin has maintained its attractiveness
- Opportunity to add extra gas volumes to SE-Australia market

Gas produced: 10.73 Tcf

Gas remaining: 4.76 Tcf (2P + 2C)

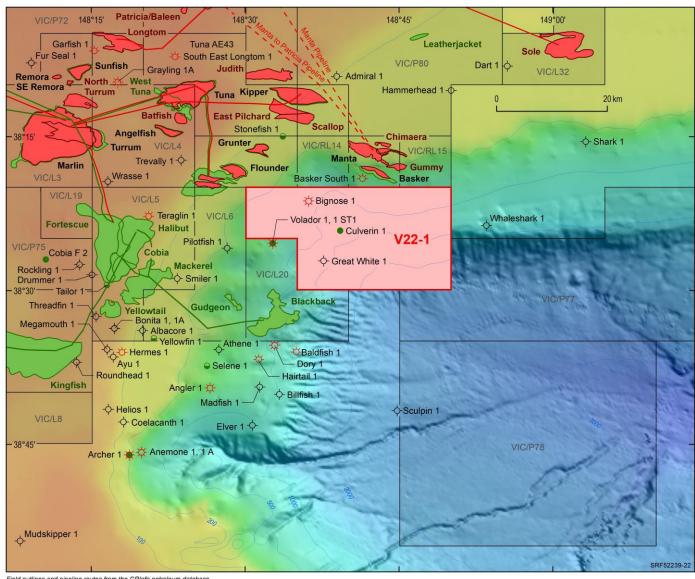
Crude oil produced: 3,850 MMbbl

Crude oil remaining: 96.2 MMbbl (2P + 2C)

Condensate produced: 280.1 MMbbl Condensate remaining: 90.0 MMbbl

(Geoscience Australia, 2022)

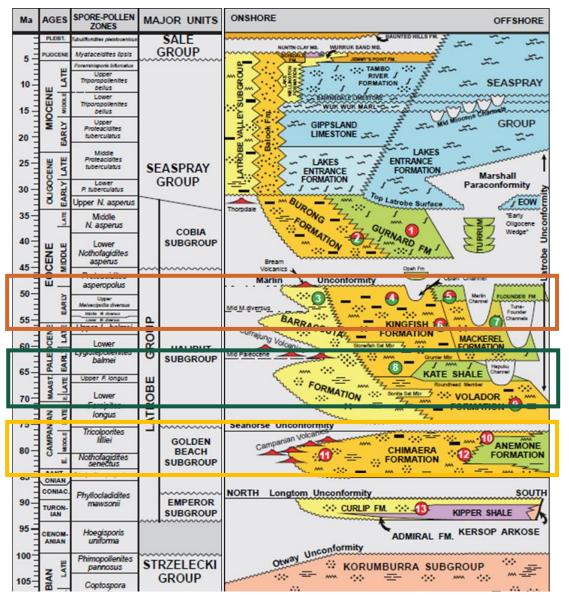
#### Gippsland Basin: Release Area V22-1



- 7 graticular blocks in the eastern Central Deep, straddling the western flank of the Bass Canyon (200 - 2,000 m water depth)
- Adjacent to previously producing Basker/Manta oil and gas field
- Release area offers access to three main petroleum systems:
  - Top-Latrobe/Eocene (Blackback equivalent, oil)
  - Intra-Latrobe/Maastrichtian/Paleocene (Culverin, oil; Volador, oil and gas)
  - Golden Beach/Campanian (Basker/Manta; gas and oil)

Field outlines and pipeline routes from the GPInfo petroleum database.

#### Gippsland Basin: Release Area V22-1

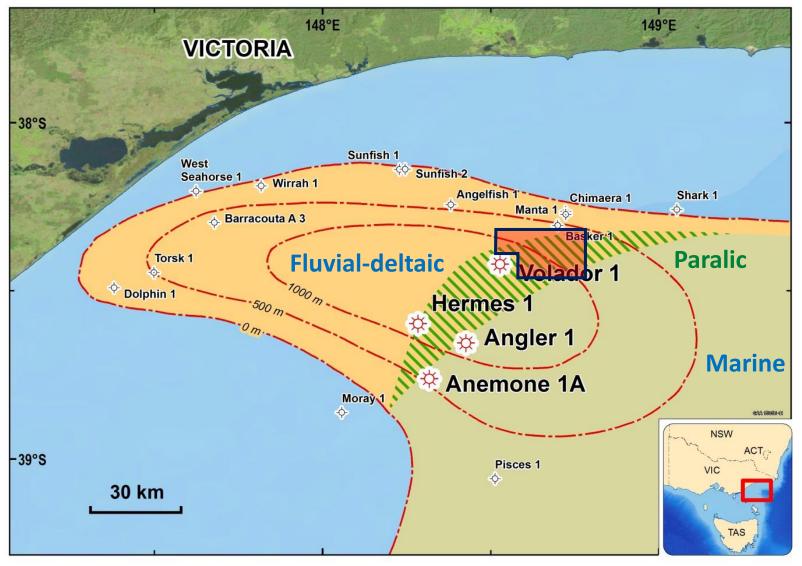


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Bernecker & Partridge, 2001

#### **Gippsland Basin:**

#### Late Campanian Palaeogeography Golden Beach Subgroup (T. lilliei)



- Golden Beach Subgroup deposited during Campanian, following opening of Tasman Sea (approx. 90 mio years ago)
- Well control limited to flanks of Central Deep
- First marine incursion recorded by Angler and Anemone
- Release Area located within paralic transition zone between fluvial-deltaic (coastal plain) and shallow marine environments
- Indication of marine source rocks presence in the east
- Uncertainty regarding source rock contribution from deeper (older) lacustrine facies ('Kipper Shale")

Bernecker & Partridge, 2001

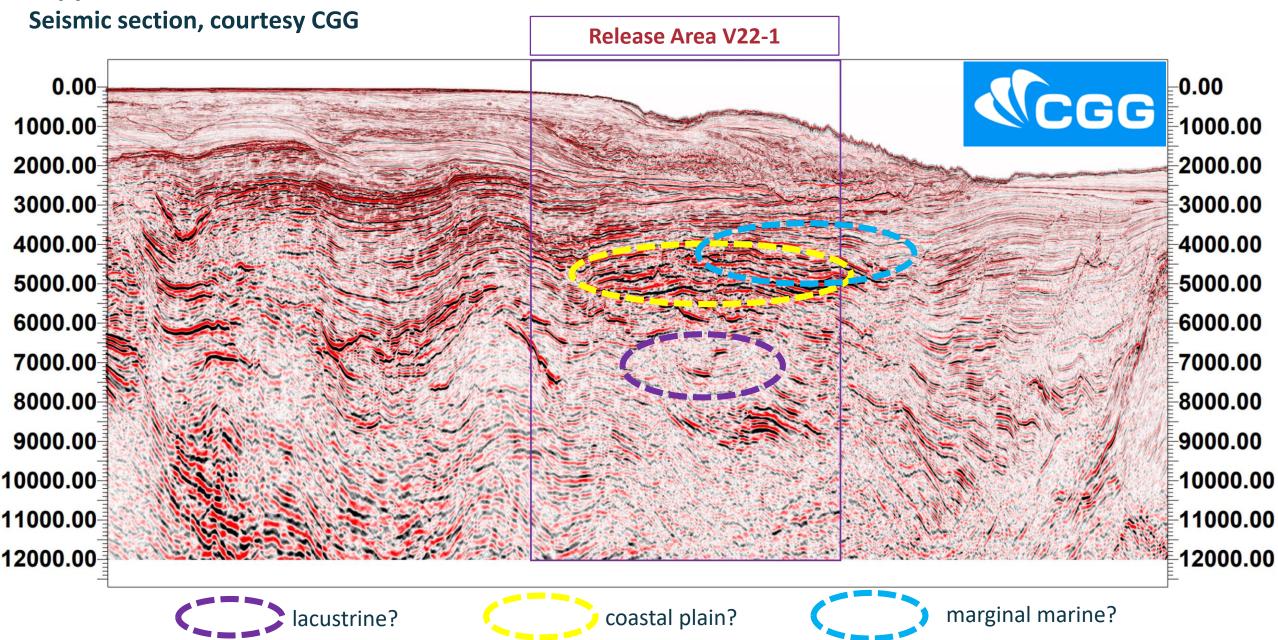
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#### **Gippsland Basin:**



#### **Summary**

- The 2022 offshore acreage release offers 10 new areas for oil & gas exploration
- The release areas include a large gas field (Argus, Caswell Sub-basin) and several small oil accumulations in the Dampier Sub-basin
- Release areas in the Malita Graben and Barcoo-Sub-basin are underexplored
- Release Area in the Gippsland Basin offers untested targets in deeper section (Golden Beach Sub-group)

Closing date for bid submission: Thursday, 2 March 2023

#### Data access and further information



